

E66 720

Advanced Analog IC Design

March 15, 2016

Lecture 16

Voltage is a series-shunt

OUTPUT MIXING

TIA,  $R = \frac{V}{I}$

shunt,  $V_{out}$

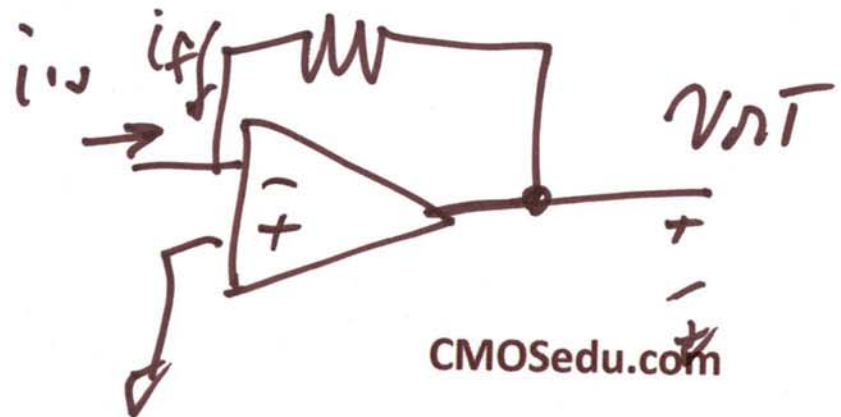
shunt-shunt

series,  $i_{out}$

shunt,  $V_{out}$

$\frac{V}{V}$

series,  $i_{out}$



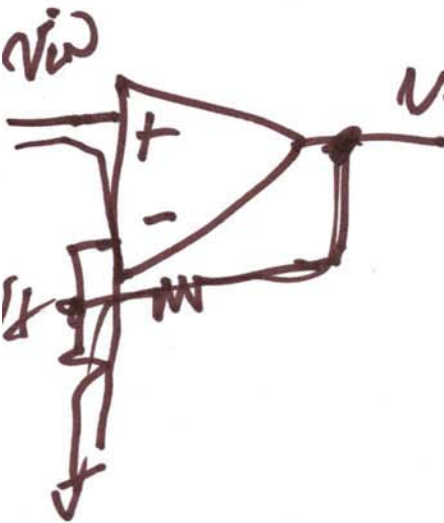
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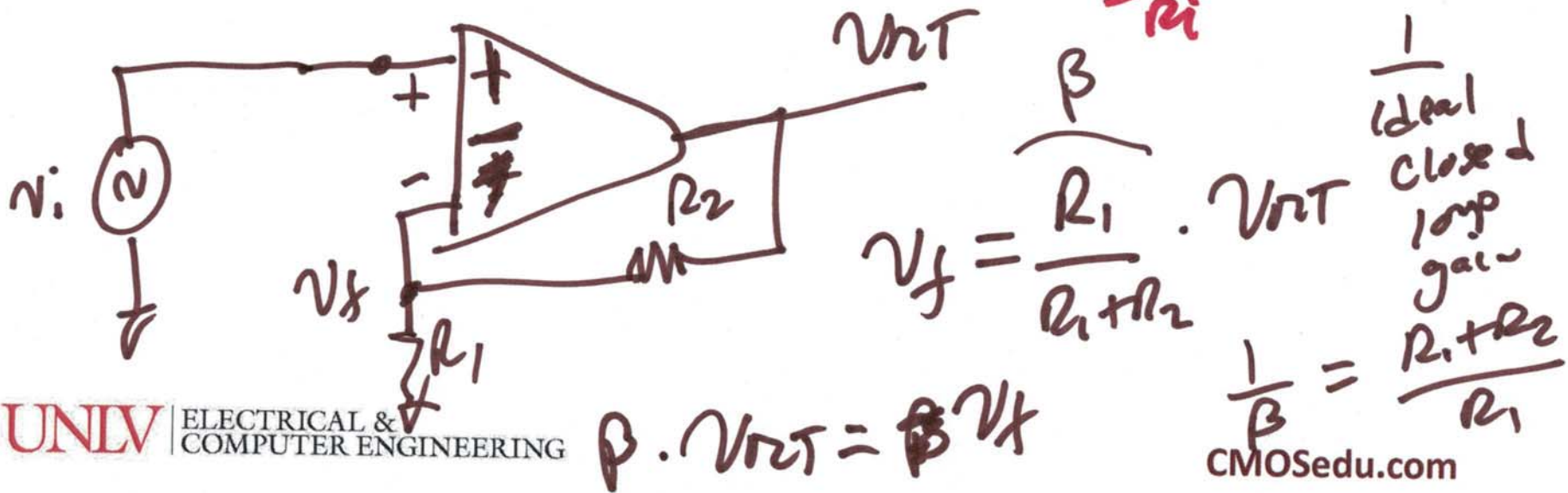
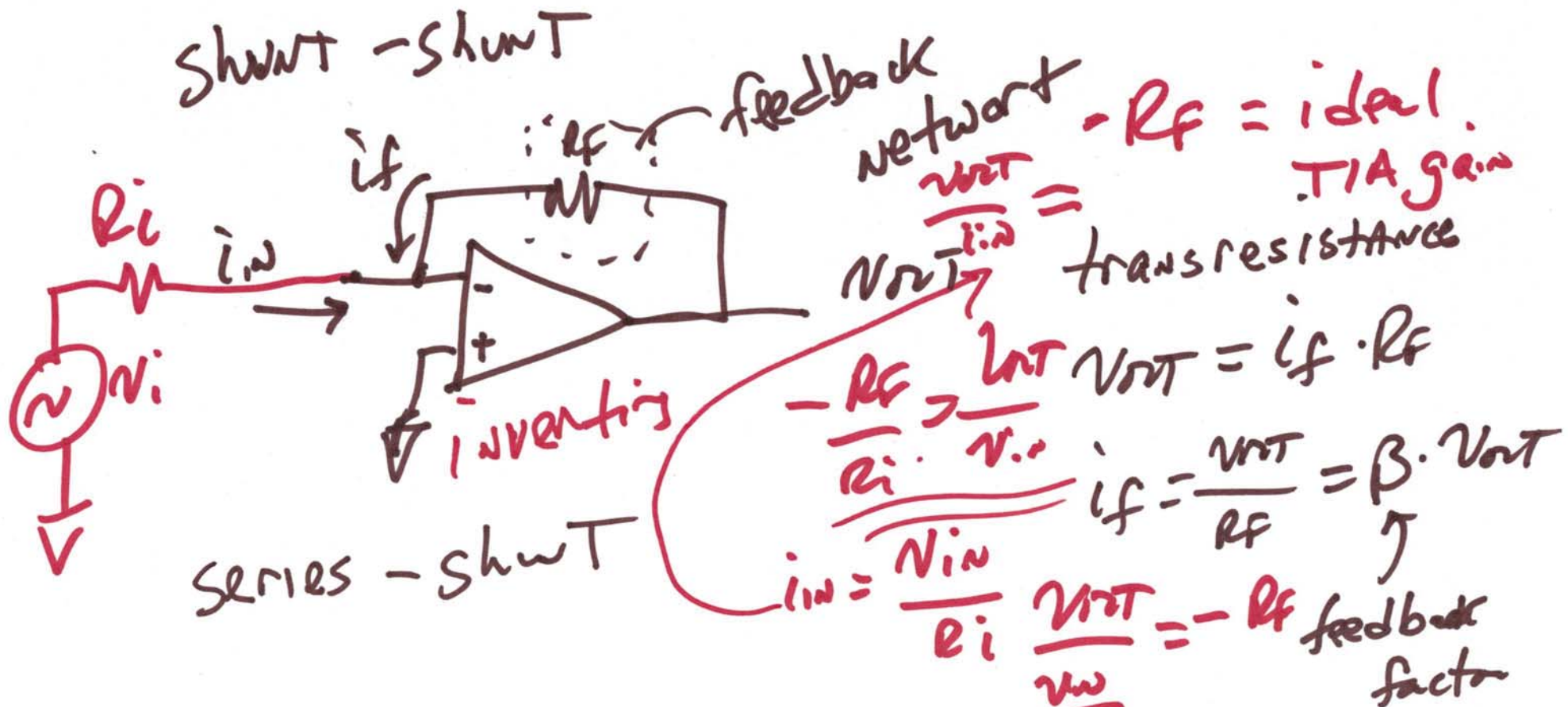
INPUT MIXING  
shunt,  $V_{in}$

