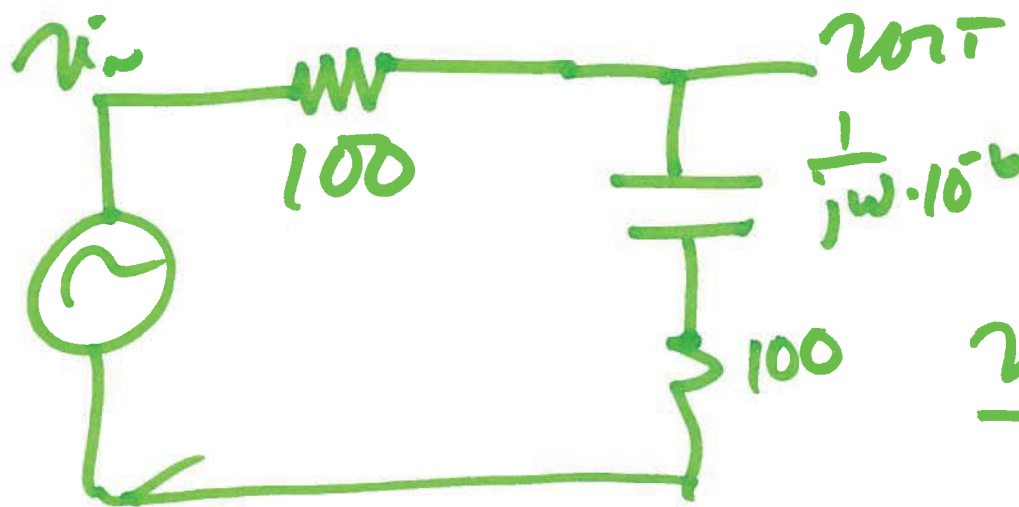


EE 220

Circuits 1

Lecture 26

Review for final

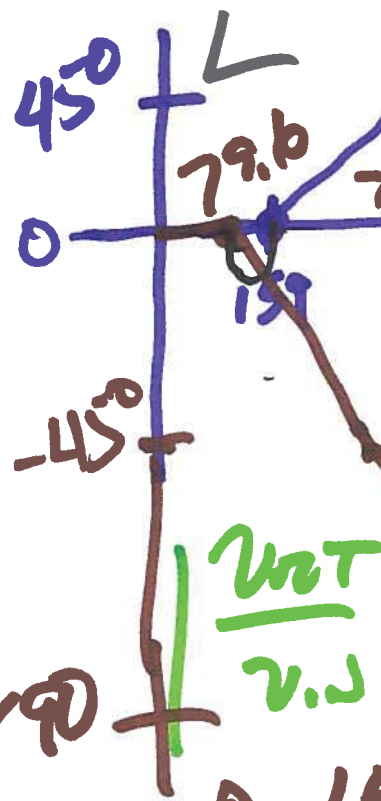


$$\frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = \frac{100 + \frac{1}{j\omega 10^{-6}}}{200 + \frac{1}{j\omega 10^{-6}}}$$

$$= \frac{1 + j\omega 100 \cdot 10^{-6}}{1 + j\omega 200 \cdot 10^{-6}}$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f$$

$$\frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = \frac{1 + j \cdot 2\pi f \cdot 100 \cdot 10^{-6}}{1 + j \cdot 2\pi f \cdot 200 \cdot 10^{-6}} = \frac{1 + j \frac{f}{1.59K}}{1 + j \frac{f}{796}}$$

