

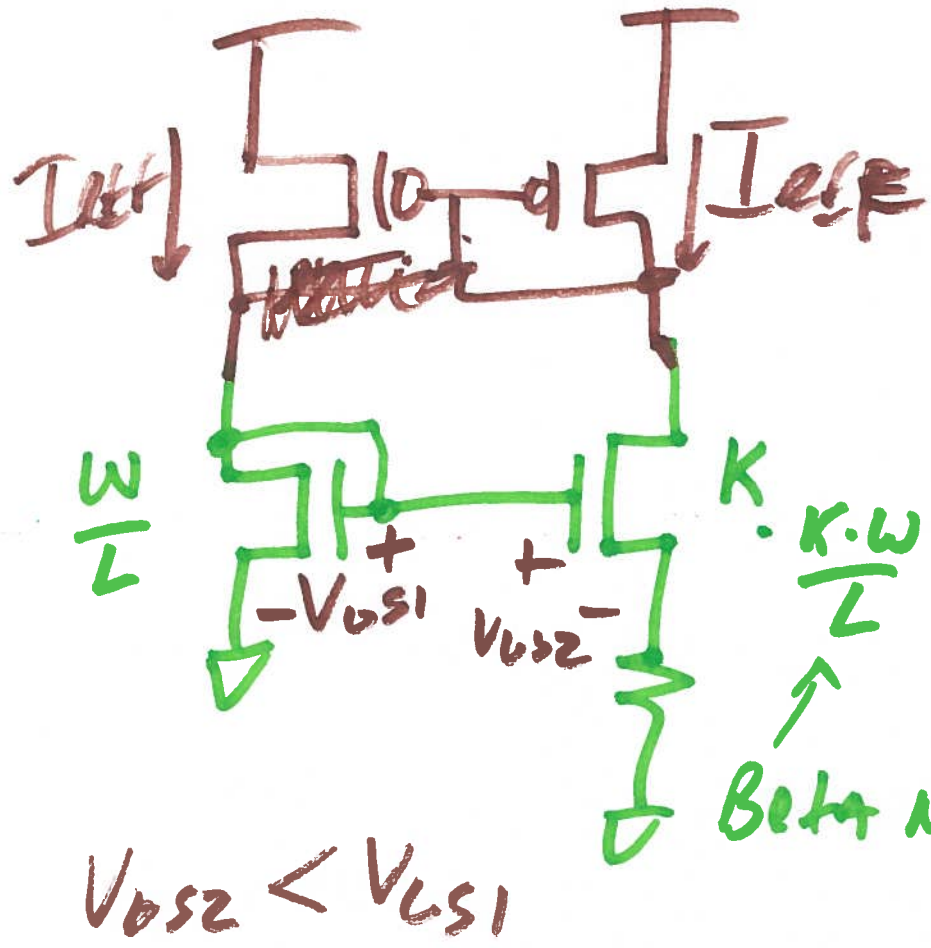
EE 420 / ECG 620

Analog IC Design
Lecture 8

Feb. 20, 2019



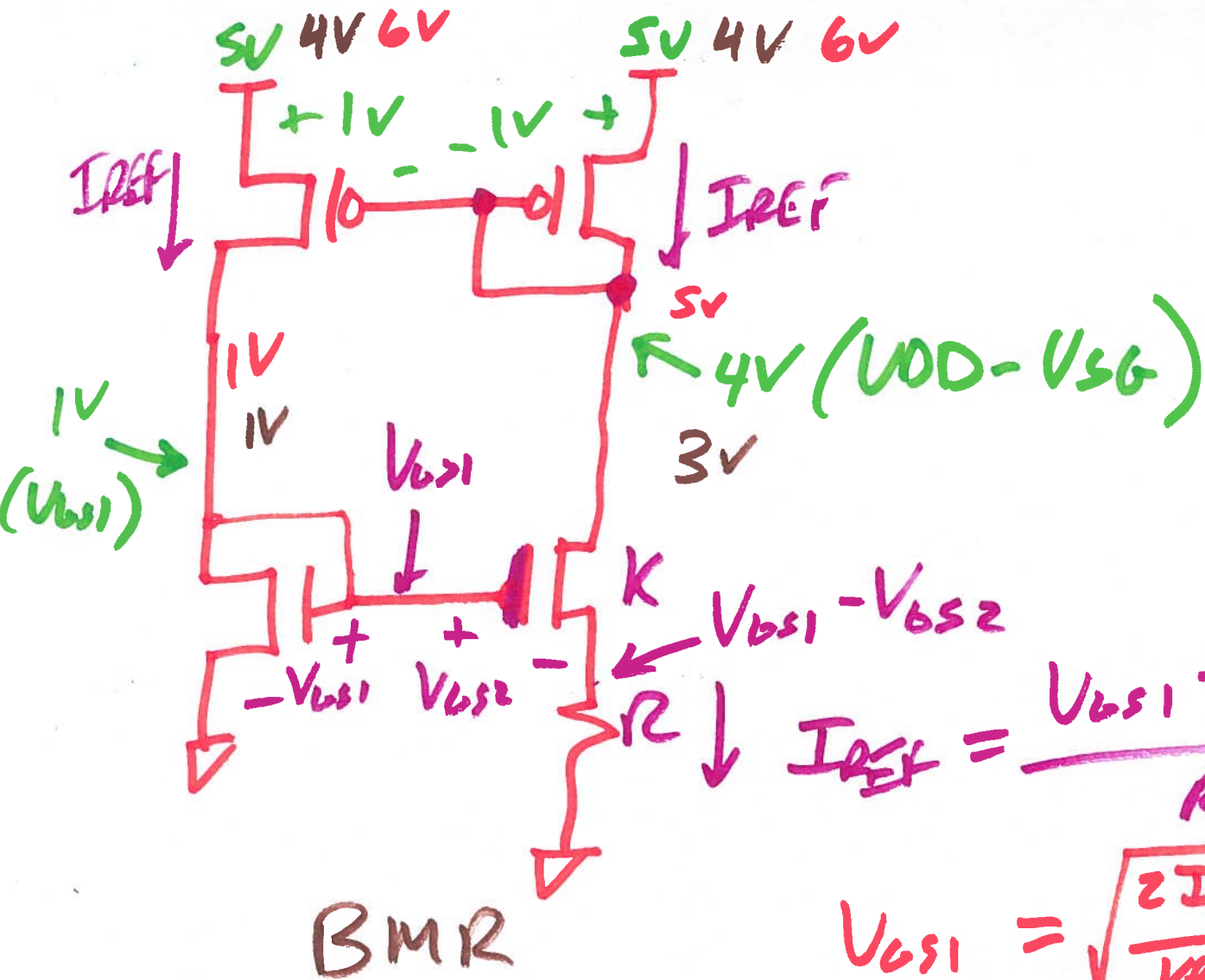
$$\frac{V_{DD} - V_{biasN}}{R} = \frac{K_P W}{2 L} (V_{biasN} - V_{THN})^2$$



$$I_{ref} = \frac{K_P}{2} \cdot \frac{K \cdot W}{L} (V_{gs2} - V_{THN})^2$$

$$= \frac{K_P}{2} \cdot \frac{W}{L} (V_{gs1} - V_{THN})^2$$

2)



BMR

$$I_{REF} = \frac{V_{GS1} - V_{GS2}}{R}$$

$$V_{GS1} = \sqrt{\frac{2 I_{REF}}{K \cdot K_P \cdot \frac{W}{L}}} + V_{THN}$$

$$V_{GS2} = \sqrt{\frac{2 I_{REF}}{K \cdot K_P \cdot \frac{W}{L}}} + V_{THN}$$

3)

$$I_{REF} = \frac{1}{R} \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{2I_{REF}}{\frac{W}{L} \cdot k \mu}}$$

