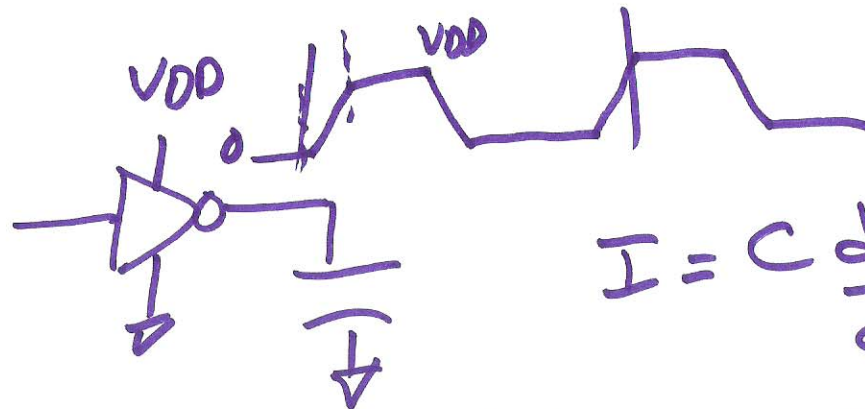


EE 421 / ECE 621

Digital IC Design



$$I = C \frac{dV}{dt} = C \cdot \frac{V_{DD}}{1ns}$$

$$I_{avg} = 50\mu A \cdot \frac{1ns}{10ns} = 5\mu A$$

$$C = \frac{50\mu A \cdot 1ns}{5V} = 10pF$$

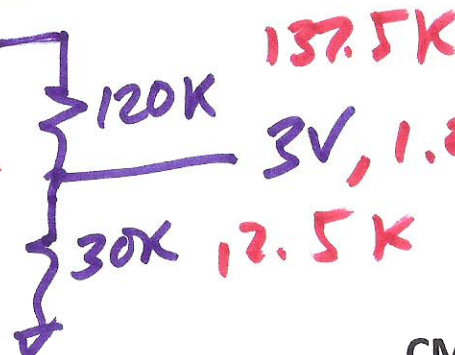
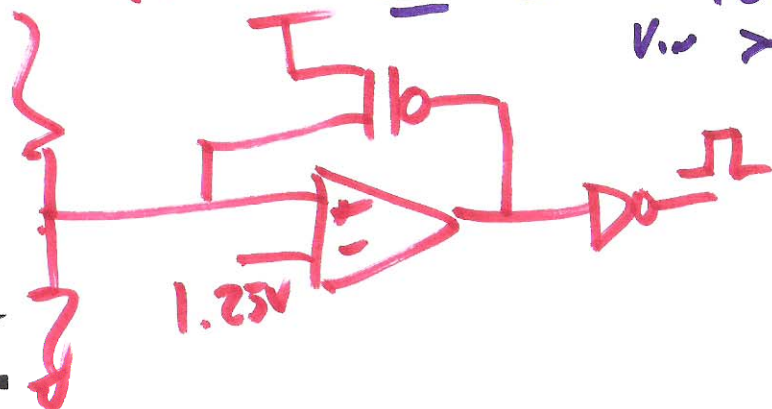
$$P_{avg} = I_{avg} \cdot V_{DD}$$

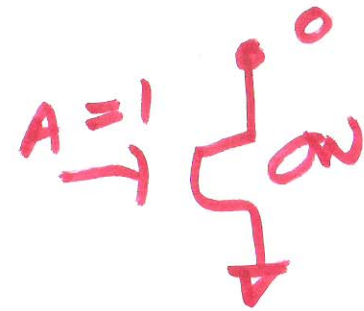
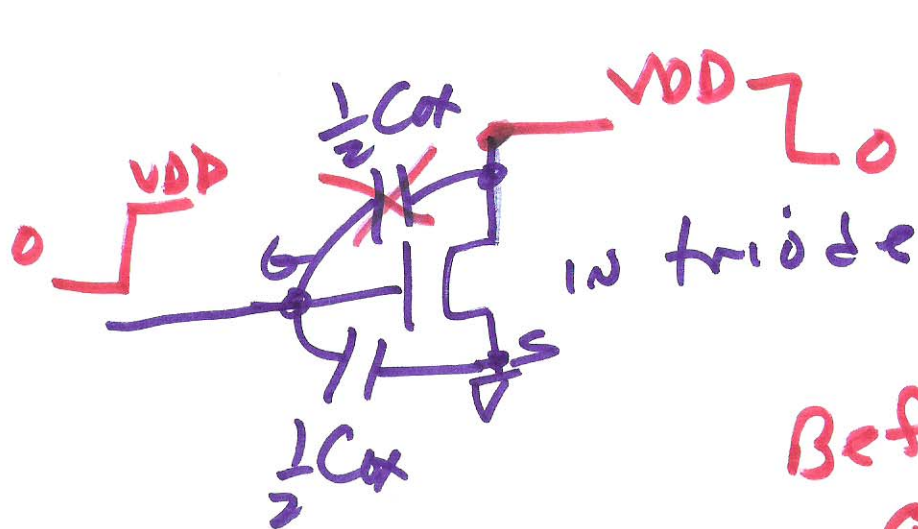
$$= 5\mu A \cdot 5V$$

