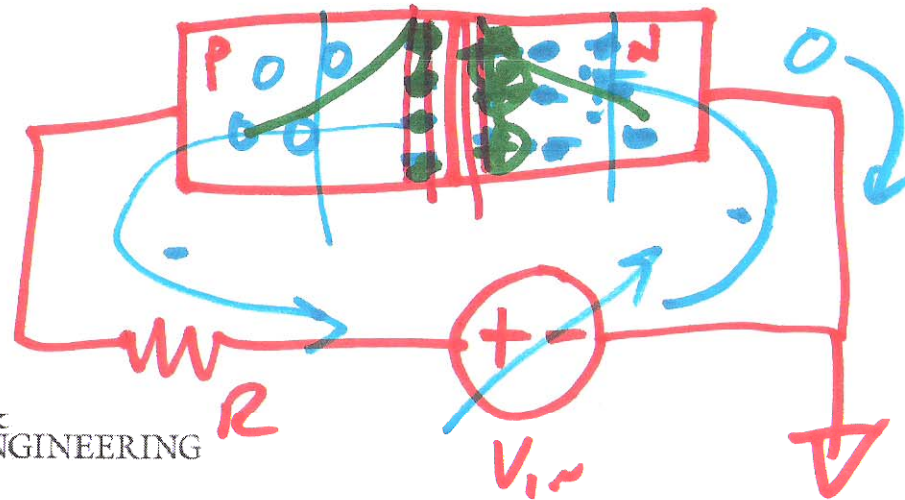
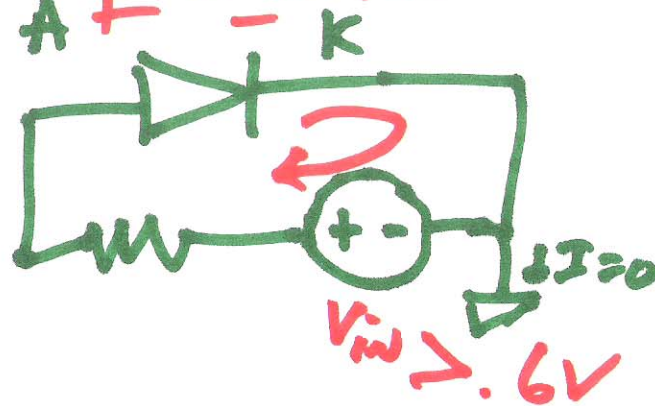
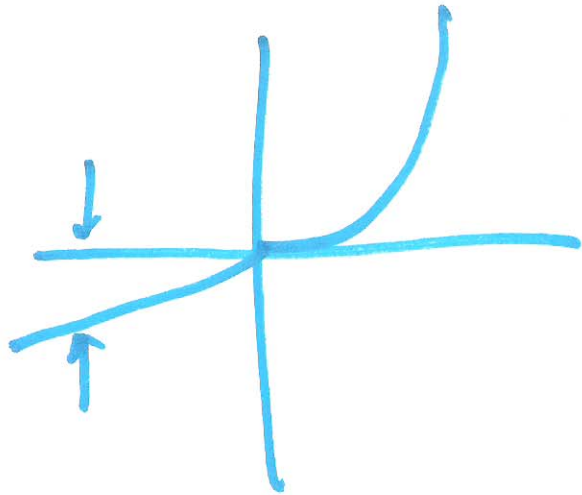


