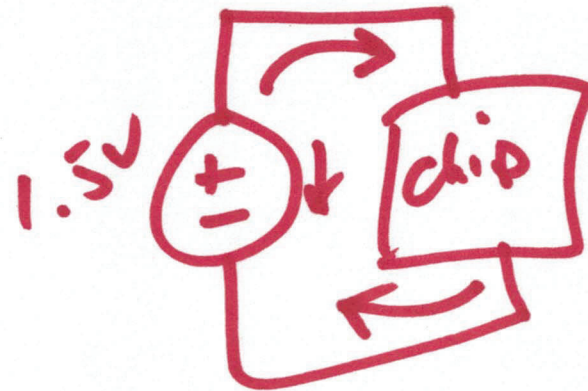
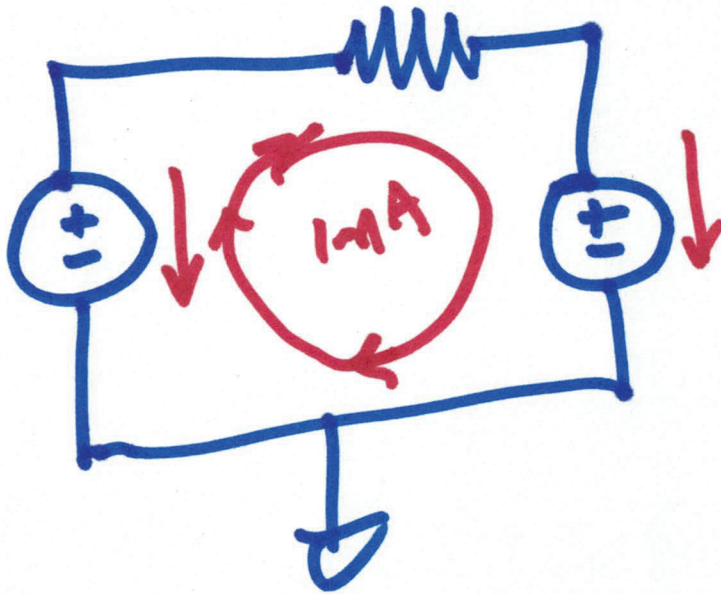
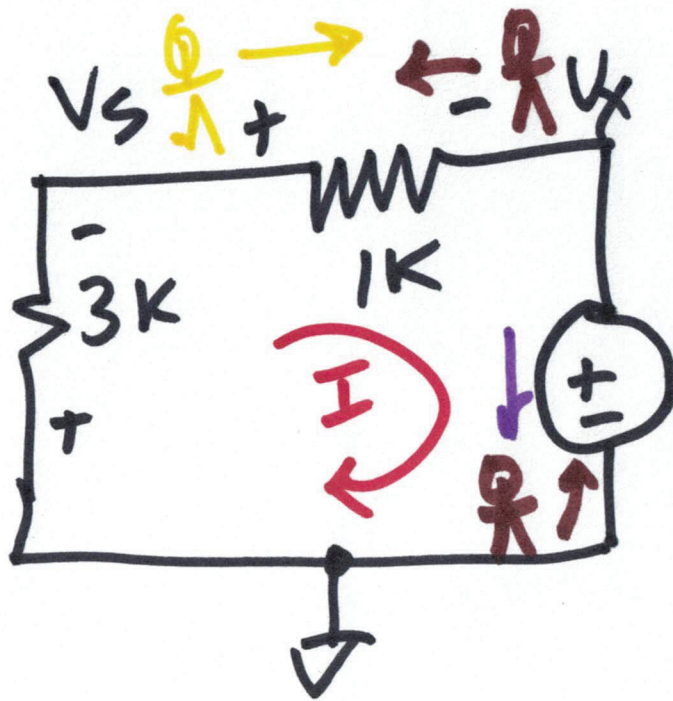


EE 220 Circuits I

Lecture 2

August 31, 2022

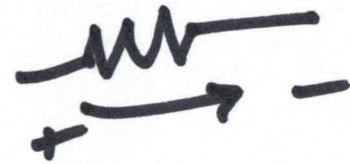




Kirchoff's Voltage LAW (KVL)