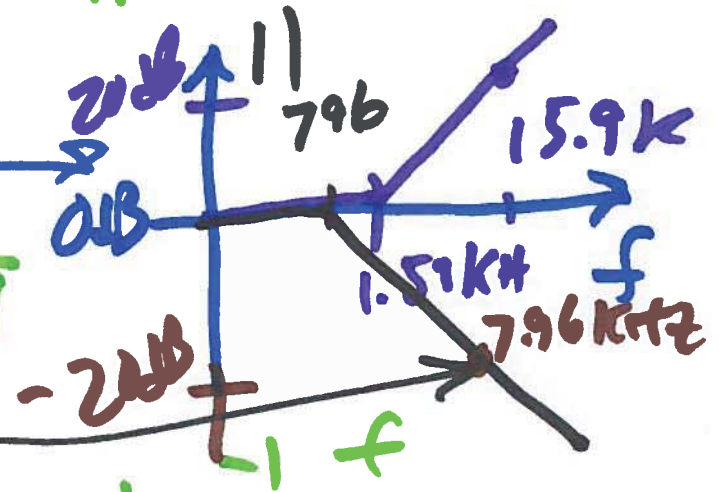


$$X = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 200 \cdot 10^{-6}} = 796 \text{ Hz}$$

$$2X = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 100 \cdot 10^{-6}} = 1.592 \text{ kHz}$$

$$\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{f}{1.59K}\right)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{f}{796}\right)^2}$$



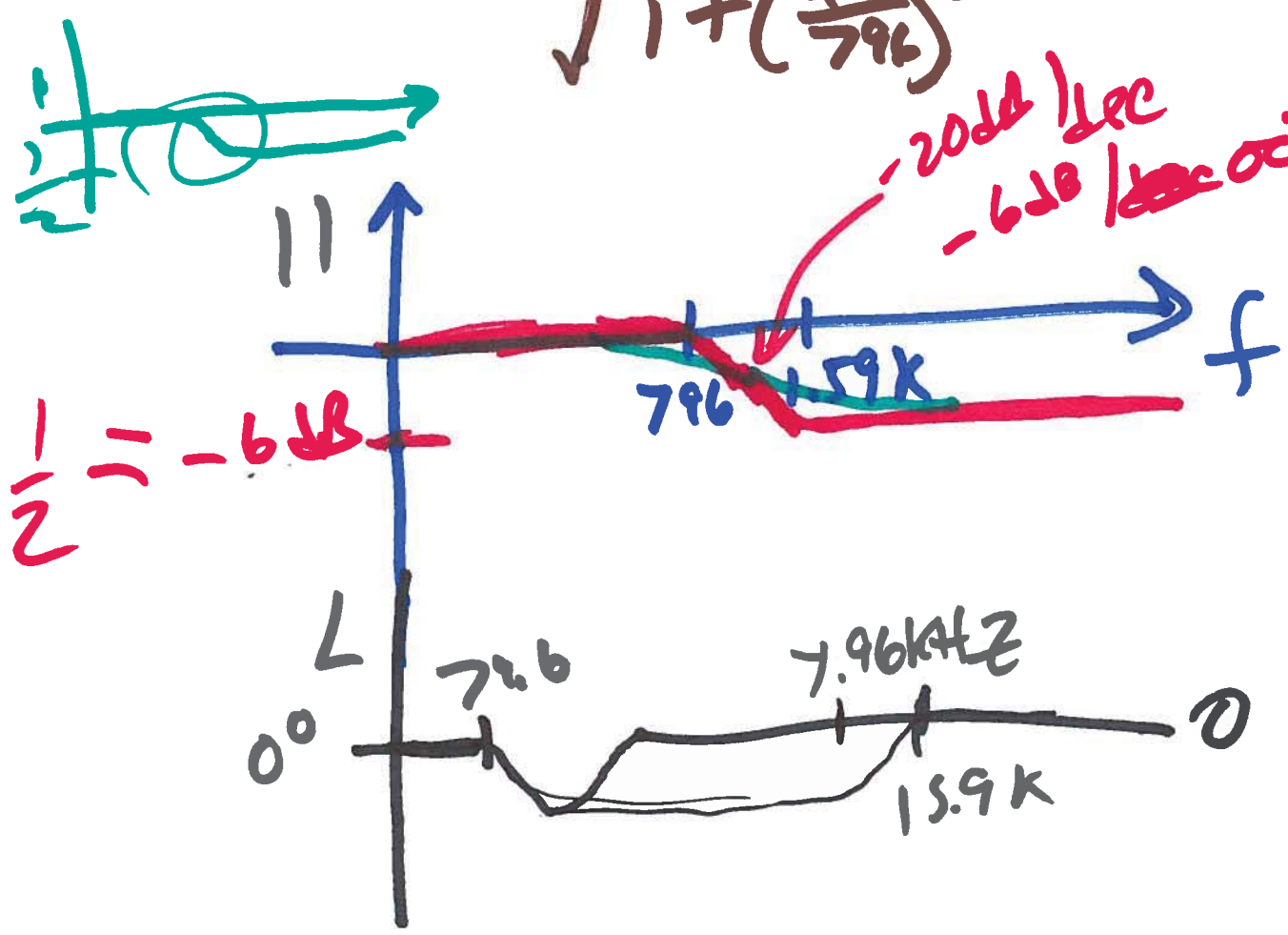
$$\left| \frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} \right| = \frac{A_1 \angle \theta_1}{A_2 \angle \theta_2}$$