$$= 25\mu W$$

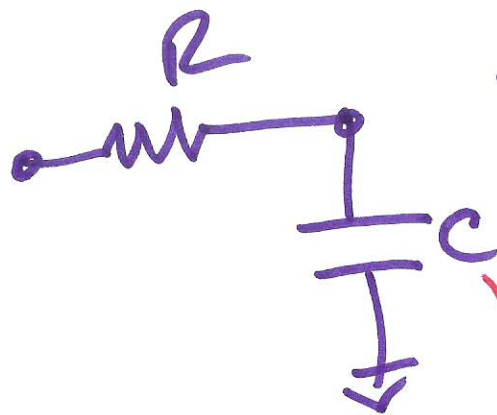
$$E = \frac{1}{2} C V_{DD}^2$$

$$= 25\mu W \cdot 15V$$





Before switching
 $Q_1 = (0 - VDD) \frac{1}{2} C_{ox}$



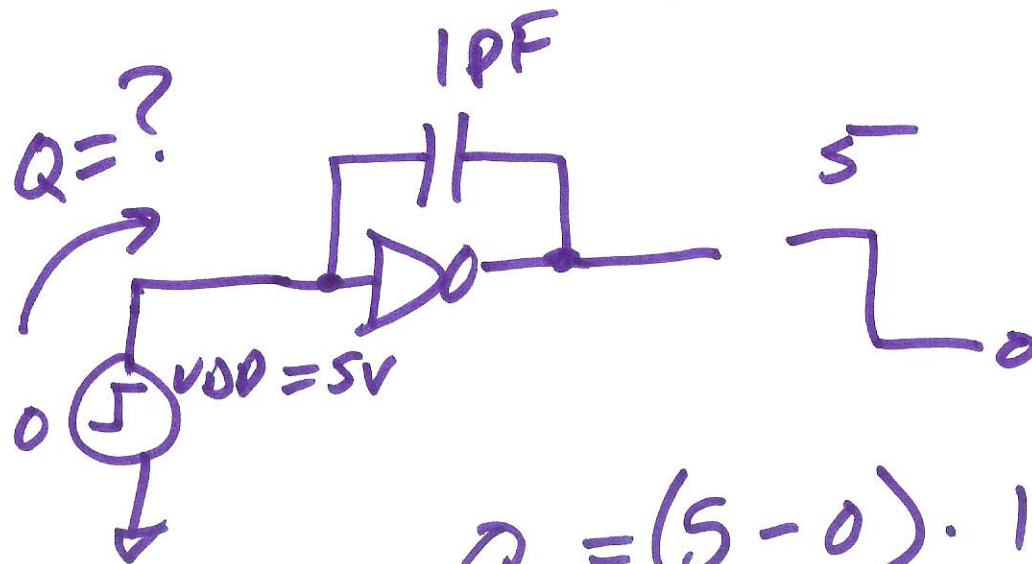
$$t_d = 0.7 RC$$

$$Q_2 = (VDD - 0) \frac{1}{2} C_{ox}$$

$$C = \frac{1}{2} C_{ox} = C_{ox}$$

$$Q_2 - Q_1 = 2VDD \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot C_{ox} = VDD \cdot C_{ox}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} C_{ox}$$