EE 320

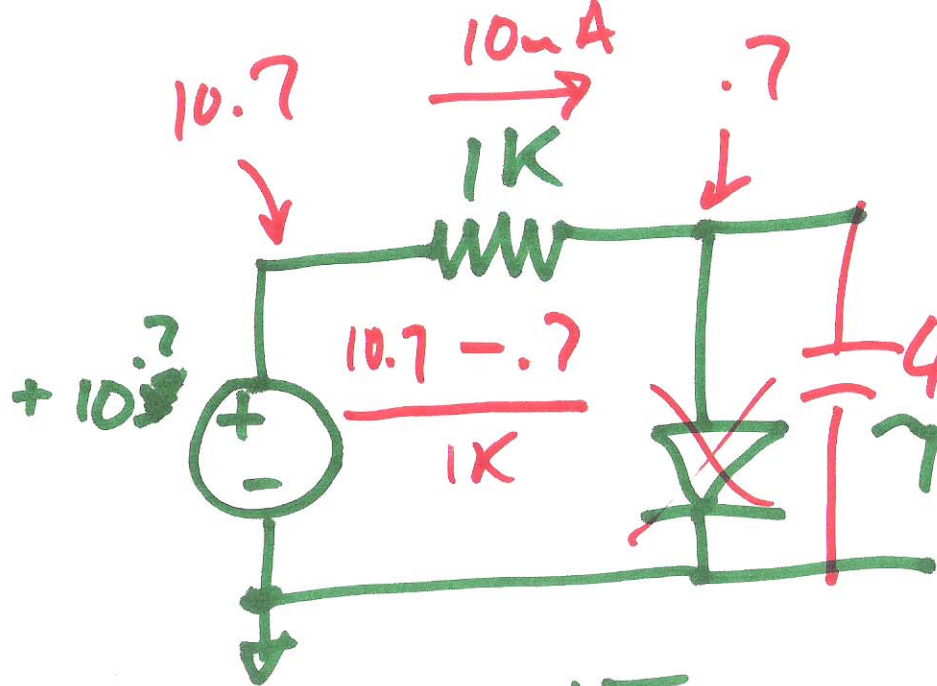
# Electronics I

Feb. 23, 2015

## $V_d$ Lecture II



1)