$$\angle \tan^{-1} \frac{f}{1.59K} - \tan^{-1} \frac{f}{796}$$

2) A_1/A_2 $\angle \theta_1 - \theta_2$

$$\left| \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} \right| = \frac{\sqrt{1 + (f/1.59k)^2}}{\sqrt{1 + (f/796)^2}}$$

$$\angle \tan^{-1} \frac{f}{1.59k} - \tan^{-1} \frac{f}{796}$$



$\downarrow 10 \uparrow 10$
 $11 \quad f$
 $\downarrow \quad \uparrow 2$
 $2 \quad f$
 $11 \quad f$

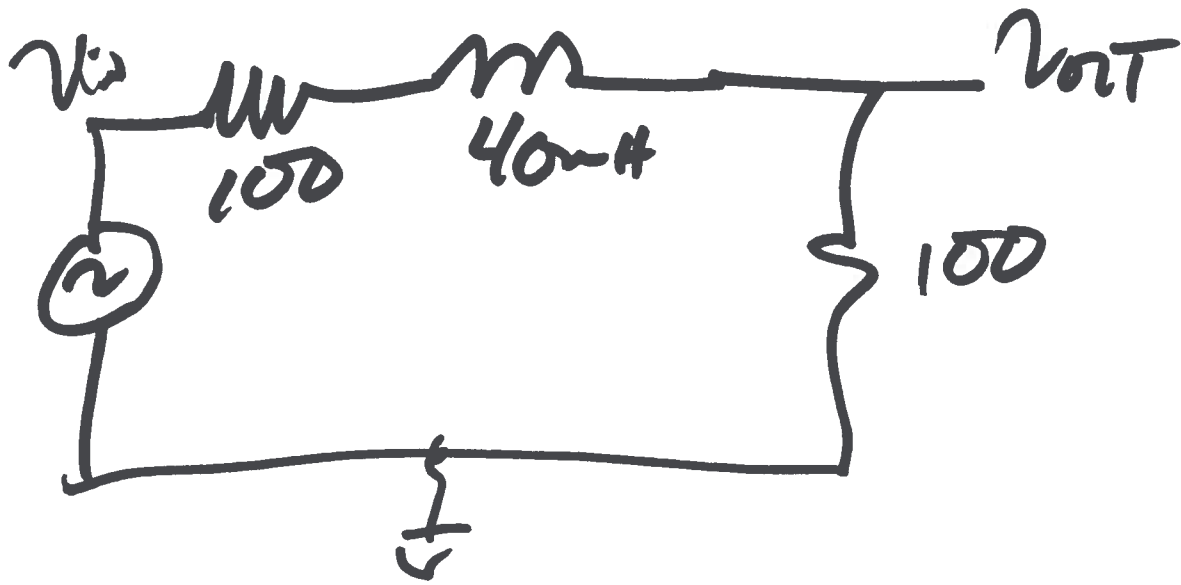
$$\frac{1}{2} = -6 \text{ dB}$$

$-6 \text{ dB} \rightarrow \div 2$
 $-20 \text{ dB} \rightarrow \div 10$
 $-3 \text{ dB} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
 $\times .707$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$-3 \text{ dB} + -3 \text{ dB} = -6 \text{ dB}$$