shunt,  $i_{in}$

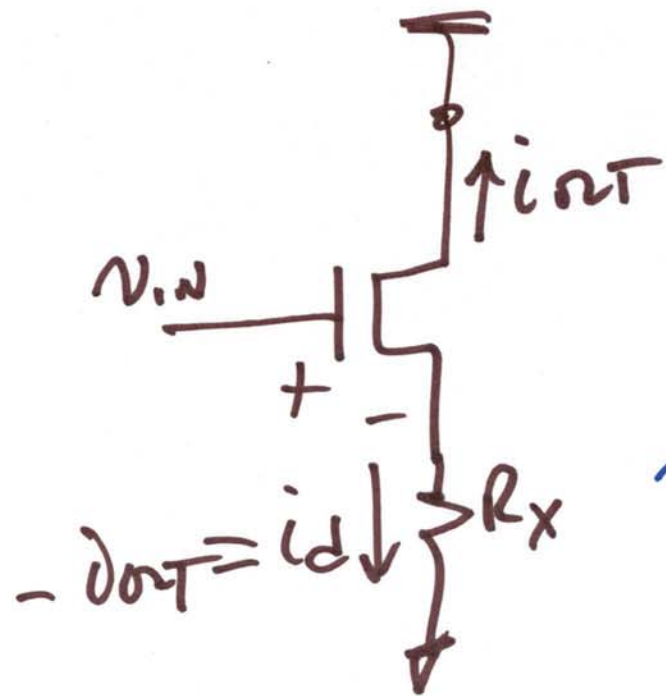
series,  $V_{in}$

series,  $V_{in}$





2)