$$r_d \cdot C_d = T_T$$

$$r_d = \frac{.025}{10nA} = \frac{25mV}{10nA}$$

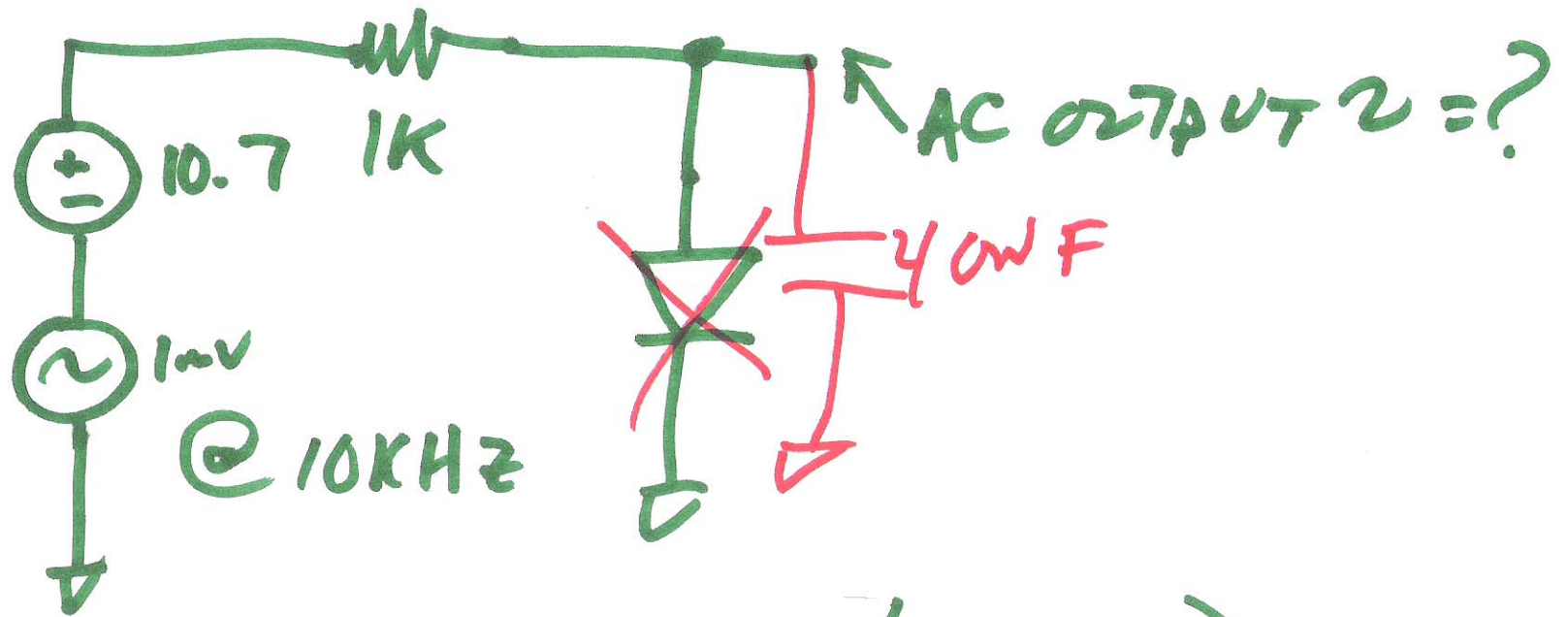
$$r_d = 2.5\Omega$$

$$V_T = \frac{kT}{q} \approx 25mV \text{ @ room Temp}$$

$$T_T = \frac{100ns}{2.5\Omega}$$

$$C_d = 40nF$$

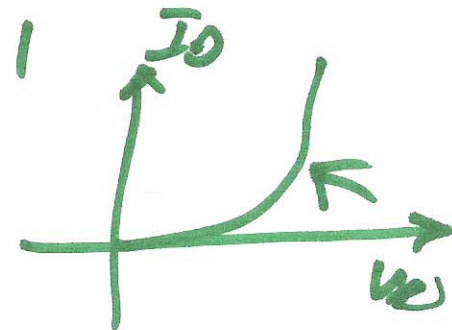
2)



$$I_0 = I_s \left( e^{v_0/nkT} - 1 \right)$$

Assume ~~to~~ forward bias

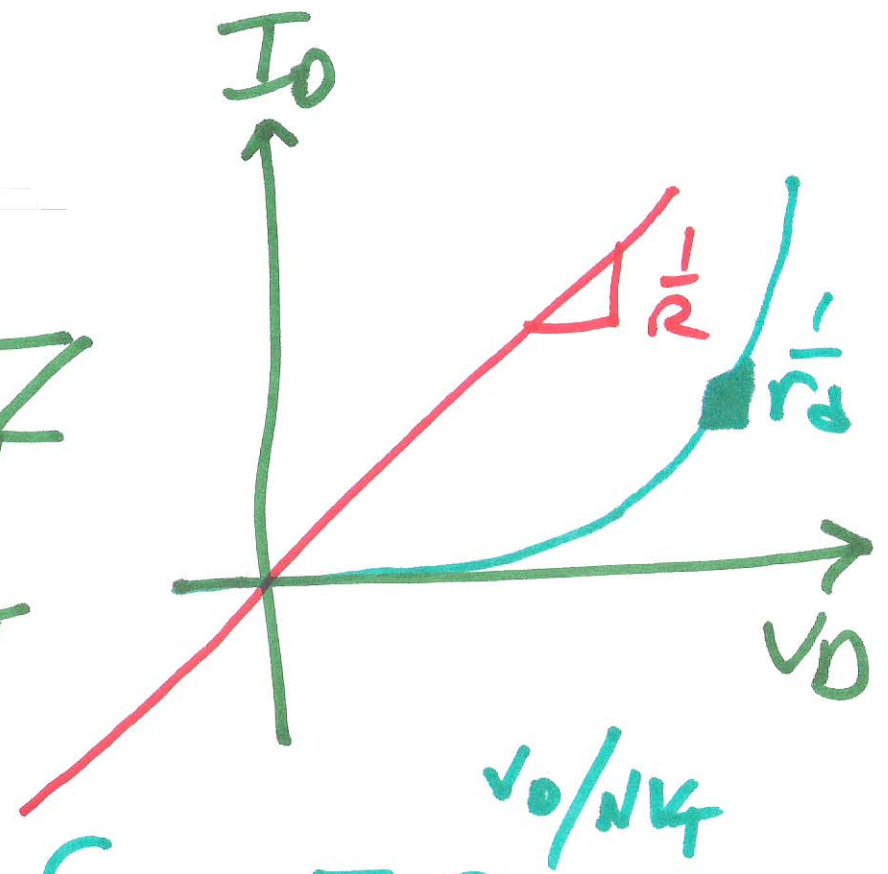
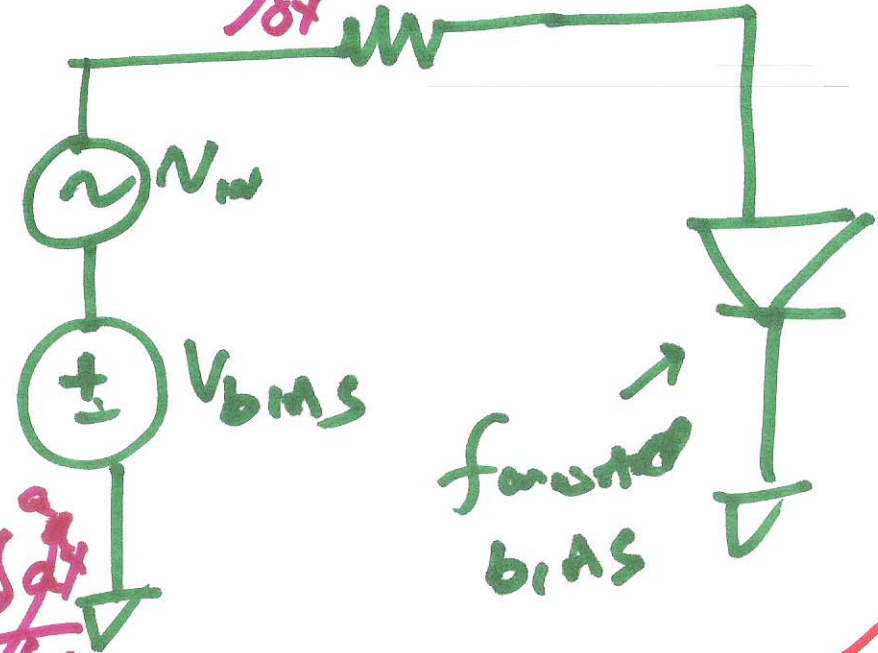
$$I_0 \approx I_s e^{v_0/nkT} \quad n=1$$