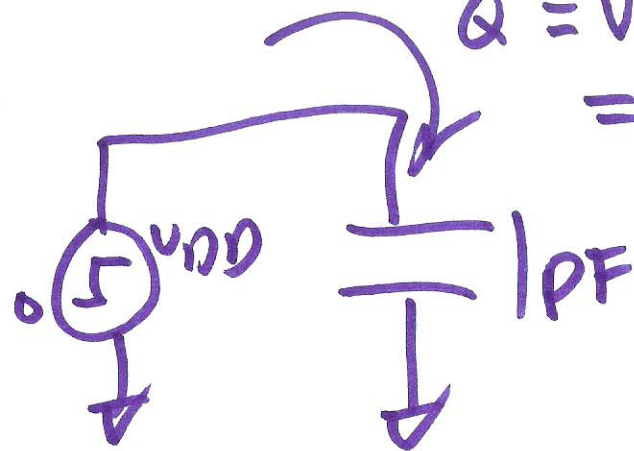
$$Q_1 = (5 - 0) \cdot 1pF$$

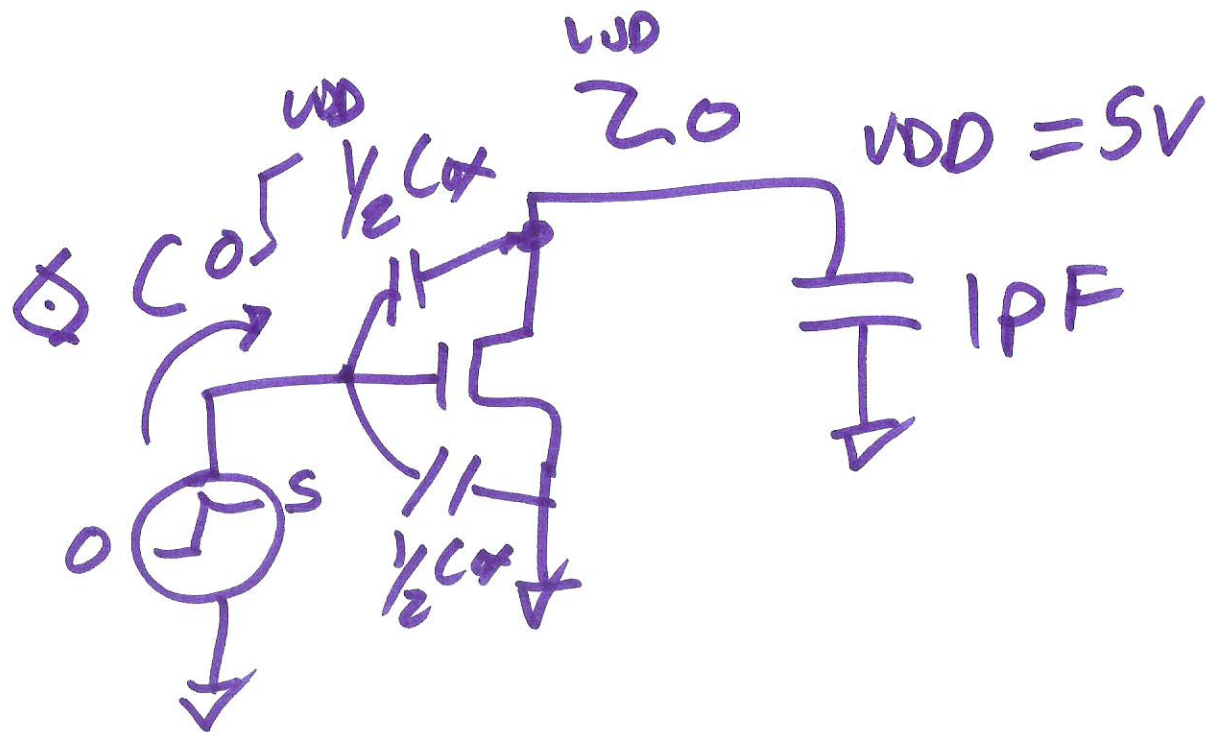
$$Q_2 = (0 - 5) \cdot 1pF$$

$$Q = V_{DD} \cdot 1pF = 5pC$$

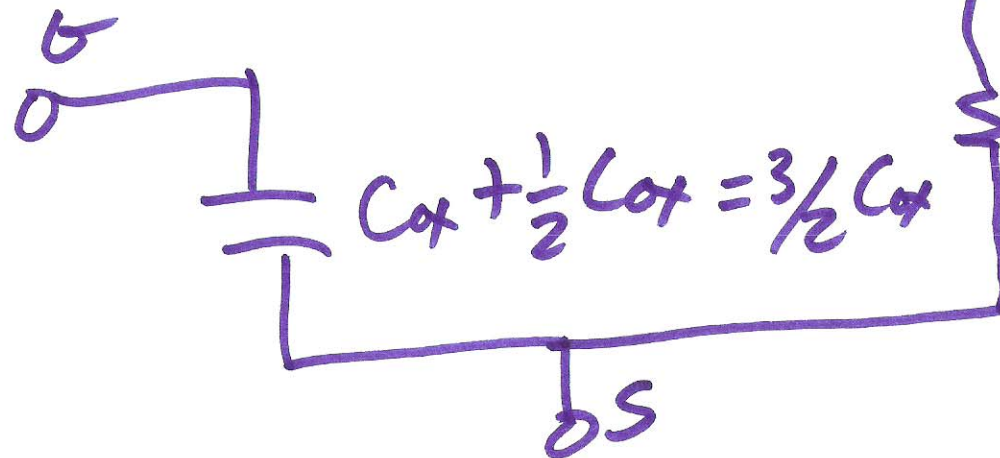
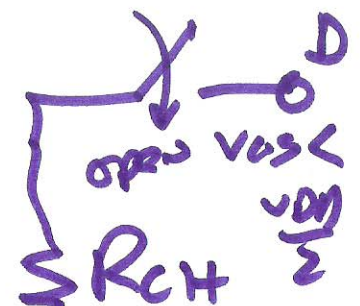
$$Q_T = Q_1 - Q_2 = 