

i.e.
id est
(that is)

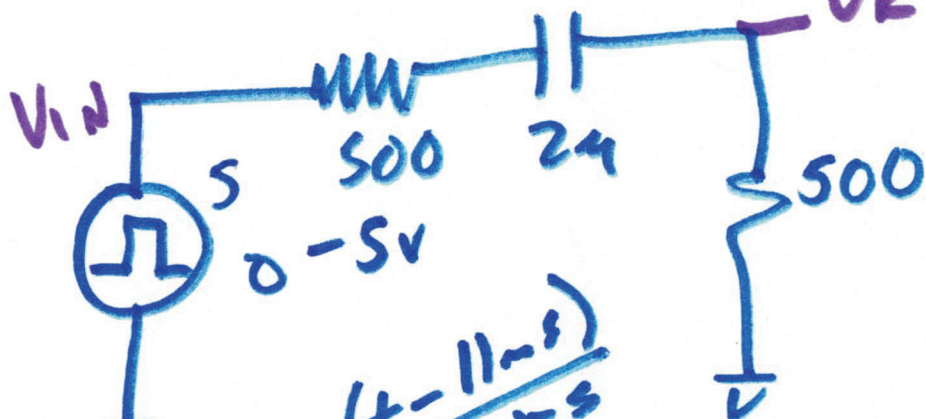
EE 220 circuits 1

Lecture 20

Nov. 3, 2021

$$v_R = v_{in} \cdot \frac{500}{500 + 500} = \frac{1}{2} v_{in}$$

$$\tau = 24(500 + 500) = 24 \mu s$$



$$v_i = -2.5$$

$$v_f = 0$$

$$v_R = -2.5 e^{-\frac{(t-11\mu s)}{24\mu s}}$$

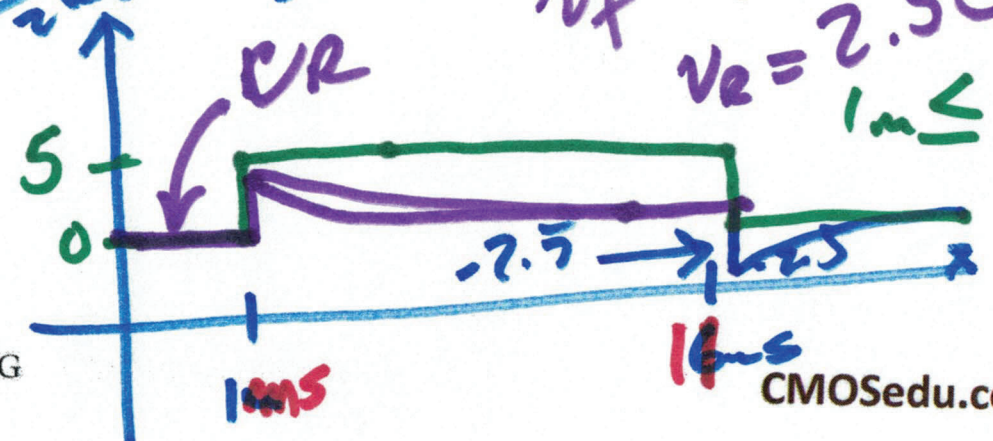
$$11\mu s \leq t$$

$$v_i = 7.5$$

$$v_f = 0$$

$$v_R = 2.5 e^{-\frac{(t-1\mu s)}{24\mu s}}$$

$$1\mu s \leq t < 11\mu s$$