3)



$$f \cdot 6.28 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^{-2}$$

$$f \cdot 1.256 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$\frac{v_{out}}{v_s} = \frac{100}{200 + j \cdot 2\pi f \cdot 40 \cdot 10^{-3}}$$

$$\frac{1}{1.256 \cdot 10^{-3}} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1 + j \cdot 2\pi f \cdot 0.2 \cdot 10^{-3}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1 + j \cdot f \cdot 1.256 \cdot 10^{-3}} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1 + j \frac{f}{796}}$$

4)

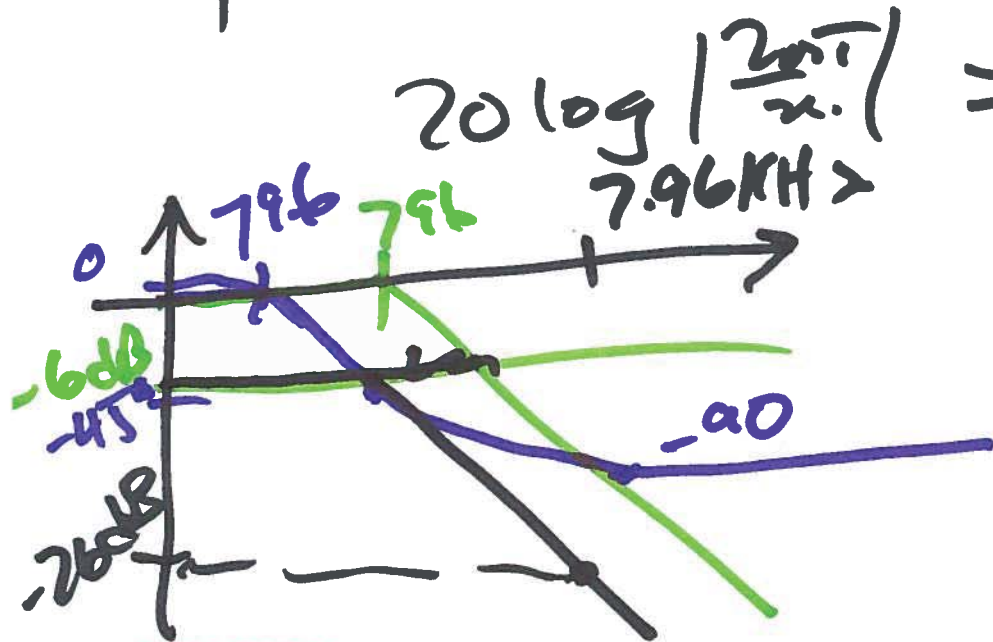
$$\frac{20V}{20V} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} + i0}{1 + i \frac{f}{796}} \Rightarrow \frac{\frac{1}{2} \angle 0^\circ}{\sqrt{1^2 + \left(\frac{f}{796}\right)^2} \angle \tan^{-1} \frac{f}{796}}$$



$$\left| \frac{20V}{20V} \right| = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{f}{796}\right)^2}} = 20 \log a - 20 \log b$$