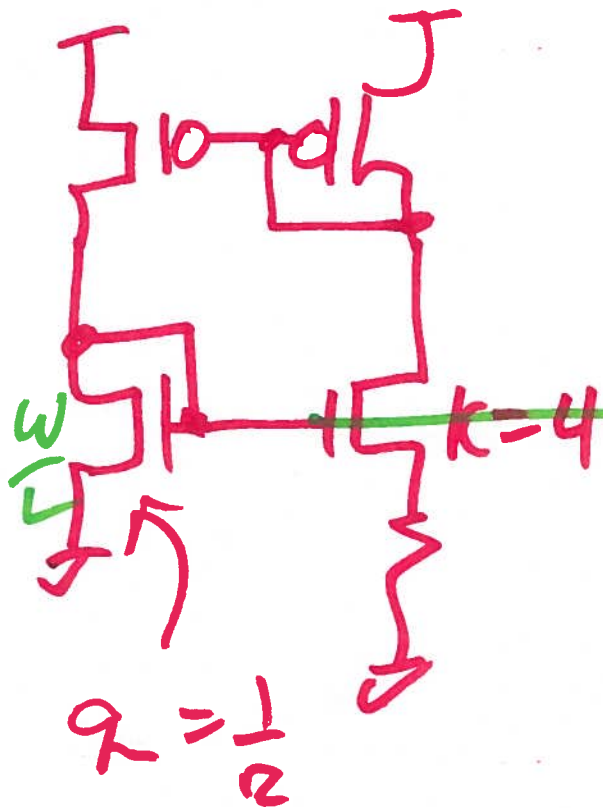
$$I_{REF}^2 = \frac{1}{R^2} \cdot \frac{2I_{REF}}{\frac{W}{L} \cdot k \mu} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}} \right)^2$$

$$I_{REF} = \frac{2}{R^2 \cdot \frac{W}{L} \cdot k \mu} \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}} \right)^2$$

Assume $k=4$

$$I_{REF} = \frac{1}{2R^2 \cdot \frac{W}{L} \cdot k \mu}$$

$$R = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 I_{REF} \cdot \frac{W}{L} K_P}} = \frac{1}{g_m}$$