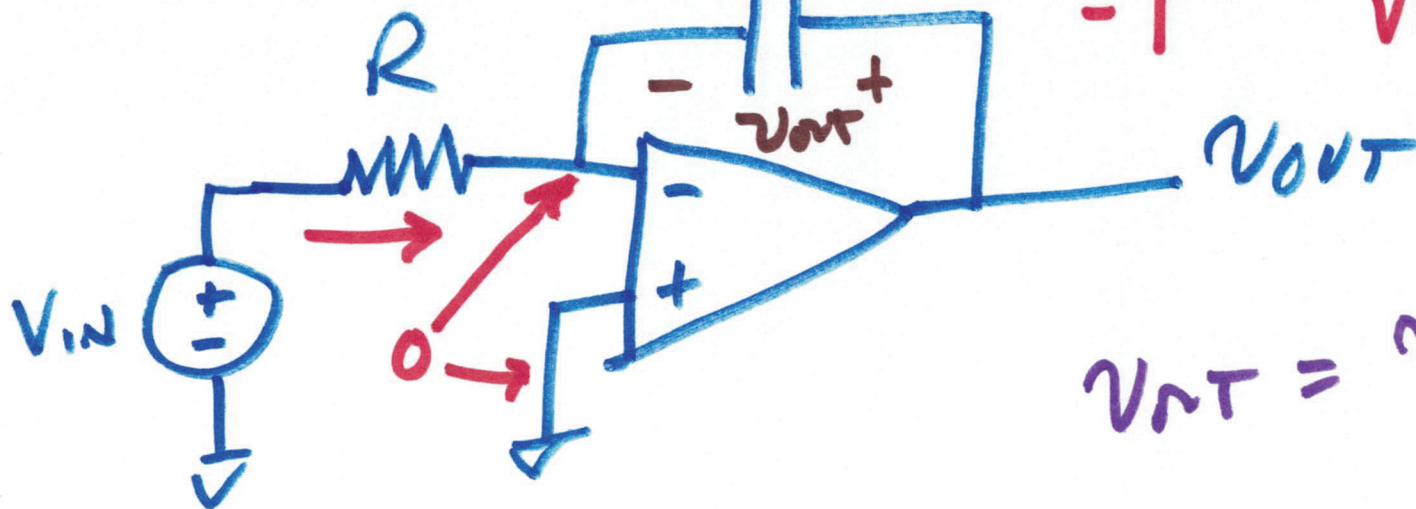


Integrators

$$i_c = C \frac{dV_c}{dt}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{C} \int i_c dt$$

$$V = \frac{1}{C} \int i_c \cdot dt$$



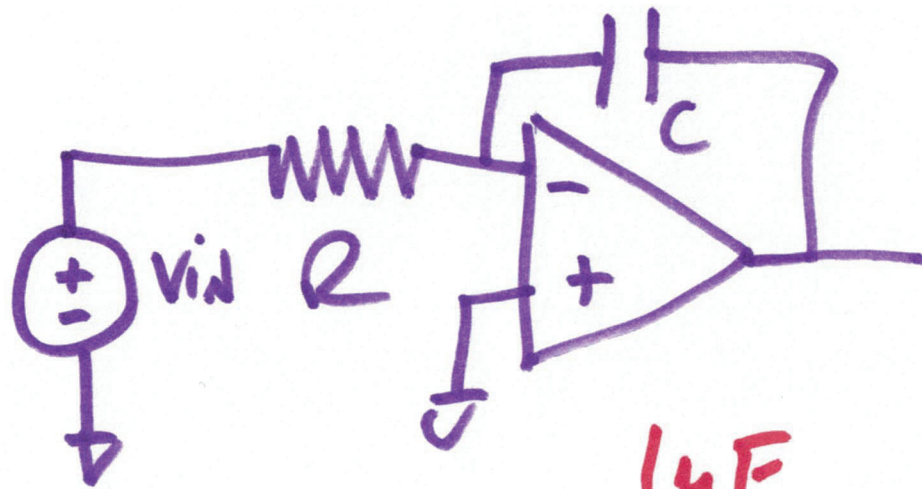
$$V_{OUT} = V_C$$

$$\frac{V_{IN} - 0}{R} + i_c = 0$$

$$\frac{V_{IN}}{R} = -i_c = -C \frac{dV_{OUT}}{dt}$$

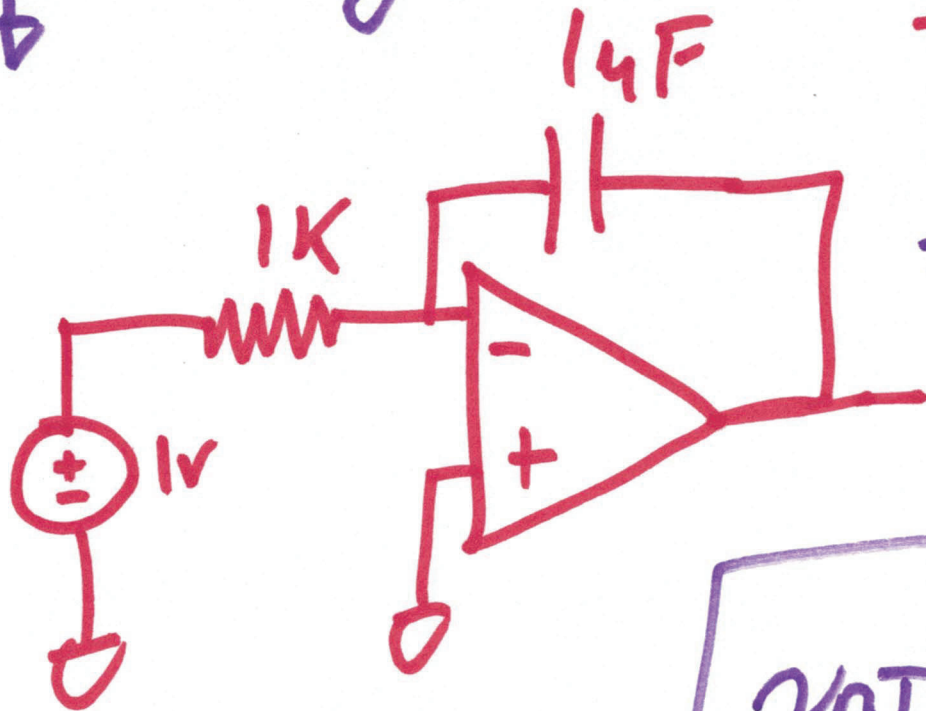
$$V_{OUT} = -\frac{1}{RC} \int V_{IN} \cdot dt$$