7.5V

$$V = I \cdot R$$



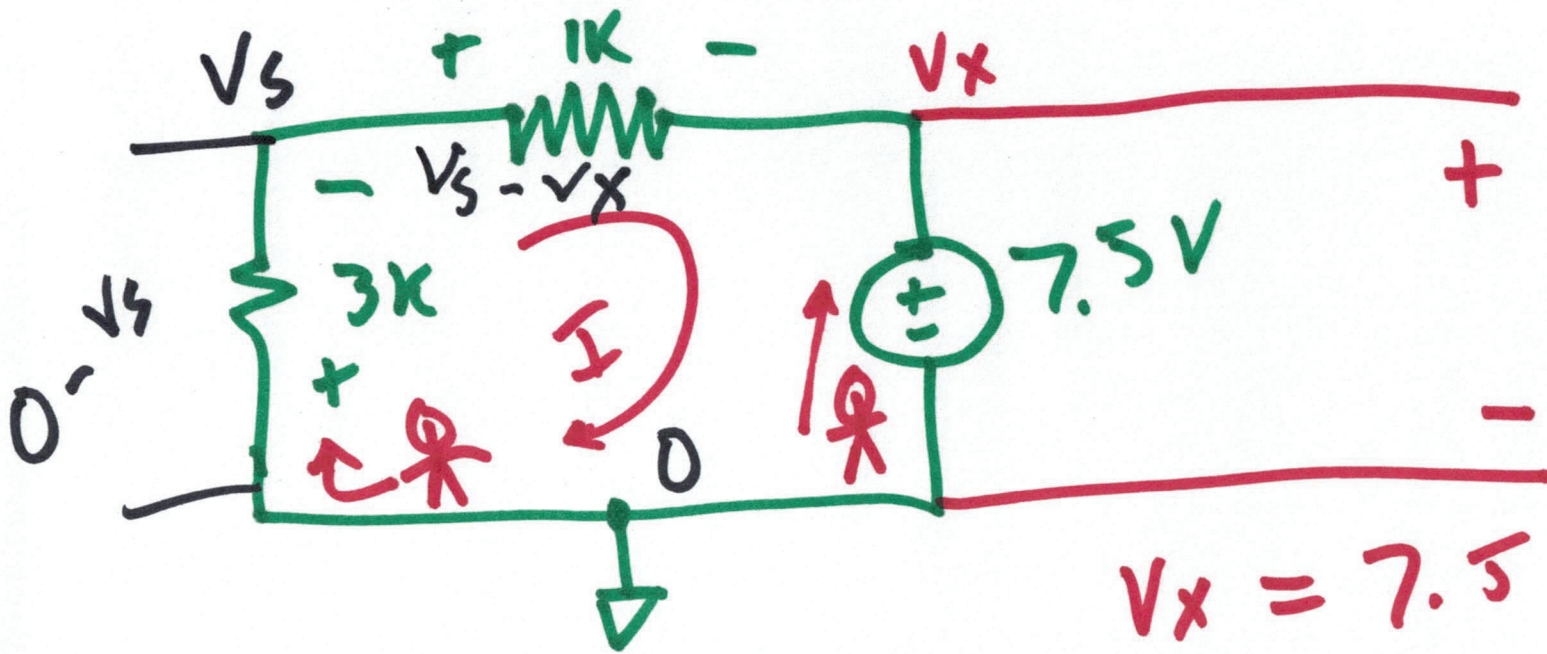
$$* -I \cdot 1K - 7.5V - I \cdot 3K = 0$$

$$+I \cdot 1K + 3K \cdot I + 7.5V = 0$$

$$4K \cdot I = -7.5$$

$$I = \frac{-7.5}{4K}$$

2)