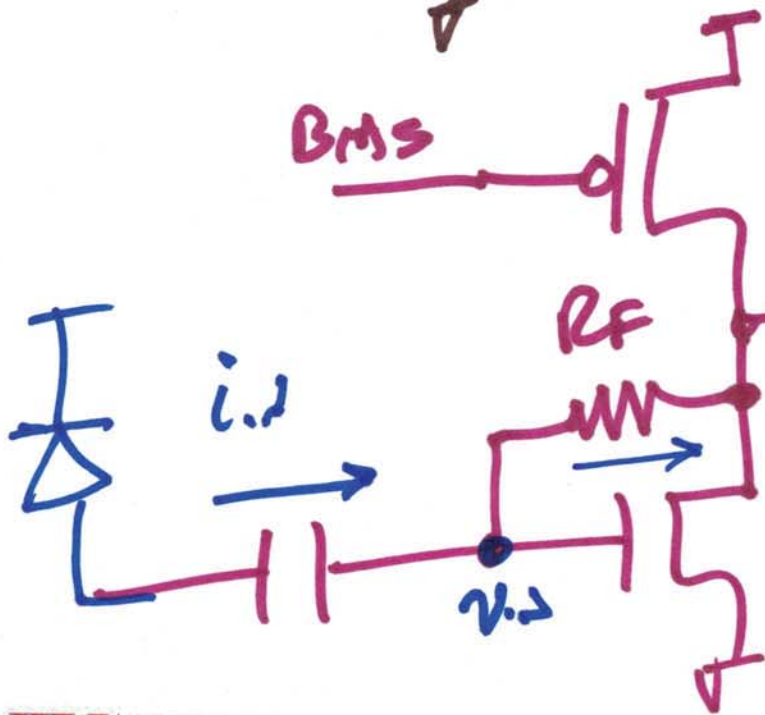


series-series  $i_{out}$   
 $v_{in}$  f.b.  $v_{out}$

transconductance  
 And

$$\frac{v_{in} - v_{out}}{R_F} = i_{in}$$

$$\frac{i_{out}}{v_{in}} = R_x + \frac{1}{g_m}$$



$$v_{in} = v_{gs}$$

$$i_d = g_m v_{in} \approx R_x$$

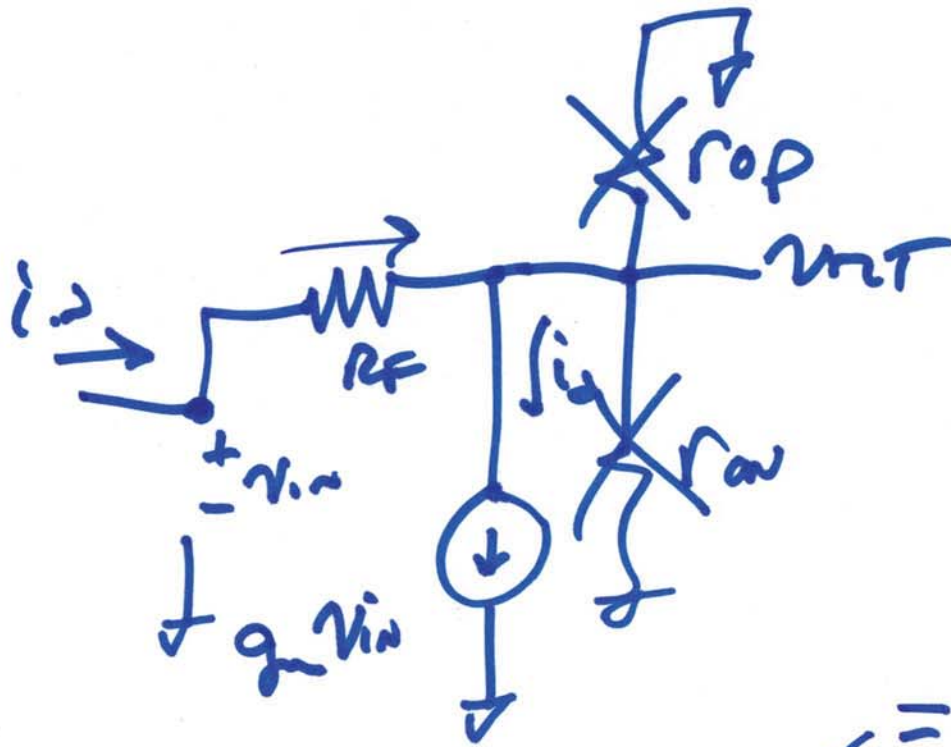
$$| + R_x \gg \frac{1}{g_m} |$$

short short  
 $i_{in}$   $v_{out}$

TIA

3)





$$\text{gain} = \frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}}$$

$$\frac{v_{in} - v_{out}}{R_F} = i_{in}$$

$$= i_d = g_m v_{in}$$

$$R_F \ll r_{oup} \parallel r_{on}$$

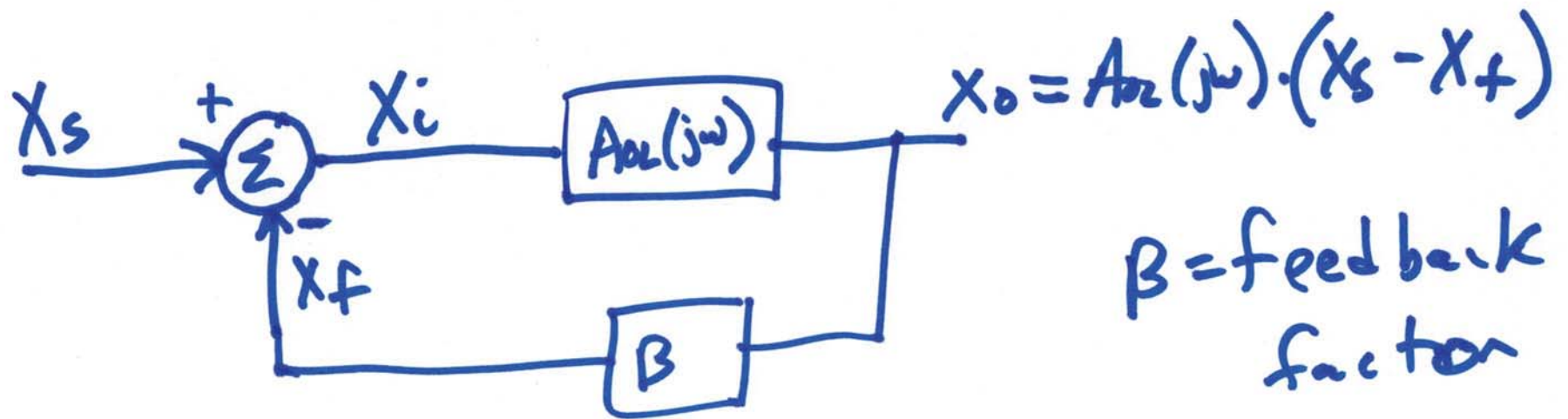
$$\frac{i_{in}}{g_m} - v_{out} = i_{in} \cdot R_F$$