$$\frac{\delta k e^x}{\delta x} = k e^x \frac{\delta x}{\delta x} R$$

$$\frac{\delta k e^{ax}}{\delta x} = k e^{ax} \frac{\delta x}{\delta x}$$

$$= k e^{ax} \frac{\delta x}{\delta x}$$



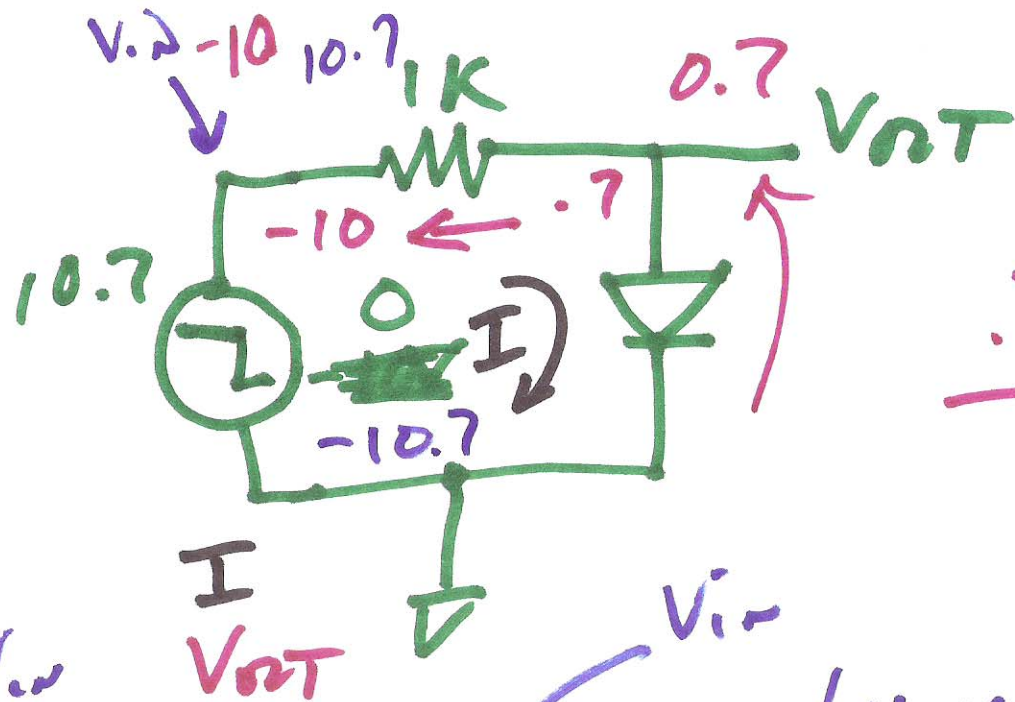
$$r_d^{-1} = \frac{\delta I_0}{\delta V_0} = \frac{\delta}{\delta V_0} I_s e^{\frac{V_0}{NVT}}$$