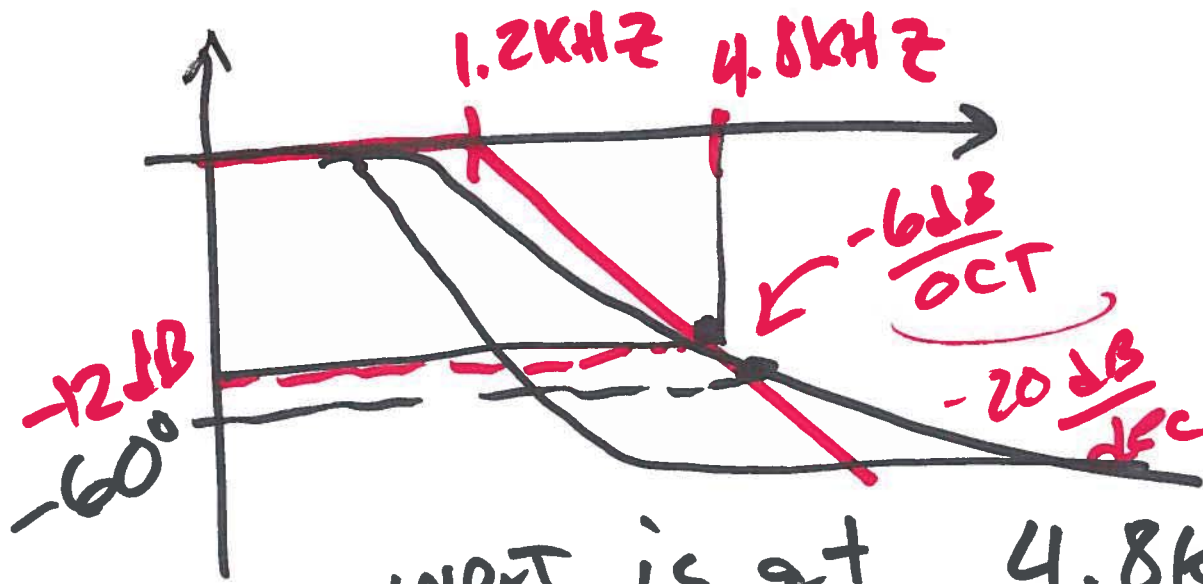
$$20 \log \frac{a}{b}$$

$$20 \log \left| \frac{20V}{20V} \right| = 20 \log \left| \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{f}{796}\right)^2}} \right| = 20 \log a + 20 \log \frac{1}{b}$$



$$= \underbrace{20 \log \frac{1}{2}}_{-6dB} + \underbrace{20 \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{f}{796}\right)^2}}}_{-6dB}$$

5)



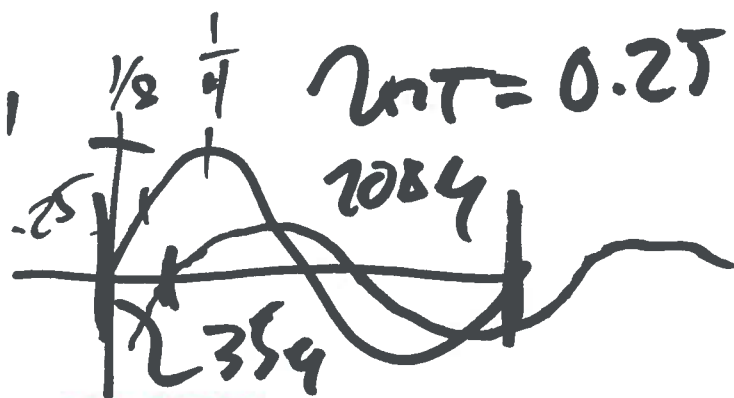
$$dB = 20 \log \frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}}$$