$$-v_{out} = i_{in} \left( R_F + \frac{1}{g_m} \right) \rightarrow i_{in} = g_m v_{in}$$

$$\frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = - \left( R_F + \frac{1}{g_m} \right) \mu_o = \frac{i_{in}}{g_m}$$

if  $g_m = \text{big}$   $\frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} \approx -R_F$

4)



$\beta =$  feedback factor

$$X_i = X_s - X_f$$

$$X_o = A_{OL}(j\omega) \cdot (X_s - X_f)$$

$$X_o = A_{OL} \cdot X_s - X_f \cdot A_{OL}$$

$$X_o(1 + A_{OL}\beta) = \beta \cdot X_o \cdot A_{OL} \cdot X_s, \quad \frac{X_o}{X_s} = \frac{A_{OL}}{1 + \beta A_{OL}}$$

$$A_{OL} \rightarrow \infty \quad \frac{X_o}{X_s} = \frac{1}{\beta}$$

$$A_{CL} = 10, \beta = 0.1 = 10^{-1}$$

series-shunt

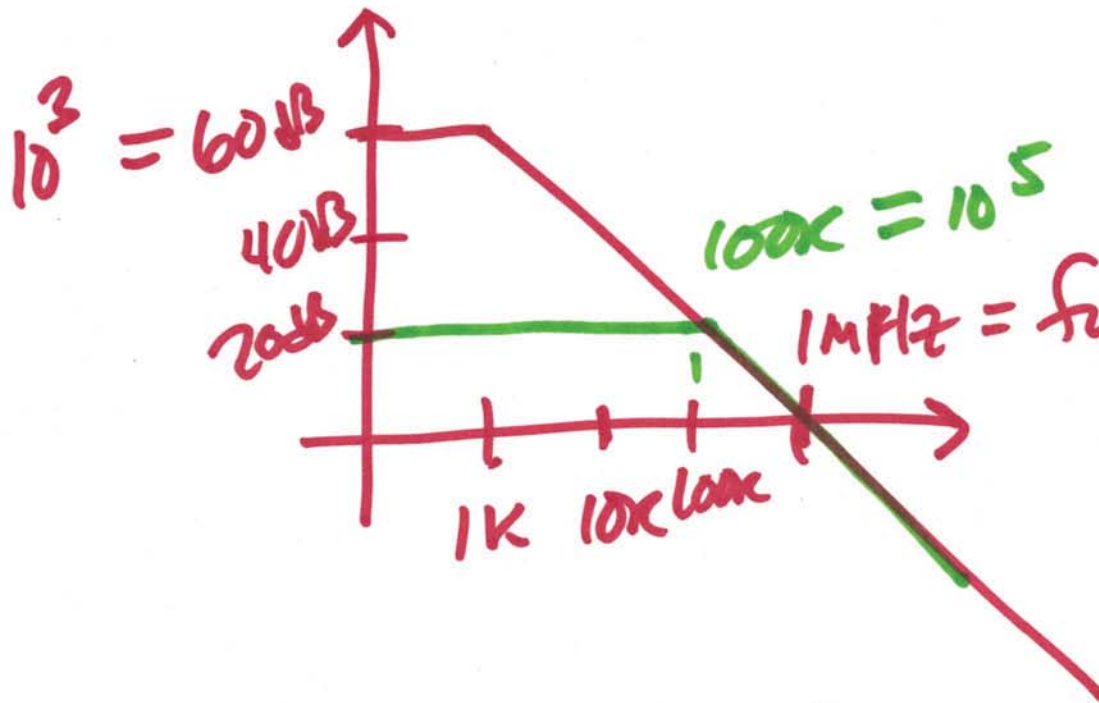
$$A_{CL} = \frac{2 \cdot 10^3}{1 + 2 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 10^{-1}} = \frac{A_{OL}}{1 + \beta A_{OL}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{0.001 + 0.1} = \frac{1}{0.101}$$

$$A_{OL} \text{ Gain desensitivity} = \frac{1}{0.1005}$$

# Bandwidth extension

$$A_{OL}(f) = \frac{A_{OLDC} \cdot 10^3}{1 + j \frac{f}{f_{3dB}}} \rightarrow 1 \text{ kHz}$$