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 1pF = V_{DD} \cdot 2 \cdot 1pF$$

$$Q_T = 10pC$$

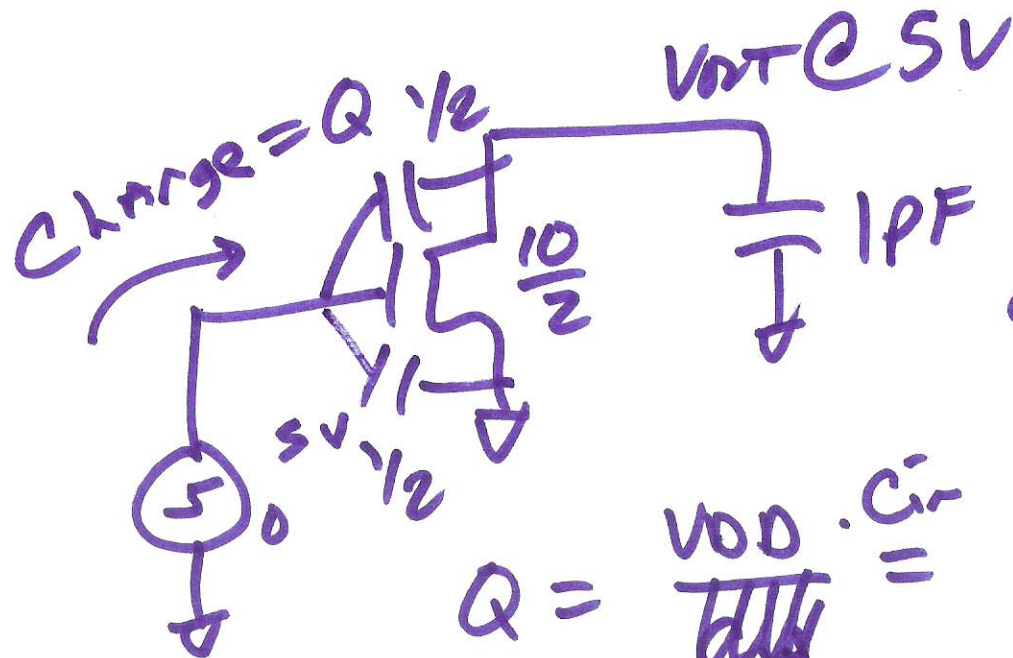




Closed $V_{OS} > \frac{V_{DD}}{2}$



4)



$$CV = Q$$

$$Q = \frac{V_{DD} \cdot C_{in}}{2} = \frac{V_{DD} \cdot \frac{3}{2} C_{ox}}{2} = \frac{5V \cdot \frac{3}{2} C_{ox}}{2}$$