$$V_x = 7.5$$

$$V_s = 7.5 + I \cdot 1k$$

$$V_x = -3k \cdot I - 1k \cdot I$$

$$= 7.5 + \left(\frac{7.5}{4k} \right) \cdot 1k$$

$$V_x = -4k \cdot I$$

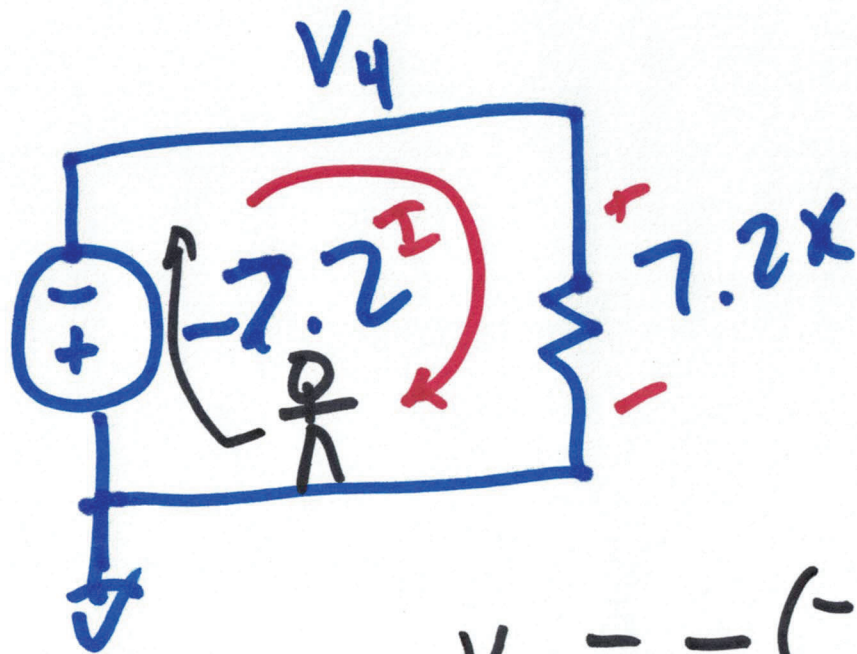
$$V_s = -3k \left(\frac{-7.5}{4k} \right)$$

$$V_x = -4k \cdot \left(\frac{-7.5}{4k} \right)$$

$$= I = \frac{-7.5}{4k}$$

$$V_x = 7.5V$$

5)



KVL

$$0 = +7.2 \text{ kI} + (-7.2)$$

$$I = 1 \text{ mA}$$

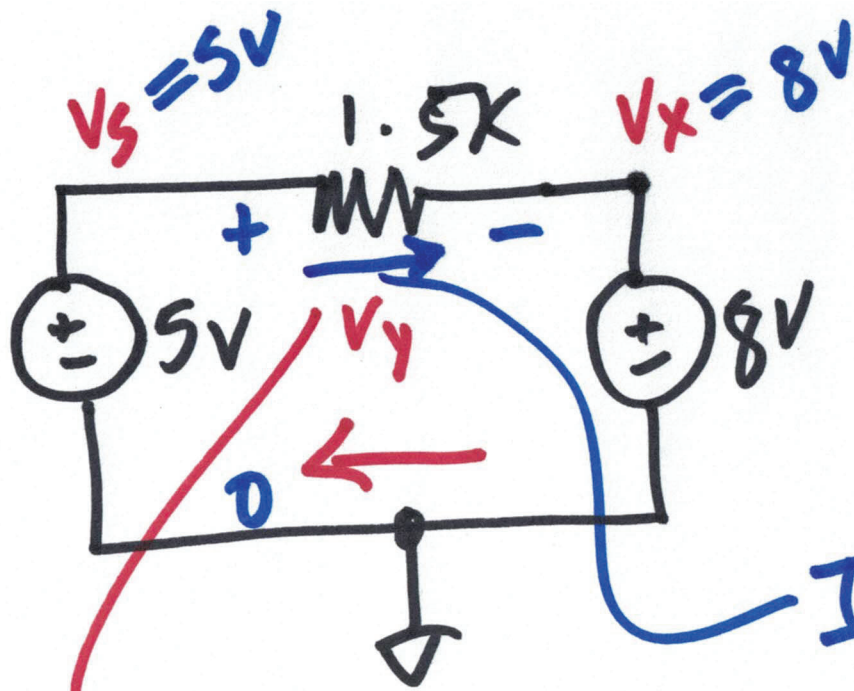
$$= 0.001 \text{ A}$$

$$= 1,000 \mu\text{A}$$

$$V_4 = -(-7.2) = 7.2 \text{ V}$$

$$= 0.001 \text{ A}$$

4)