$$A_{CL} = \frac{10^3}{1 + j \frac{f}{10^6}}$$

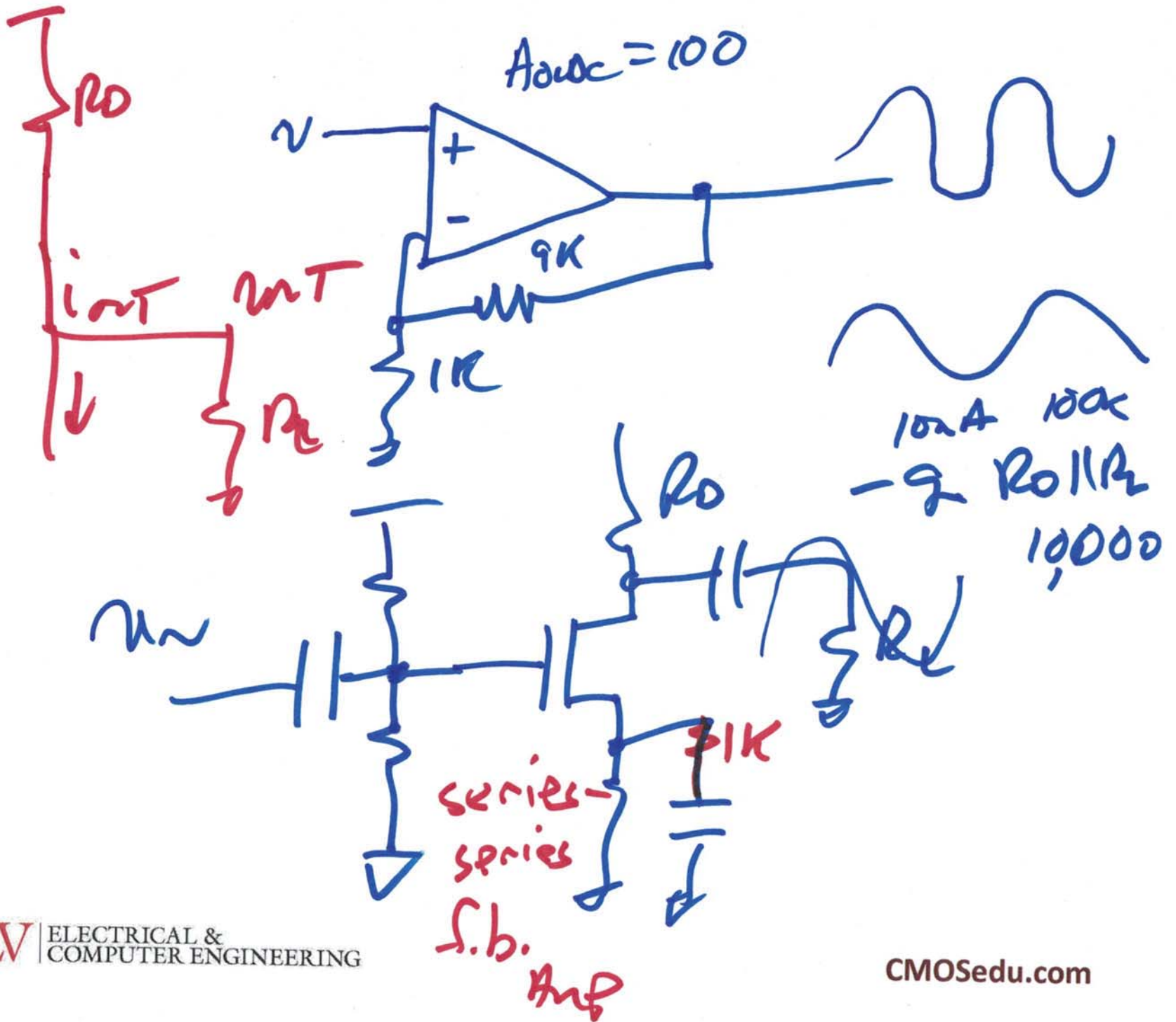
$$1 + 0.1 \cdot \frac{10^3}{1 + j \frac{f}{10^6}}$$

$$A_{CL} = \frac{1}{j \frac{f}{10^6} + 0.1}$$

$$= \frac{10}{1 + j \frac{f}{10^6}}$$

7)