$$C_{ox} = C'_{ox} \cdot W \cdot L \text{ (scaling)} = \frac{2.5 \text{ fF}}{\mu\text{m}^2} \cdot 3 \mu\text{m} \cdot 0.6 \mu\text{m}$$

$$= 4.5 \text{ fF}$$

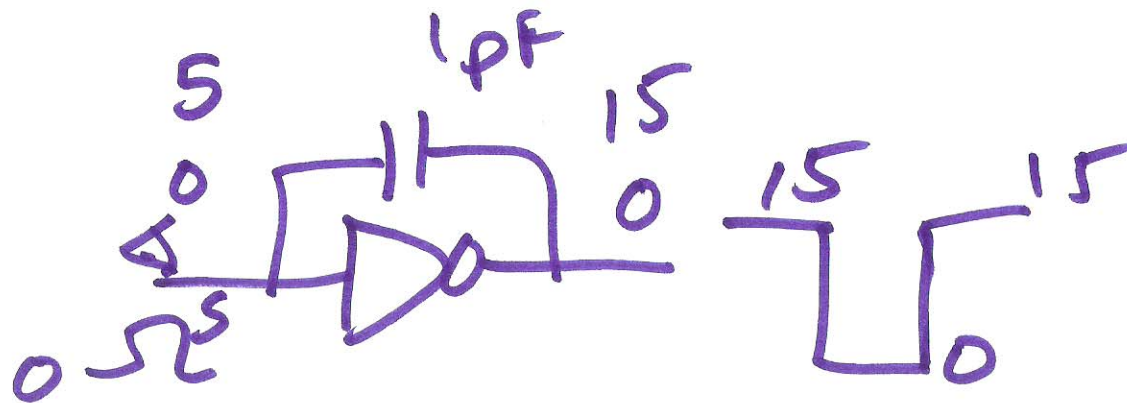
$$Q = 5 \cdot 4.5 \text{ fF} \cdot \frac{3}{2}$$

$$Q = 17.5 \text{ fF}$$

$$\underline{\underline{22.5 \text{ fF} \cdot \frac{3}{2} = 33.75 \text{ fC}}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{33.75 \text{ fC}}}$$

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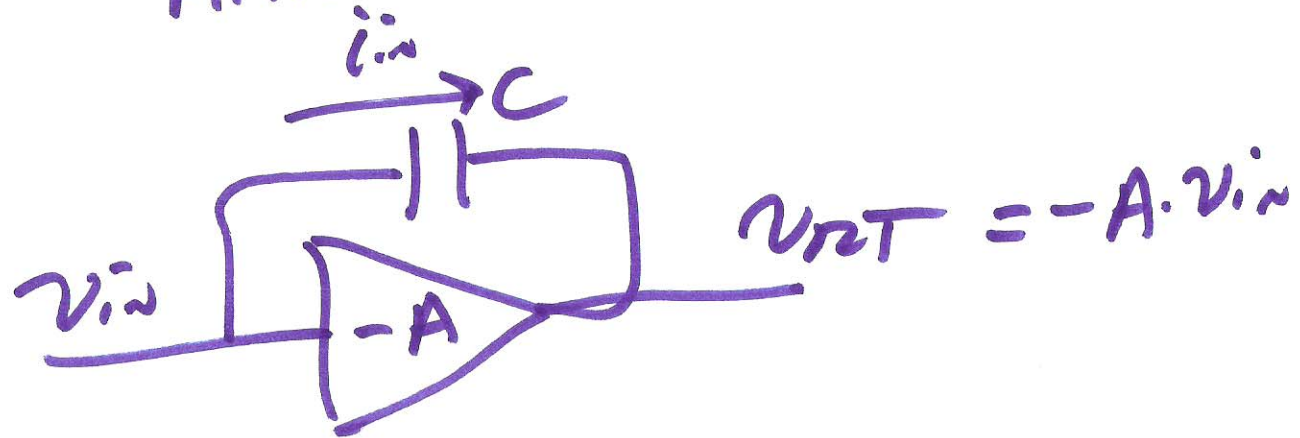
$$(15 - 0) \text{ pF}$$