$$r_d = \frac{NVT}{I_0}$$

$$\frac{1}{r_d} = \frac{I}{NVT} = \frac{I_s e^{\frac{V_0}{NVT}}}{NVT}$$

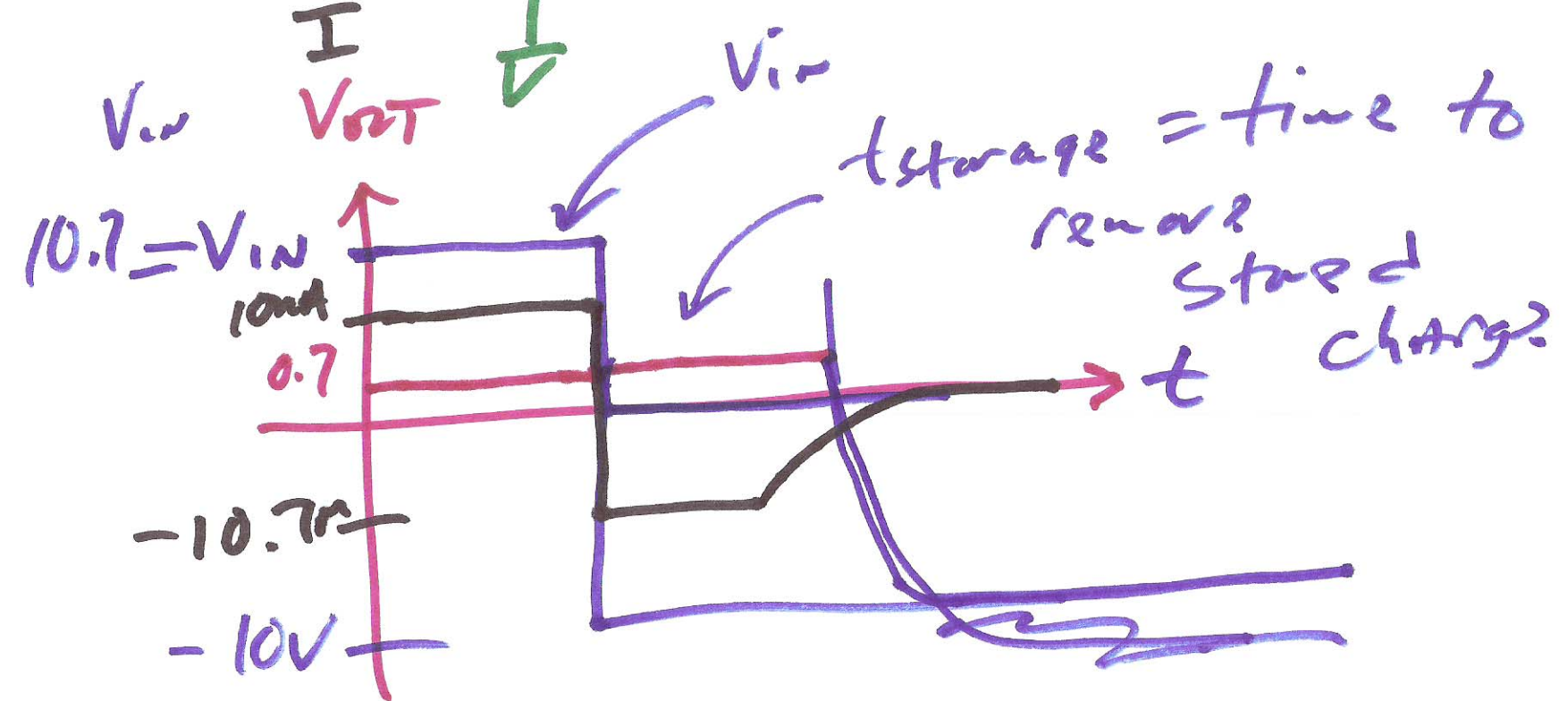
$$\frac{\delta \frac{V_0}{NVT}}{\delta V_0}$$

4)



$$\frac{.7 - (-10)}{1K} = 10.7mA$$

$iR$



5)

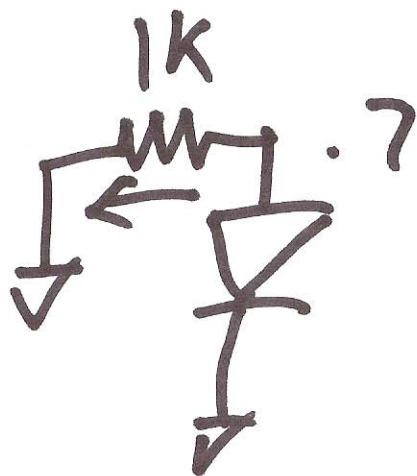
$$t_s = \gamma_T \cdot I_n \frac{i_F - i_R}{-i_R}$$

$$\tilde{I}_T = 100\text{nW}$$

$$i_F = \text{POS} = 10\text{nA}$$

$$i_R = \text{NEG} = -10.7\text{nA} \approx -2$$

$$t_s = 100\text{nW} \cdot I_n \frac{10 + 10.7}{10.7}$$



$$t_s \approx 70\text{nW}$$

$$i_R = -0.7\text{nA}$$

b)