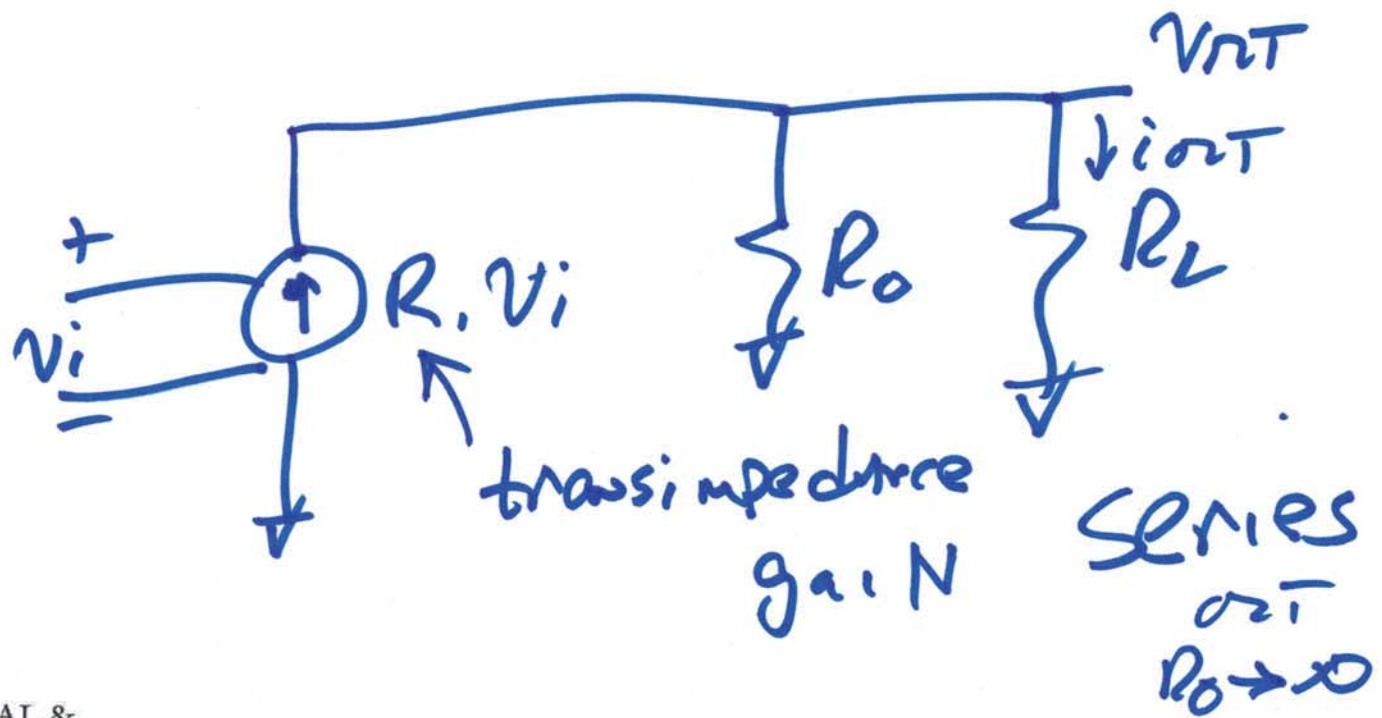
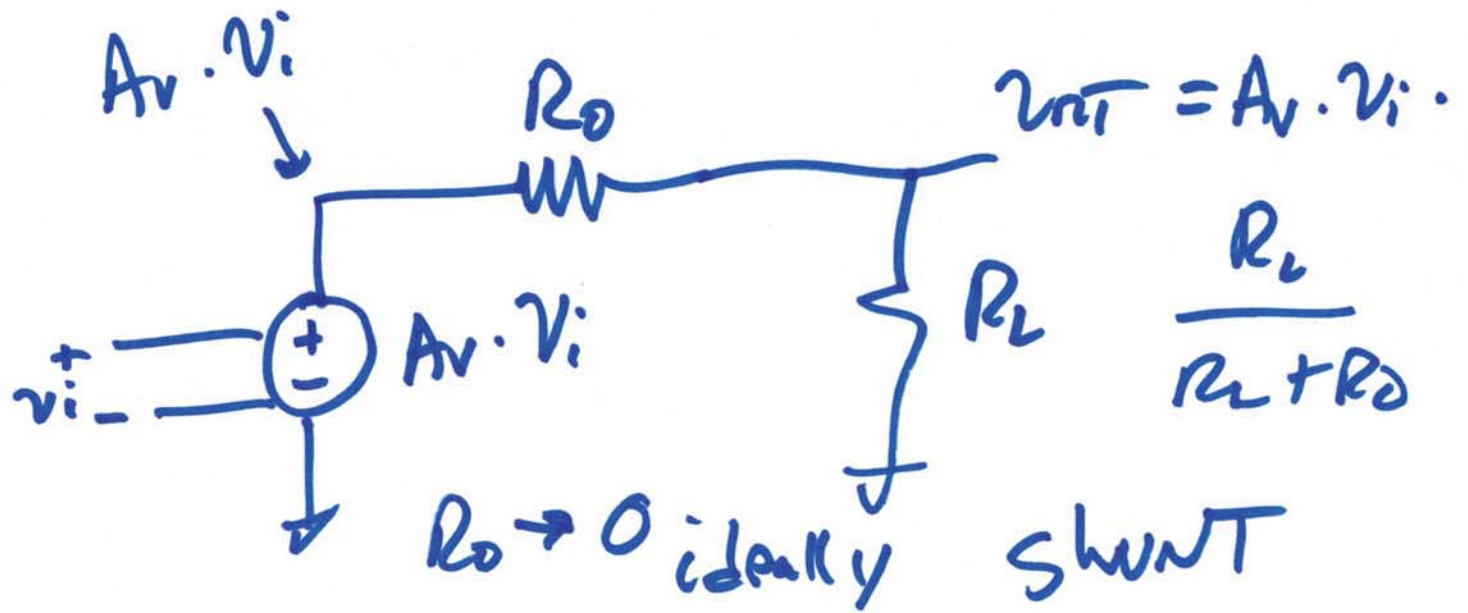




