

EE421 / ELG 621 $10^{-12} \times 2700 \mu\text{m}^2$
 Digital IC Design $4\mu\text{m} \cdot 4\mu\text{m}$

- N-well:
- Resistor
- Diode
- Body of the pmos device

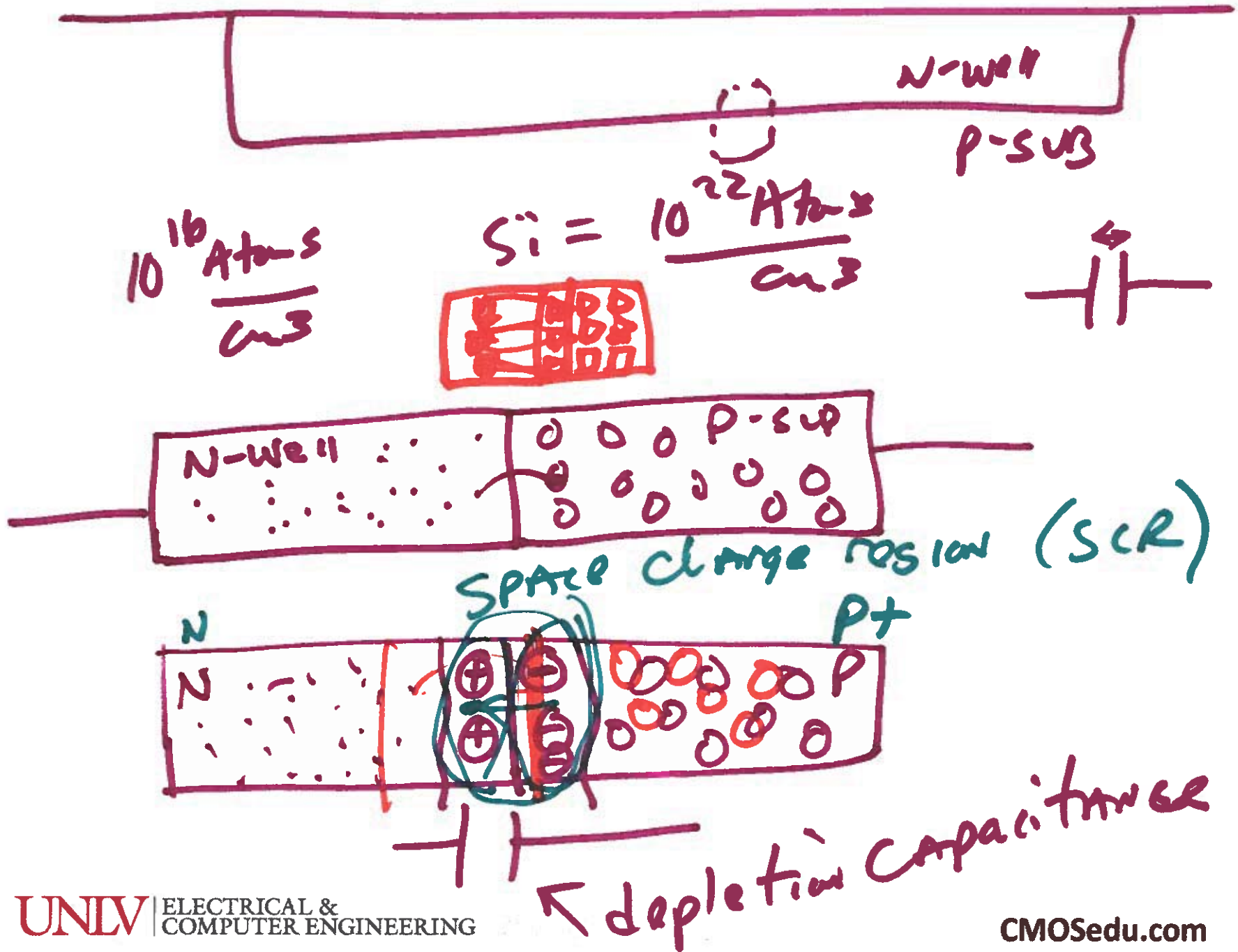
Sept. 4, 2019