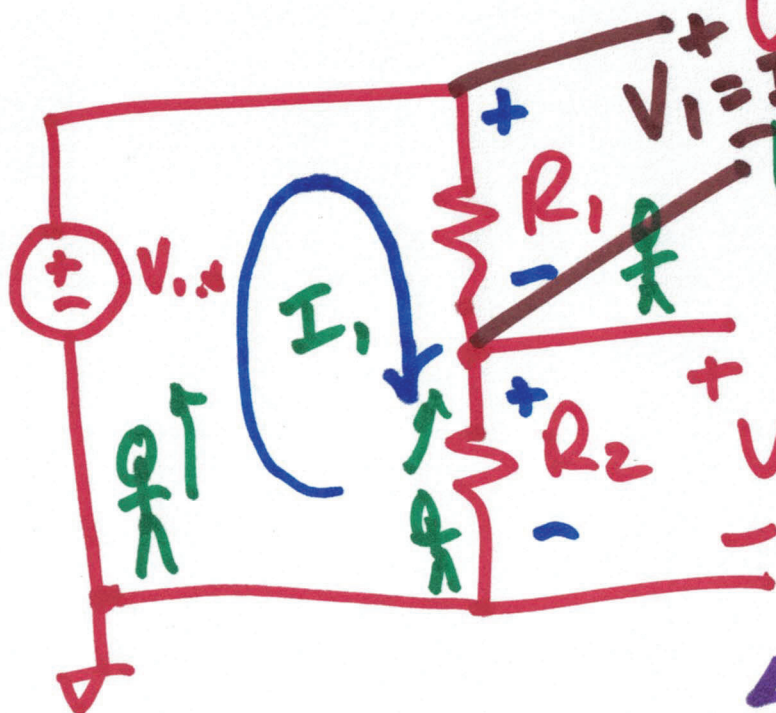
$$I = \frac{5 - 8}{1.5k} = -\frac{3}{1.5k}$$

$$= -2 \text{ mA}$$

$$V_y = V_s - V_x$$

$$= 5 - 8 = -3V$$

Voltage dividers



KVL
 $0 = +V_{in} - I_1 R_1 - I_1 R_2$

$$I_1 (R_1 + R_2) = V_{in}$$

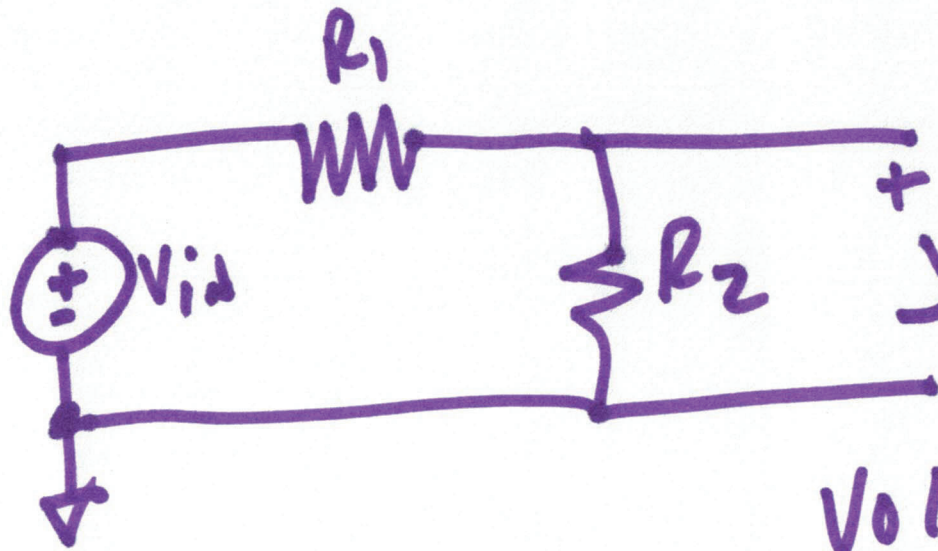
$$I_1 = \frac{V_{in}}{R_1 + R_2}$$

$$V_{out} = +I_1 R_2$$

$$V_{out} = V_{in} \cdot \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2}$$