2)



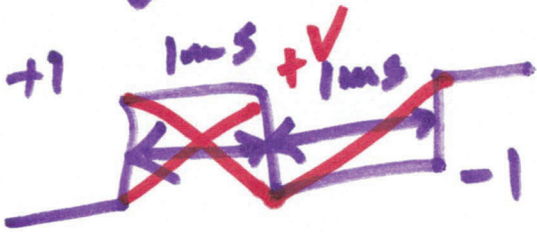
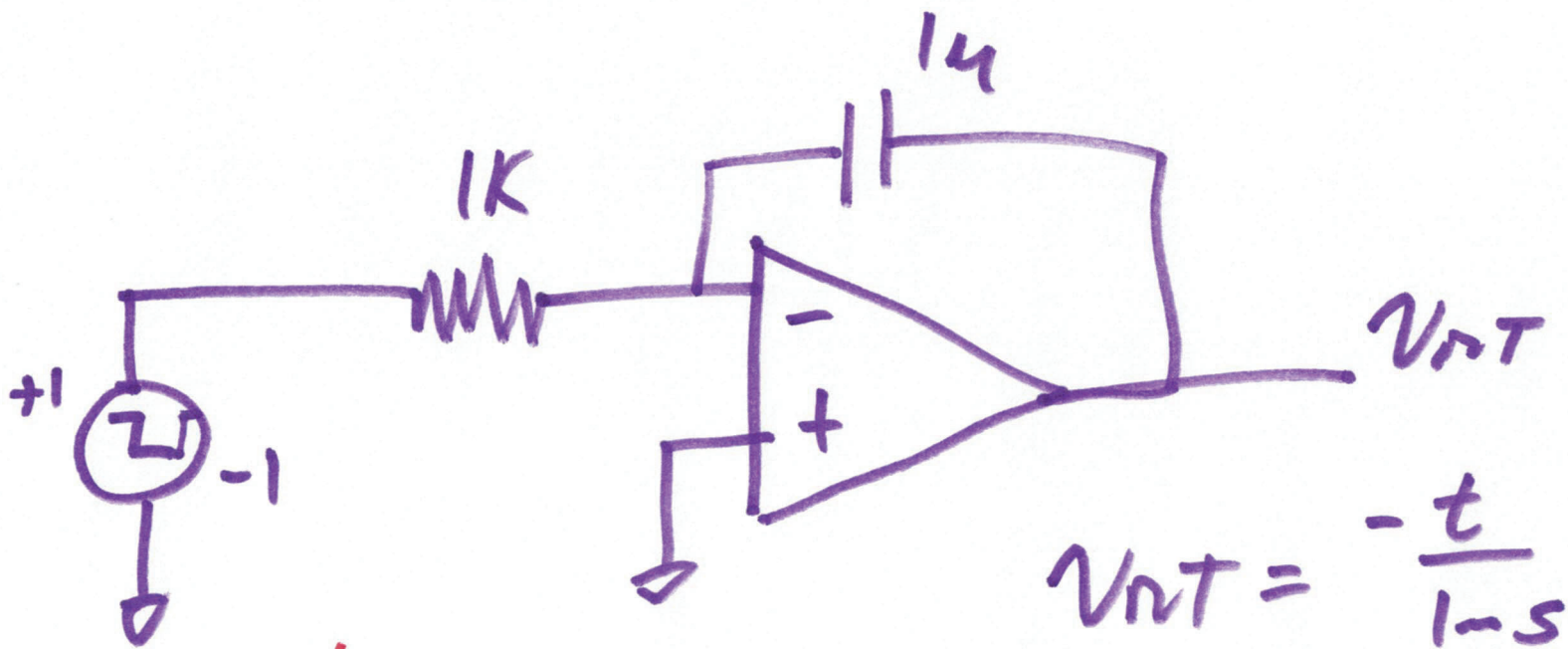
$$V_{OUT} = -\frac{1}{RC} \int v_{in} \cdot dt$$

$RC = 1\mu s$



$$V_{OUT} = \frac{-t}{1\mu s}$$

3)



$$f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{1}{2\mu s} = 500 \text{ Hz}$$