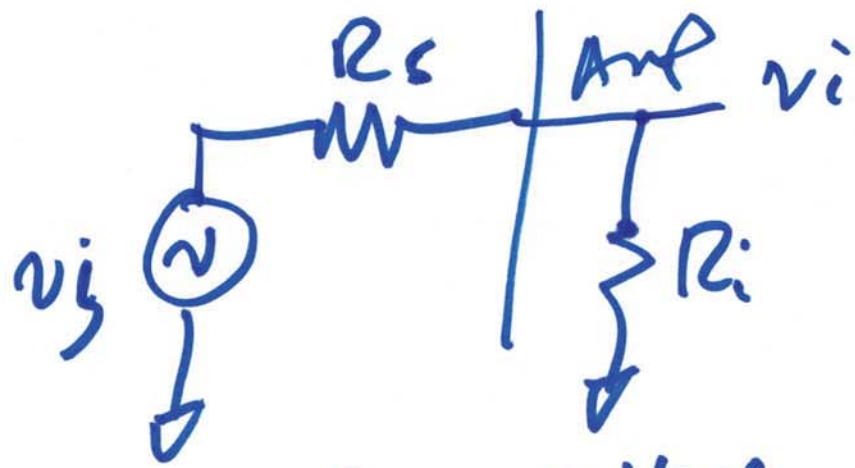
8)







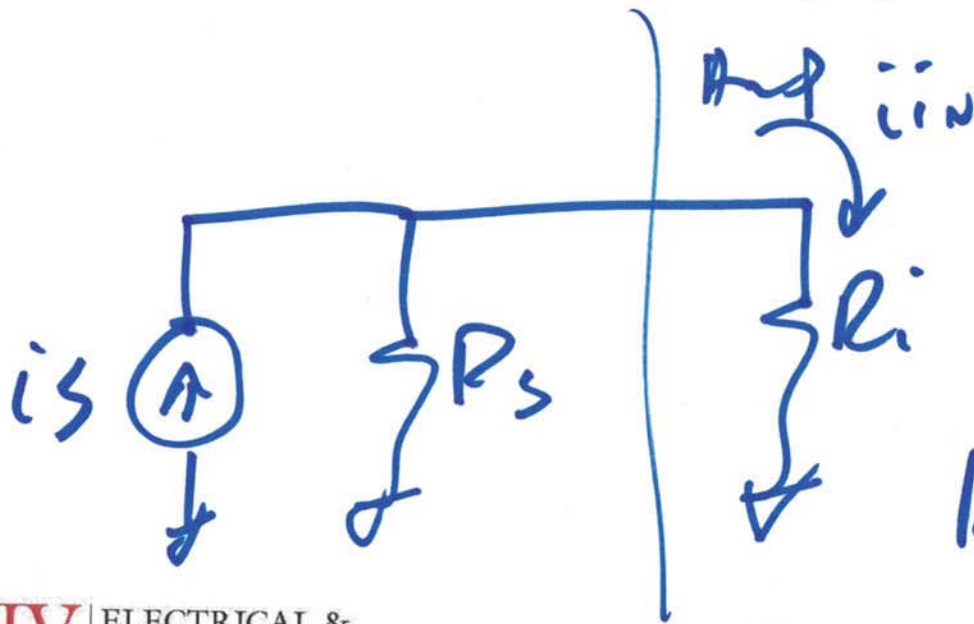
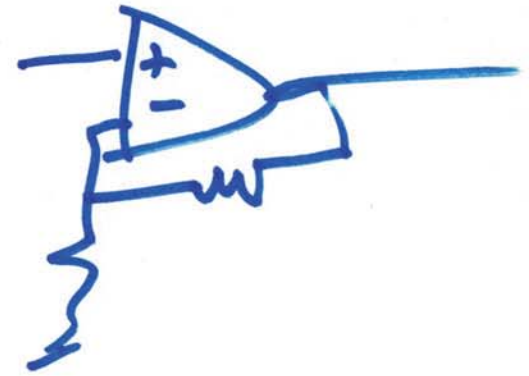
10)