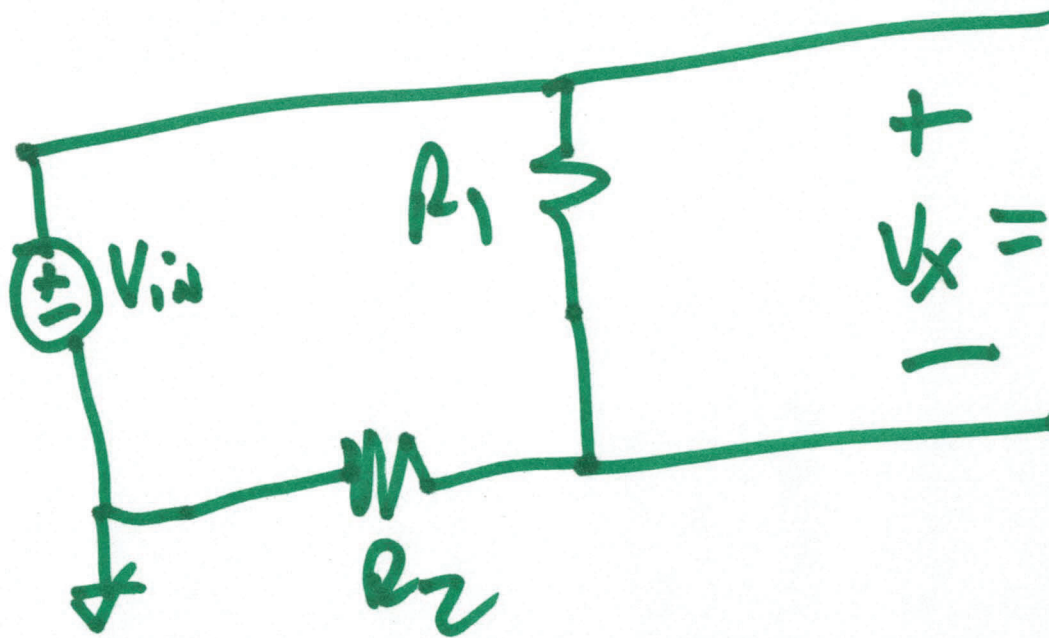
$$V_1 = I_1 \cdot R_1 = V_{in} \cdot \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2}$$

6)

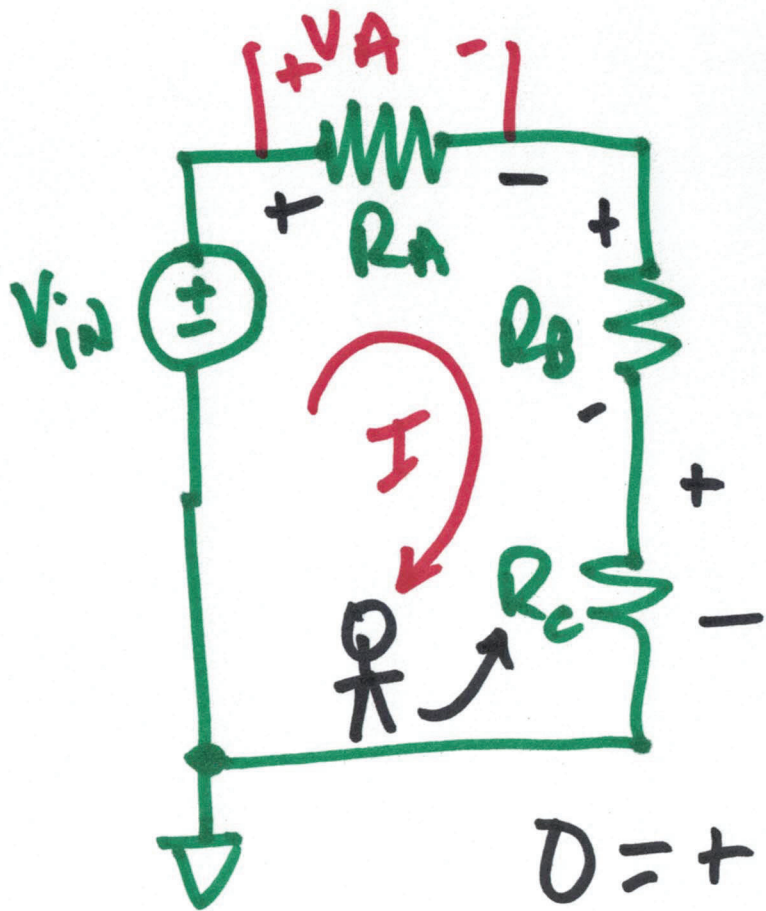


$$V_{OUT} = V_{in} \cdot \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2}$$