$$R = \frac{1}{K_P \cdot \frac{W}{L} (V_{DS} - V_{THN})}$$

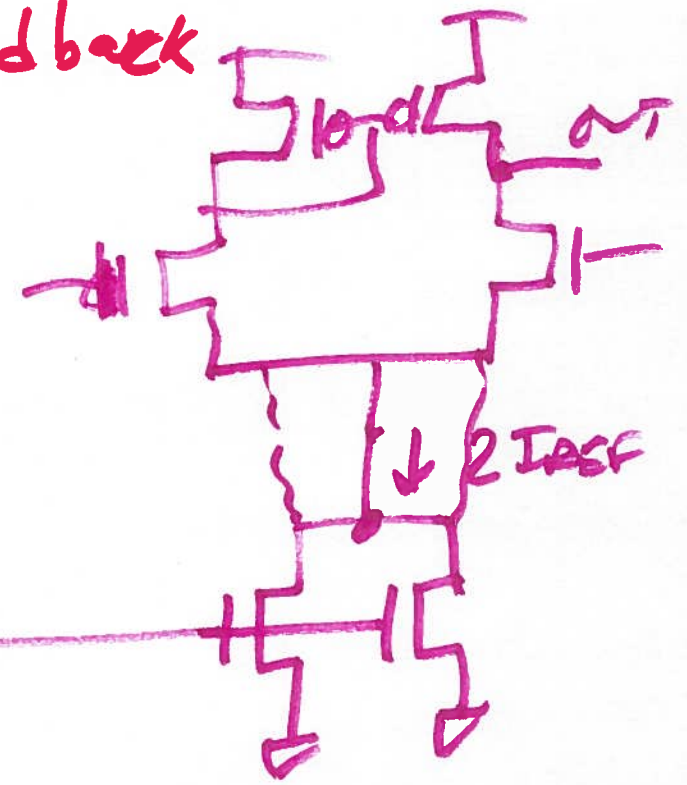
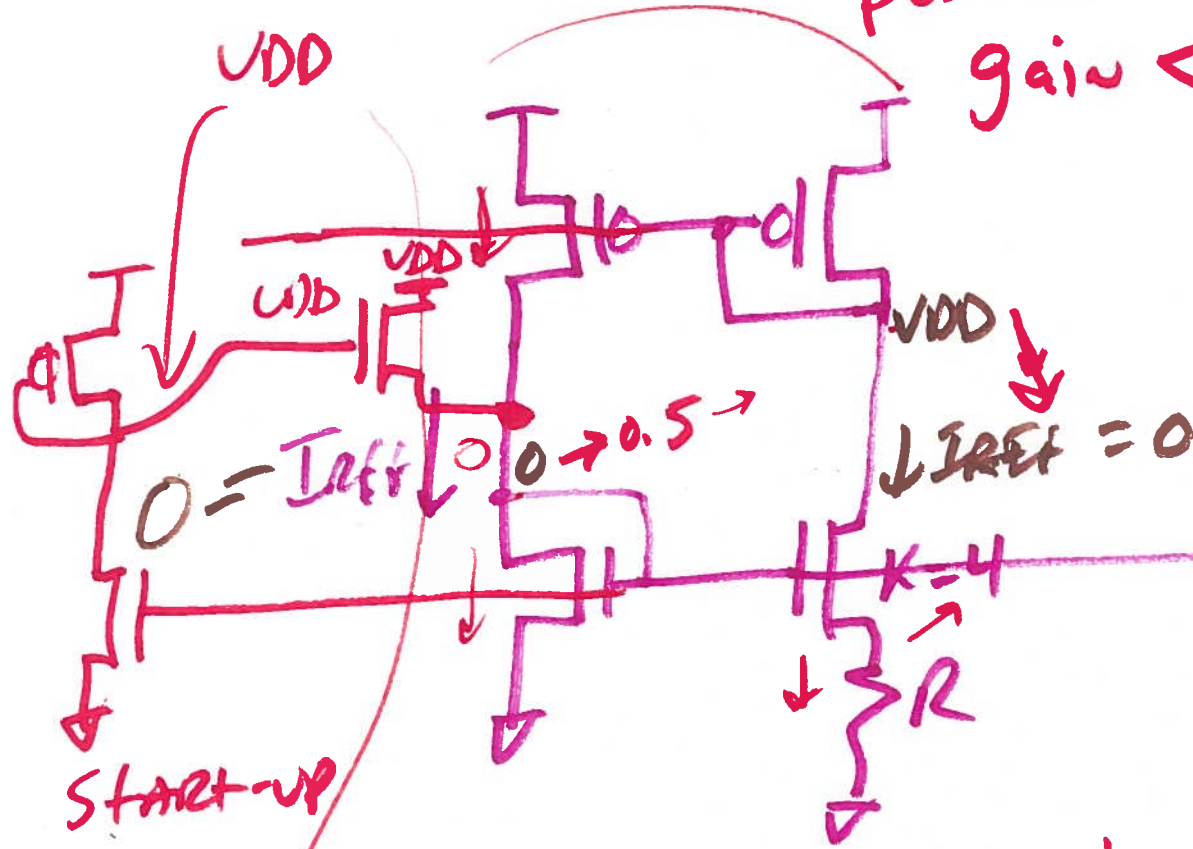
$$R = \frac{1}{K_P \cdot \frac{W}{L} V_{OVN}}$$

$$V_{OVN} = \frac{1}{R \cdot K_P \cdot \frac{W}{L}} = V_{DS,sat} - V_{THN}$$

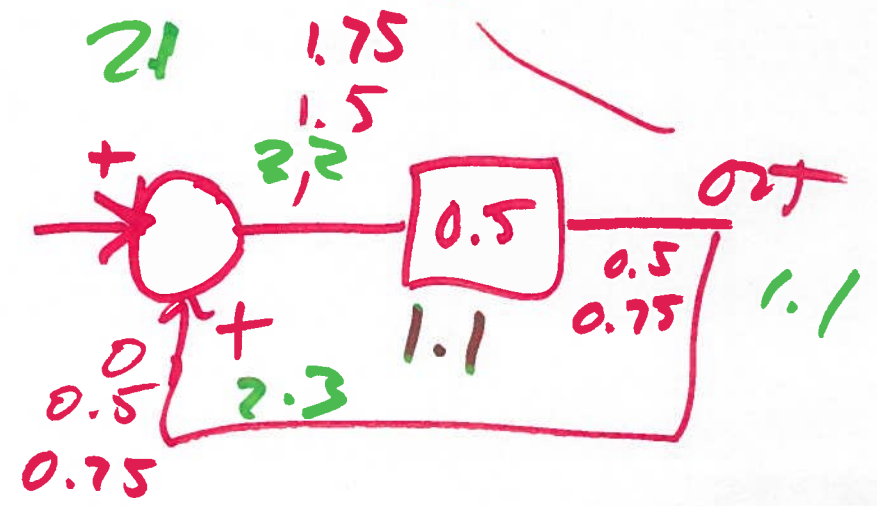
5)