INPUT is a voltage

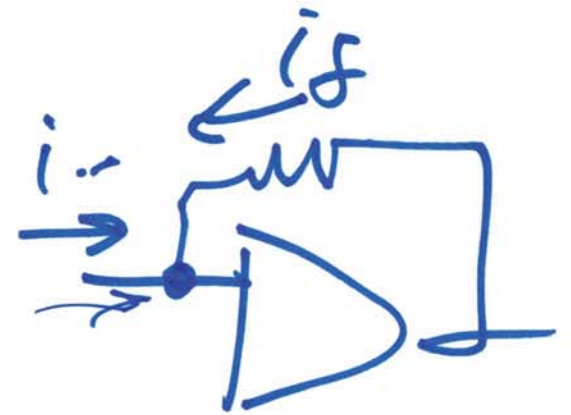
SERIES-INPUT MIXING

$$R_i \rightarrow \infty$$



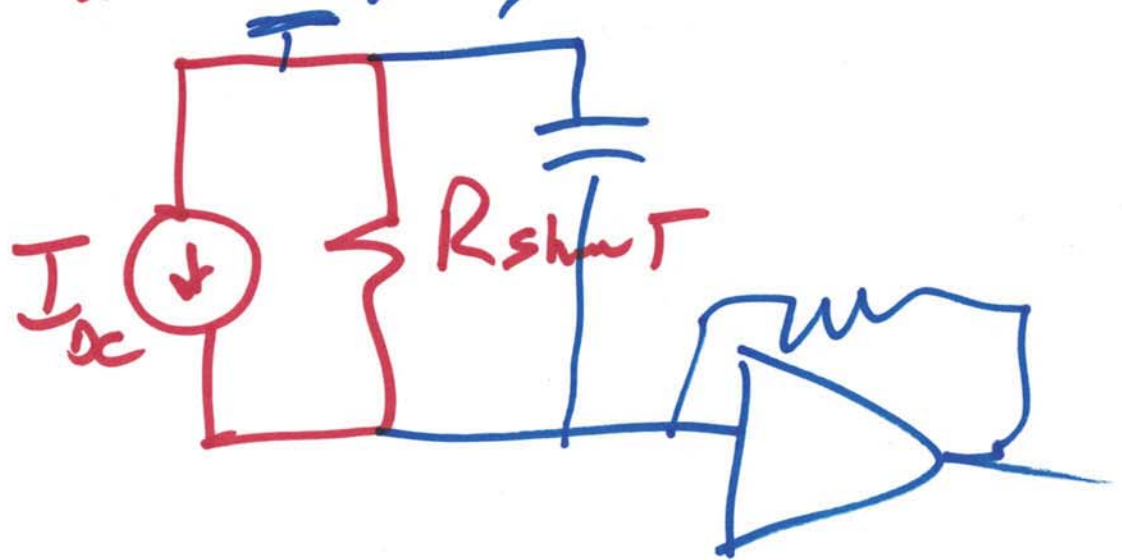
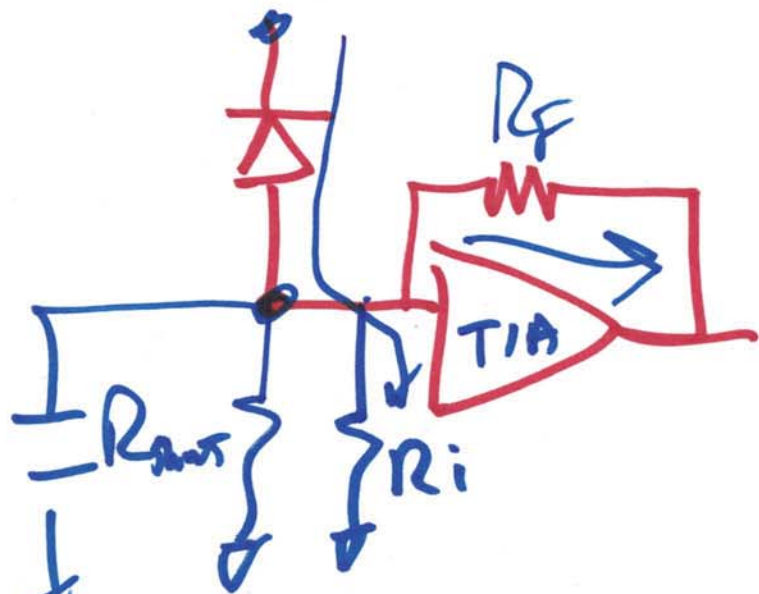
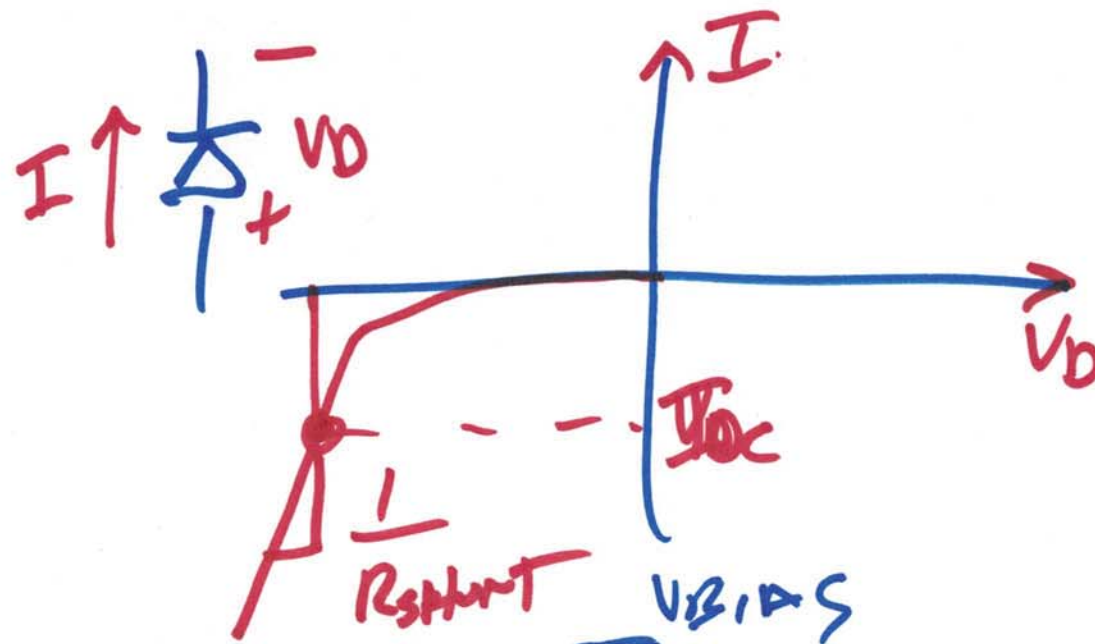
$$R_i \rightarrow 0$$

SHUNT, CURRENT INPUT



11)





$$i_T = \frac{v_T - \beta v_{out}}{R_i}$$

$$v_{out} = \underbrace{i_T \cdot R_i \cdot A_{OL}}_{v_i}$$

$$i_T \cdot R_i = v_T - \beta R_i A_{OL} \cdot i_T$$

$$\frac{v_T}{i_T} = R_i \left( 1 + \underbrace{\beta A_{OL}}_{\substack{10^3 \\ 10}} \right)$$

Loop gain