Voltage divider Eq.



$$V_X = V_{in} \cdot \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2}$$



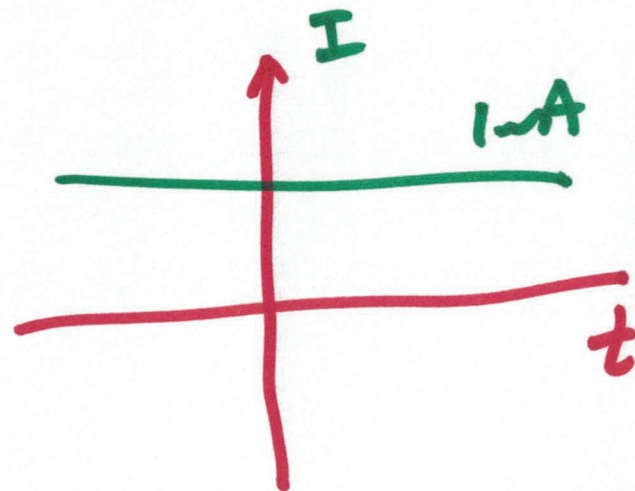
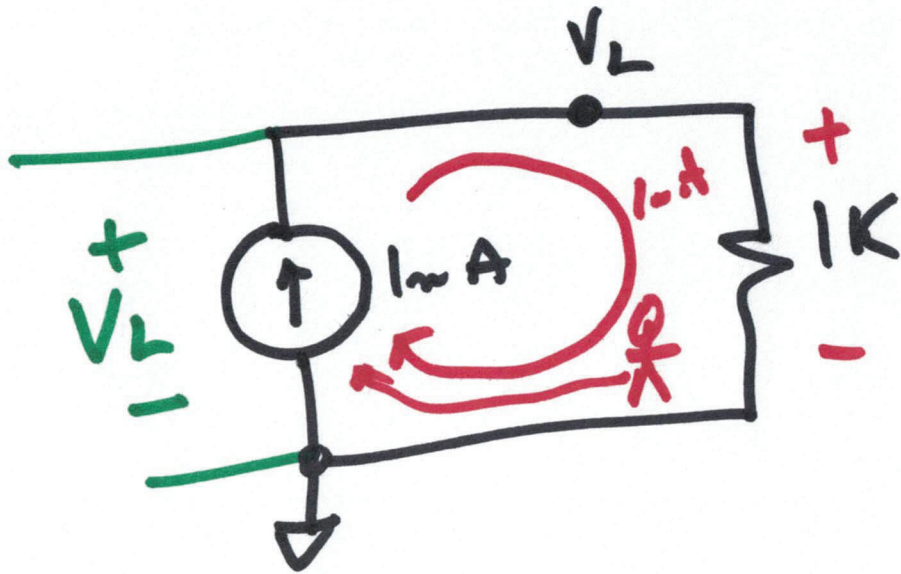
$$I = \frac{V_{in}}{R_A + R_B + R_C}$$