AREA $10\mu\text{m} \cdot 7\mu\text{m}$
 perimeter = $214\mu\text{m}$

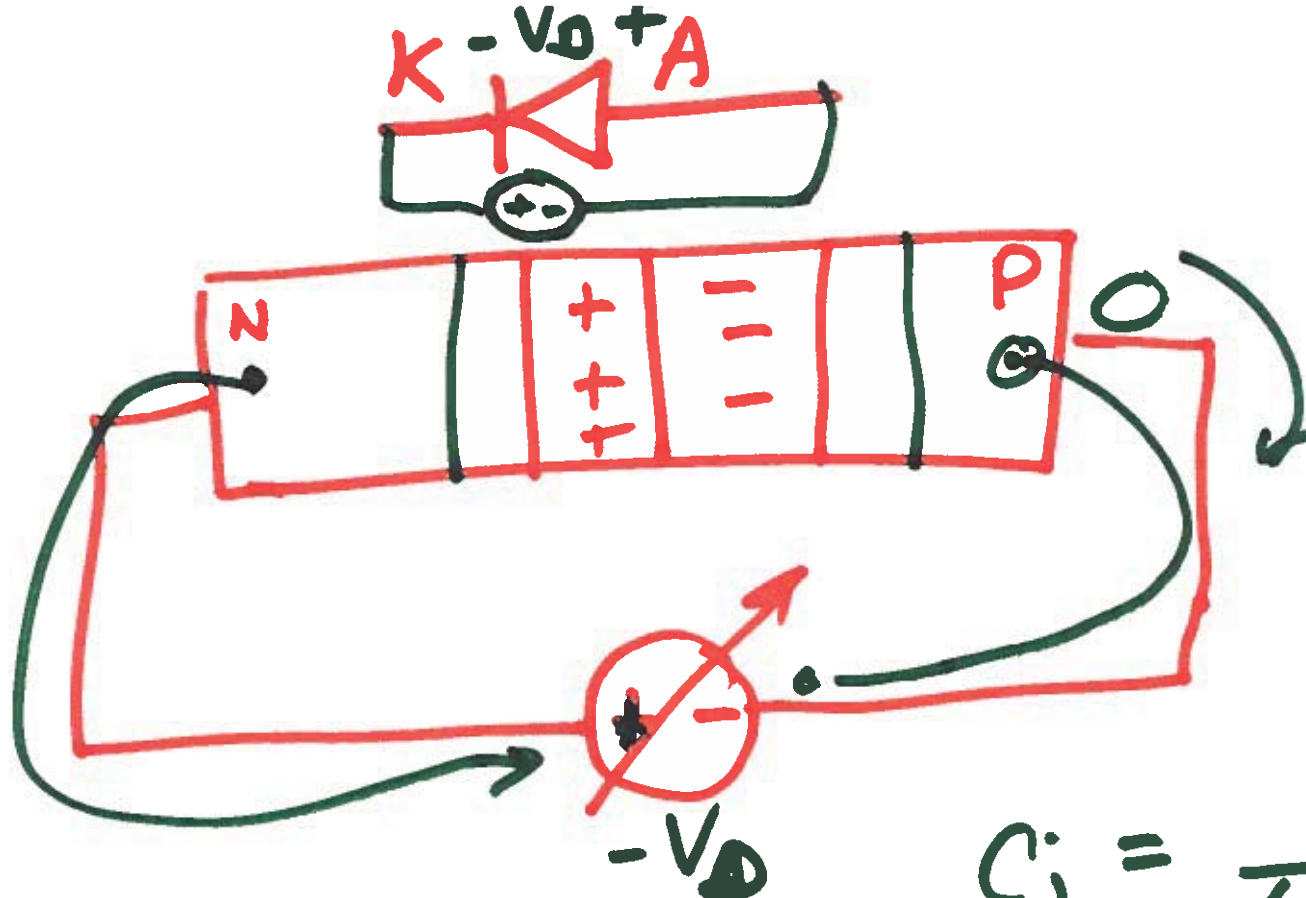
Lecture 3



1) Millionth of a meter = MICRON = $10^{-6} \text{ m} = 4\mu\text{m}$



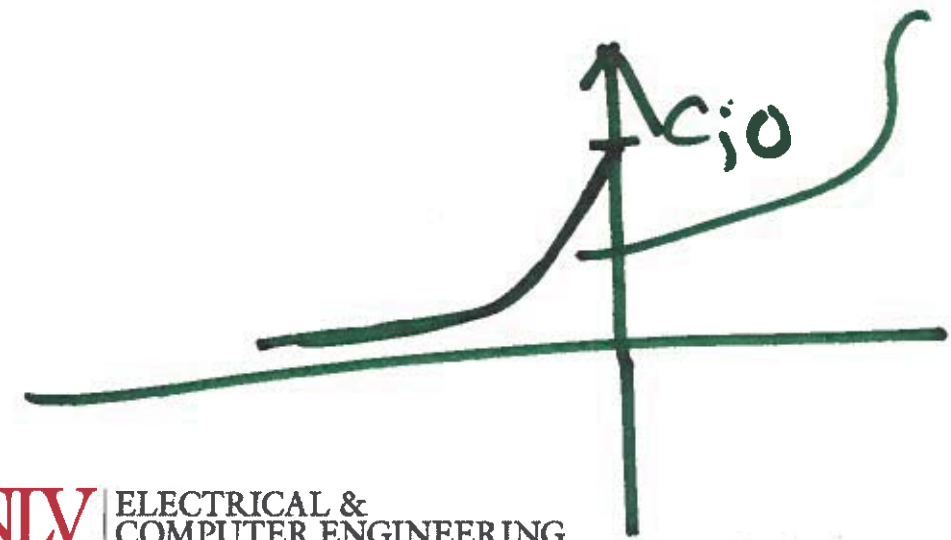
2)