BGR

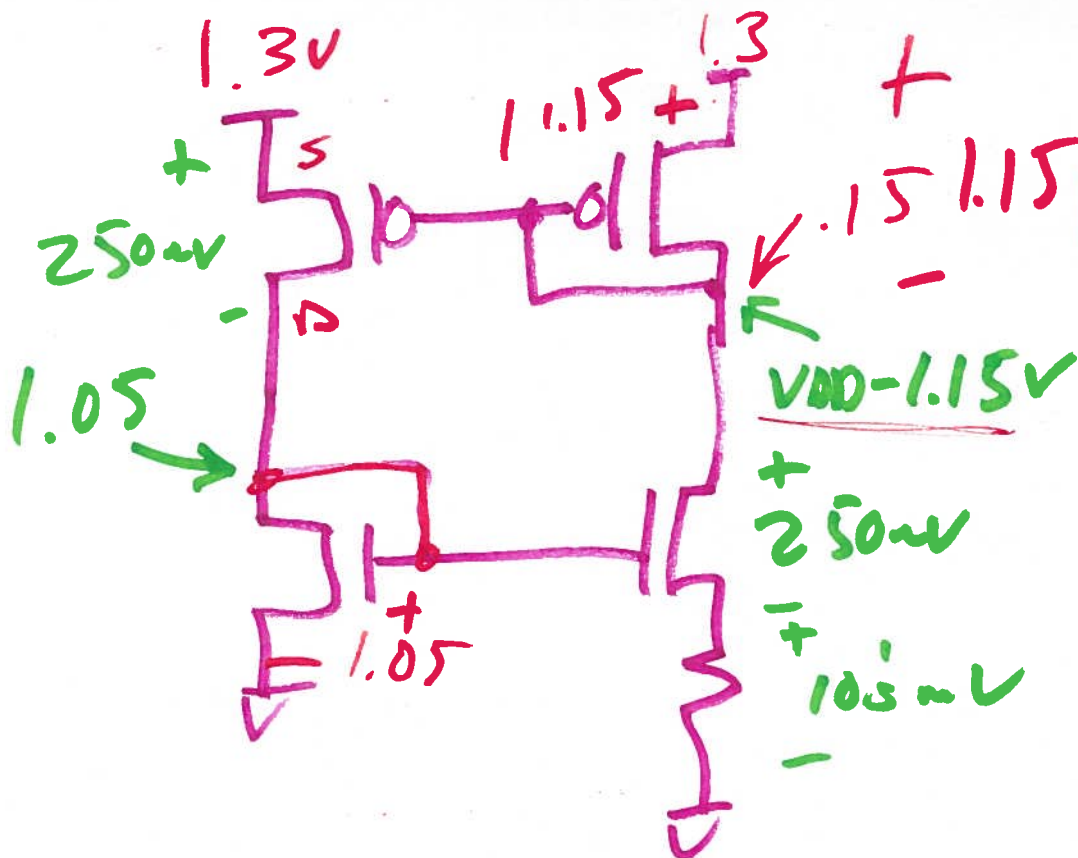
positive feedback
gain < 1



BMR



6)



$$V_{GS} = 1.05V$$

$$V_{SG} = 1.15V$$

$$V_{DS, SAT} =$$

$$V_{SD, SAT} = 250mV$$

$$I_{eff} = \frac{kP}{2} \frac{W}{L} (V_{GS} - V_{th})^2$$

$$1.4 \quad 1.15 + .25 \approx 1.4V$$

7)