$$V_A = V_{in} \cdot \frac{R_A}{R_A + R_B + R_C}$$

$$0 = +R_C \cdot I + R_B \cdot I + R_A \cdot I - V_{in}$$

$$I = \frac{V_{in}}{R_A + R_B + R_C}$$



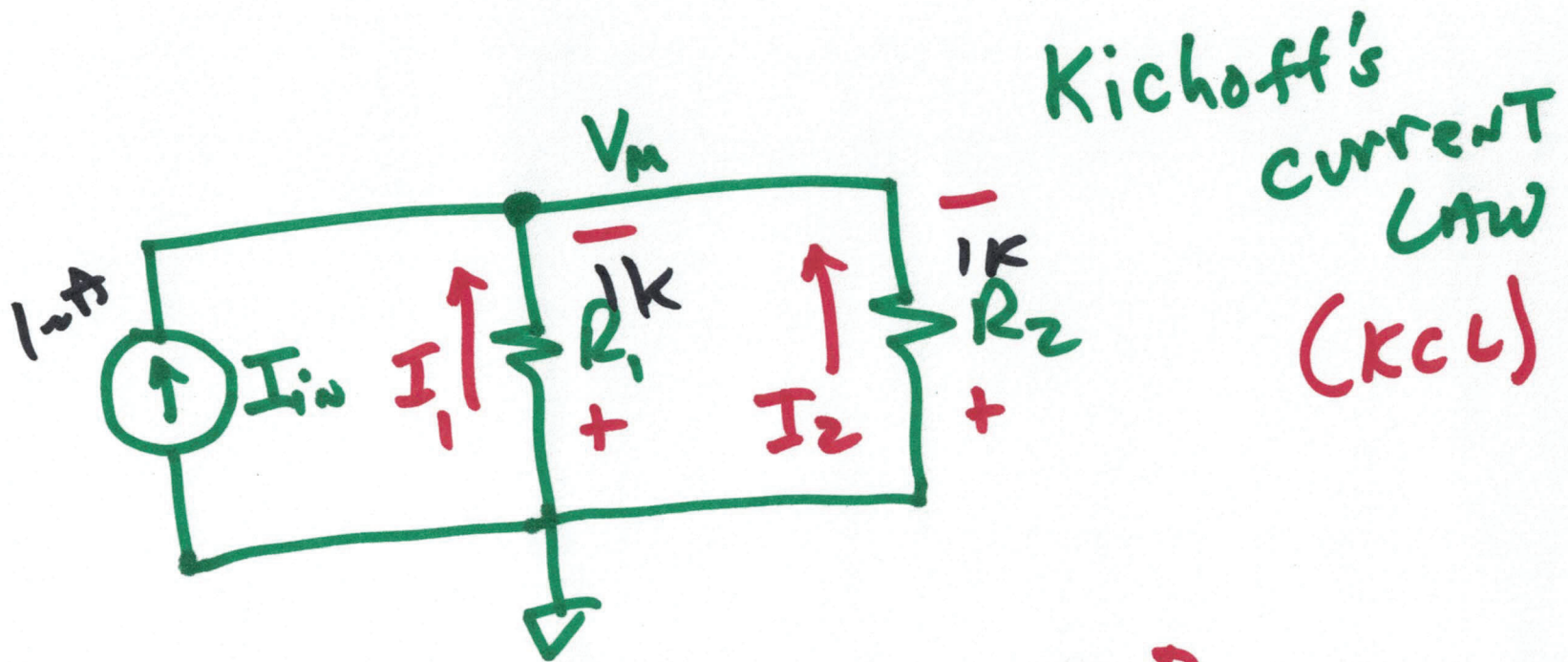


$$V_L = + I \cdot 1\text{k} = 1\text{mA} \cdot 1\text{k} \\ = \underline{\underline{1\text{V}}}$$

$$+V_L - I \cdot 1\text{k} = 0$$

$$V_L = I \cdot 1\text{k} = 1\text{mA} \cdot 1\text{k} \\ = \underline{\underline{1\text{V}}}$$