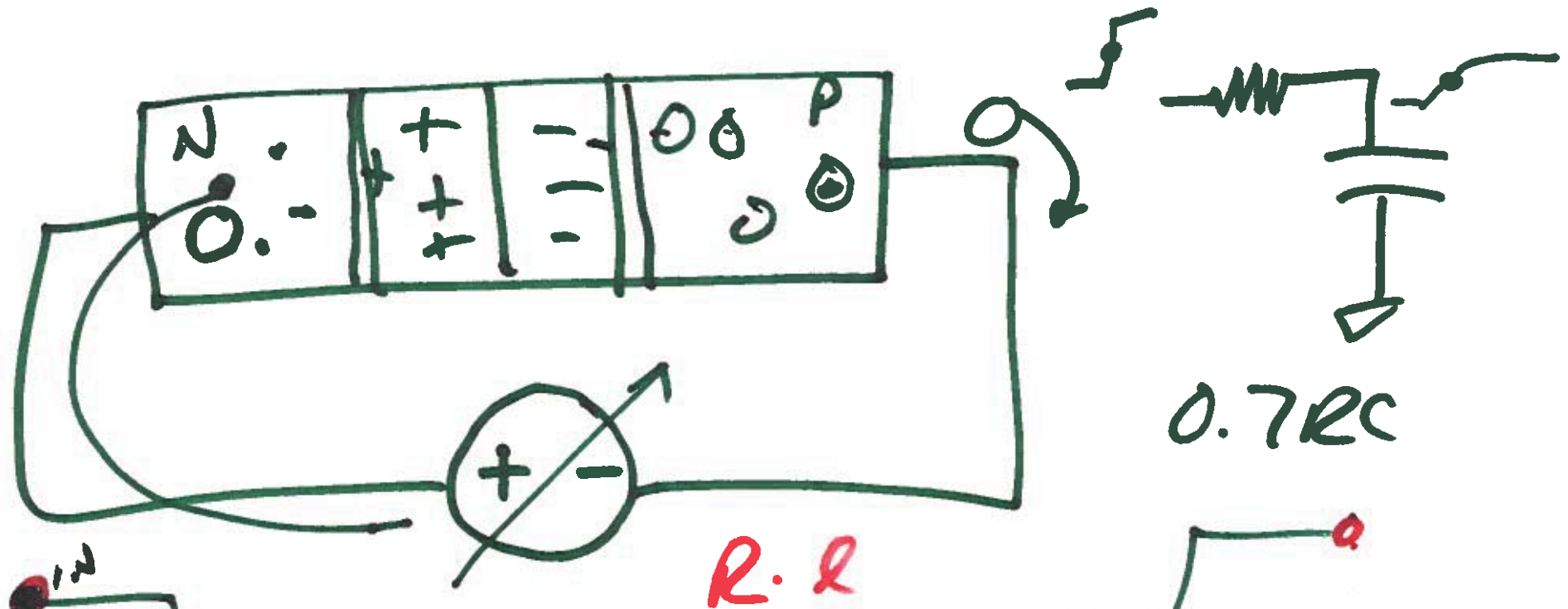
CAP with NO bias
 C_{j0}

$$C_{j, Rev.} = \frac{C_{j0}}{\left(1 + \left|\frac{V_D}{\phi_b}\right|\right)^M}$$