$$(0 - 5) \text{ pF}$$

$$4 \cdot V_{DD} \cdot 1 \text{ pF}$$

$$= V_{DD} \cdot \underline{\underline{4 \text{ pF}}}$$

Miller effect

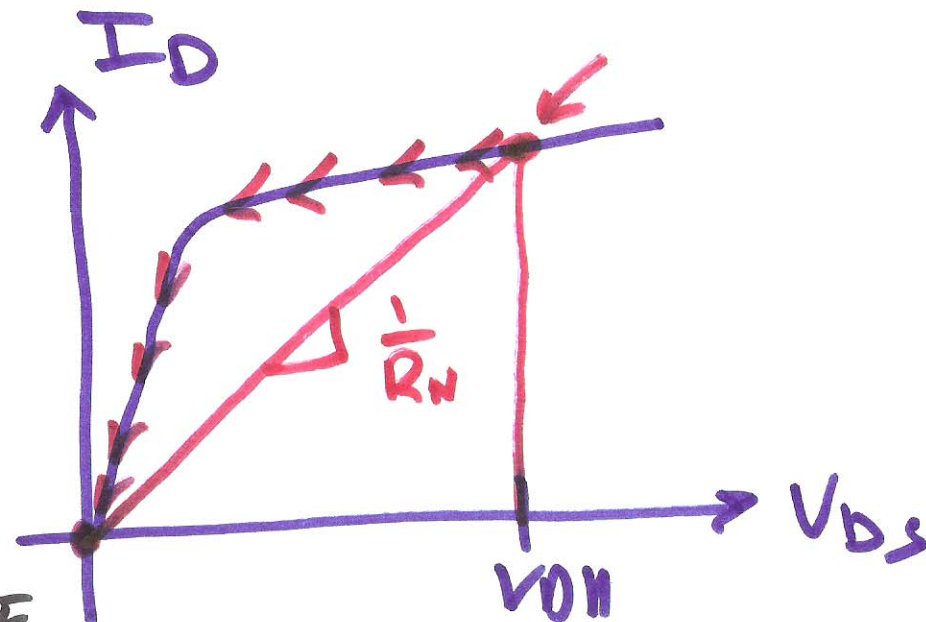
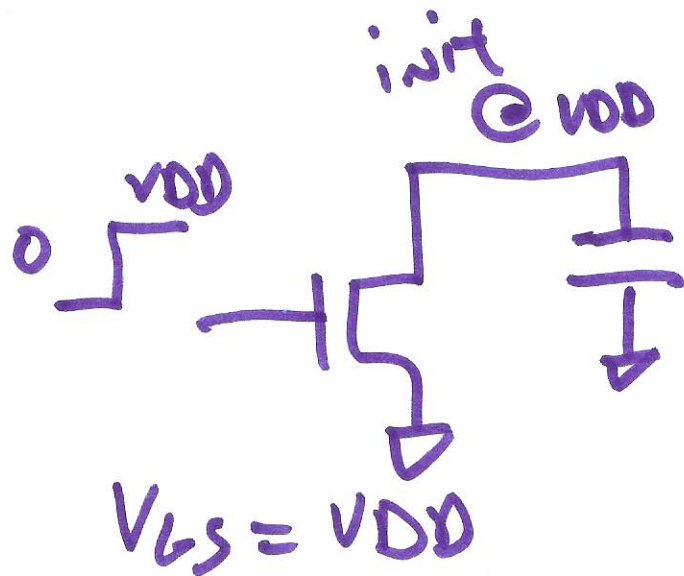


Ohm's law: $i_{in} = \frac{v_{in} - (-A v_{in})}{1/j\omega C}$

$i_{in} = j\omega C(1+A) \cdot v_{in}$

Equivalent circuit: $i_{in} = \frac{v_{in} - 0}{1/j\omega C_{eq}}$

$C_{eq} = C(1+A)$



$$t_d = 0.7 \cdot 5k \cdot 1pF = 3.5ns$$

$$R_N = \frac{V_{DD}}{\frac{K_{PN} \cdot W}{2} (V_{DD} - V_{THN})^2}$$

$$R_N = R'_N \cdot \frac{L}{W}$$

$$25k \cdot \frac{2}{10} \approx 5k$$

$$R_N = R'_N \cdot \frac{L}{W} = 1.1 \mu A$$

$$= \frac{5}{1.1 \mu A} = 4.54k$$

$$R'_N = \frac{10}{2} \cdot 4.54 \approx 25k$$