8) a



$$I_{in} + I_1 + I_2 = 0$$

$$I_{in} + \frac{0 - V_m}{R_1} + \frac{0 - V_m}{R_2} = 0$$

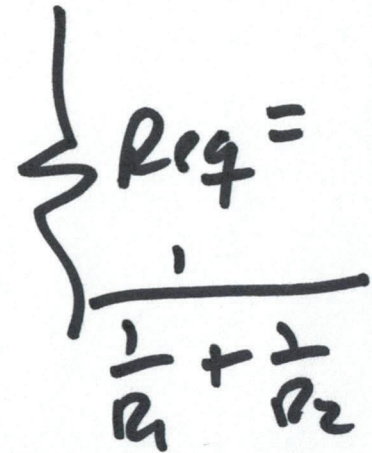
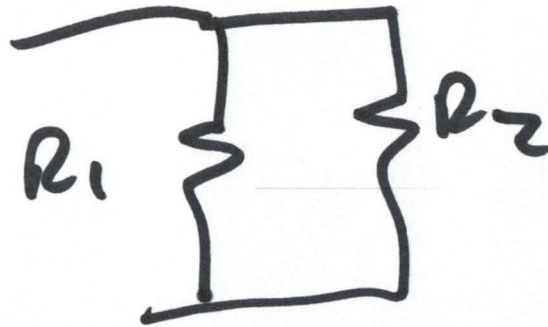
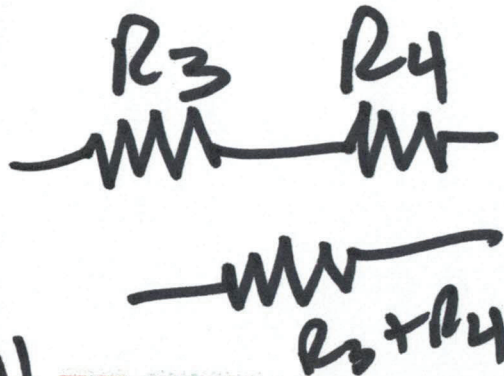
$$I_{in} = +V_m \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right)$$

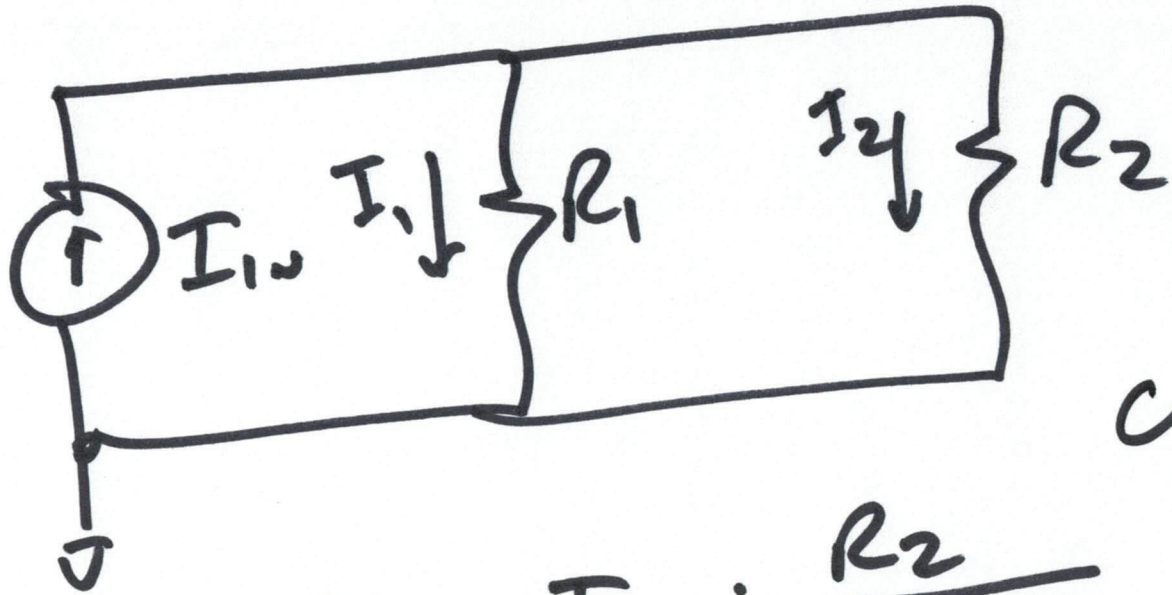
$$\frac{I_{in}}{\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2}} = V_{in}$$

$$\frac{1\mu A \cdot 1K}{2} = \frac{1\mu A}{\frac{2}{1K}} = \frac{1\mu A}{\frac{1}{1K} + \frac{1}{1K}} = V_{in} = \frac{1}{2} V$$

$$\frac{1}{R_{eq}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2}$$

Eq Res.





Current divider

$$I_1 = I_{in} \cdot \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2}$$

$$I_2 = I_{in} \cdot \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2}$$