$$\frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = 10^{dB/20}$$

input is at 4.8 kHz V_{peak}

Sketch $v_{out} \in v_{in}$ of the plot

$$v_{in} = 1 \cdot \sin(2\pi \cdot 4.8k \cdot t)$$

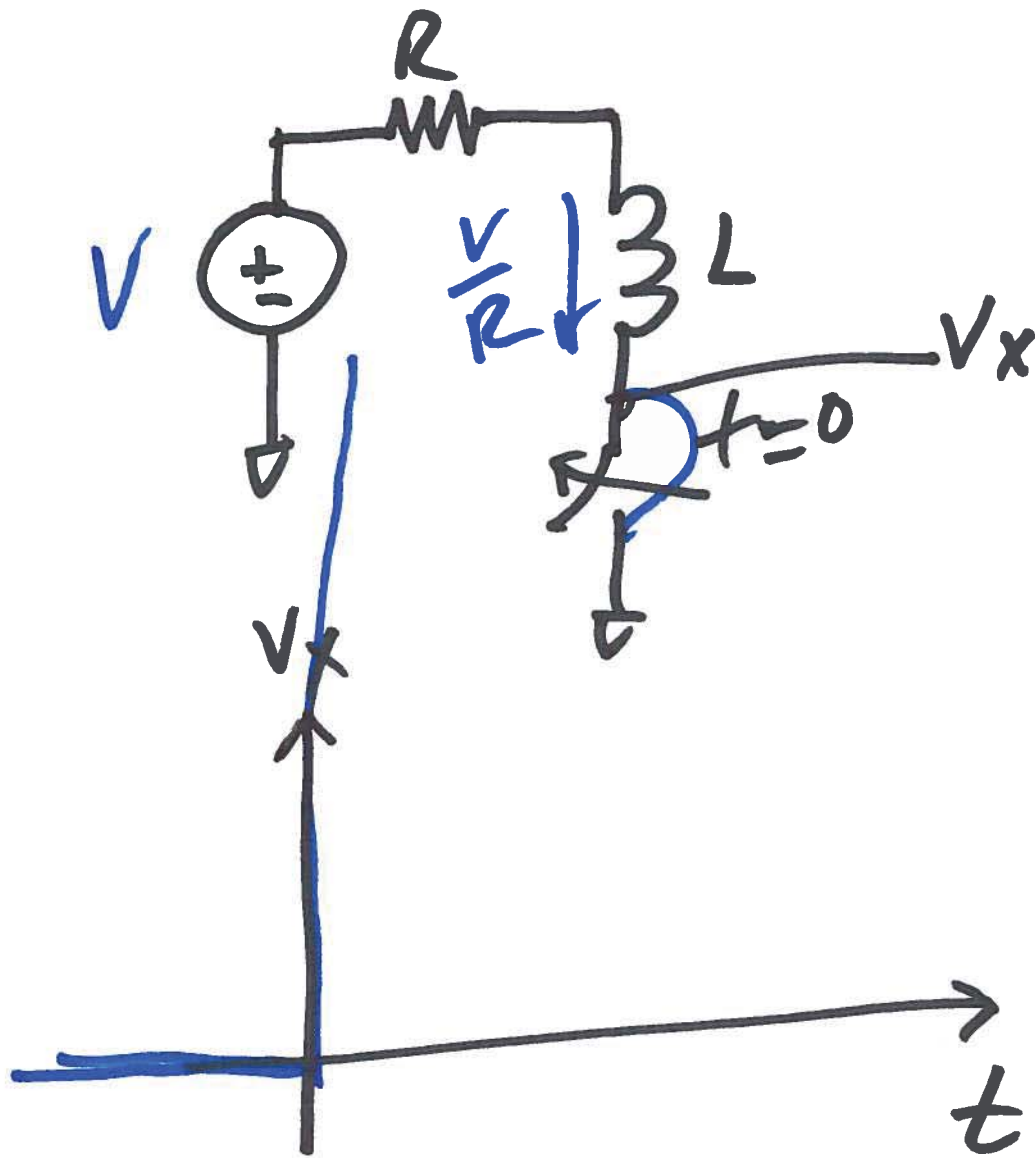


$$\theta = \frac{t_d}{T} \cdot 360 = t_d \cdot f \cdot 360$$

$$\frac{60}{4.8k\text{Hz} \cdot 360} = t_d = 354 \text{ ns}$$

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6)



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