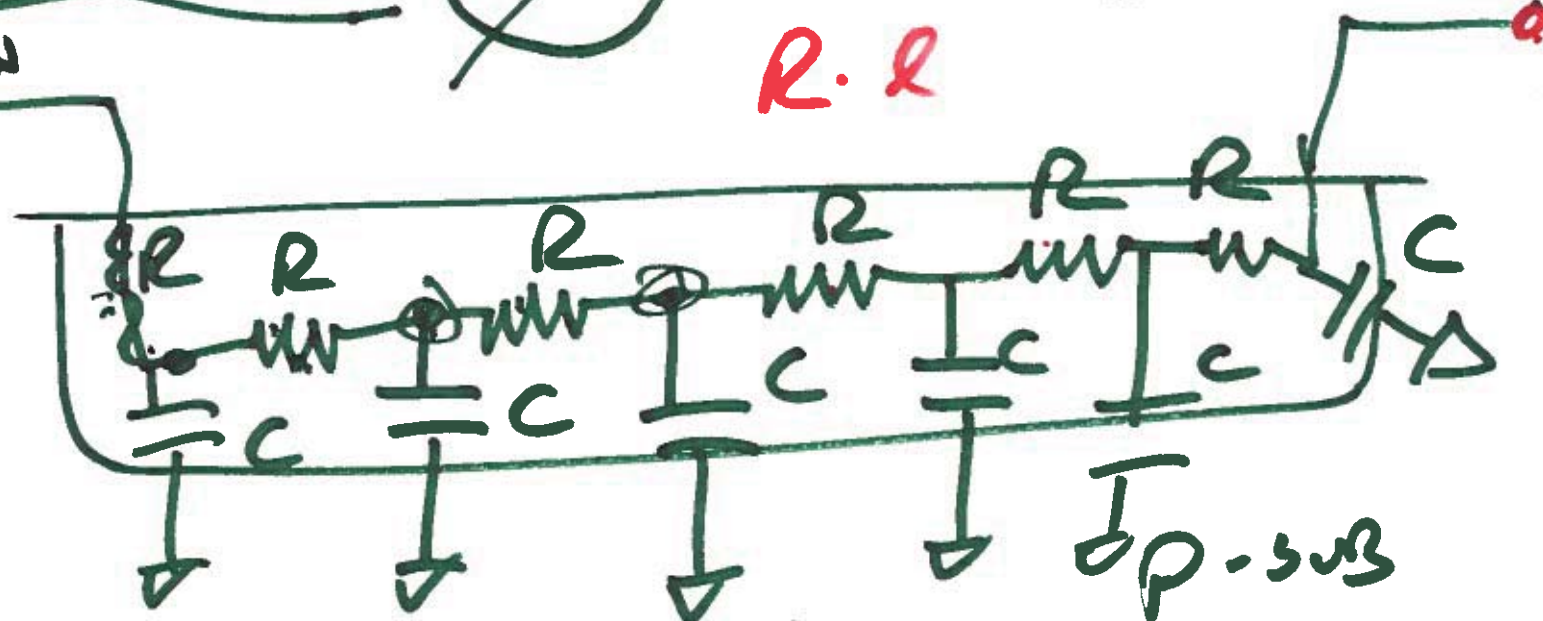
built-in potential, grading coeff.



3)



R.l



$$0.7RC + 0.72RC + 0.73RC + \dots + 0.7lRC$$

$$t_d = 0.7RC (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + l)$$

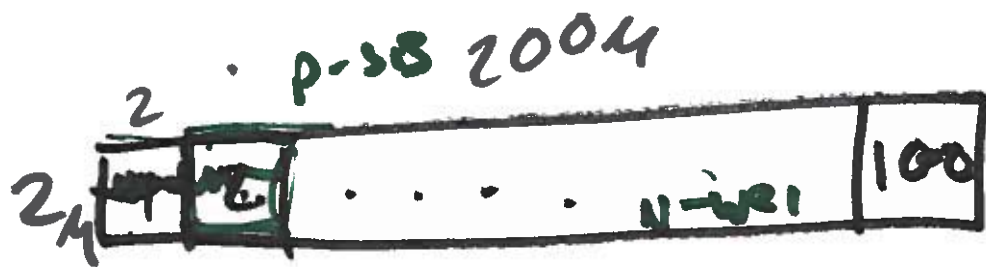
4)

$$t_d = 0.7RC \cdot \frac{l(l+1)}{2}$$

l is big

$$t_d \approx 0.7RC \cdot \frac{l^2}{2}$$

$$t_d = 0.35 \cdot R \cdot C l^2$$



$$R_D = \frac{1k}{D}$$

$$l = 100$$

$$r_B = 3k$$

$$R = 1k \cdot \frac{200}{2}$$

$$= 100k$$

100 aF / $4n^2 \rightarrow$ zero bias

$$C_b = 2q \times 2q \times \frac{100 \text{ aF}}{4^2} = 400 \text{ aF}$$

$$C_{sw} = \frac{50 \text{ aF}}{4m} \cdot 44 = 200 \text{ aF}$$

$$C = C_b + C_{sw} = 600 \text{ aF}$$

$$C_{TOT} = 600 \text{ aF} \cdot 100 = 60 \text{ fF}$$

$$Q = 100, C = 600 \text{ aF}, r = 1 \text{ k}$$

$$t_d = 0.35 \cdot 1 \text{ k} \cdot 600 \text{ aF} \cdot 100^2$$

$$\approx 10^3 \cdot 10^{-18} \cdot 210$$

$$= 210 \cdot 10^{-10} = \underline{\underline{21 \text{ ns}}}$$

