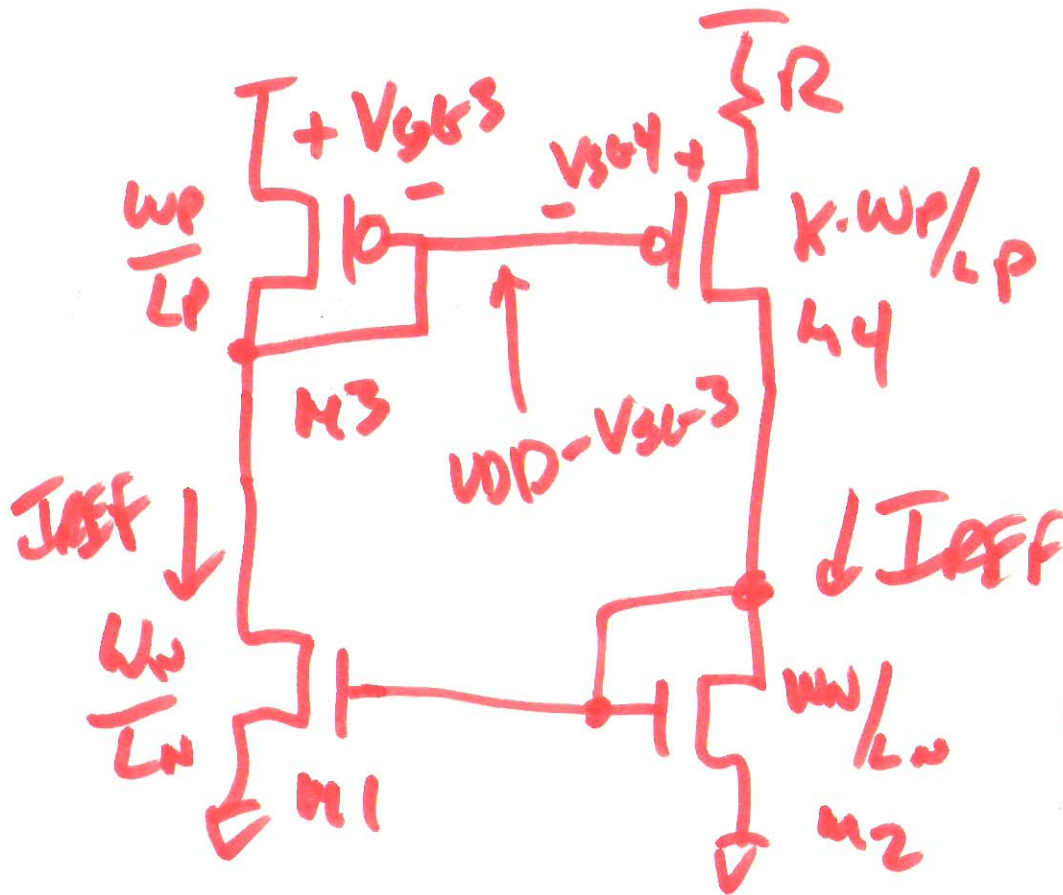


EE 422/ECG 622

Analog IC Design

Lecture 16

3/20/13



$$V_{DD} - V_{SG3} =$$

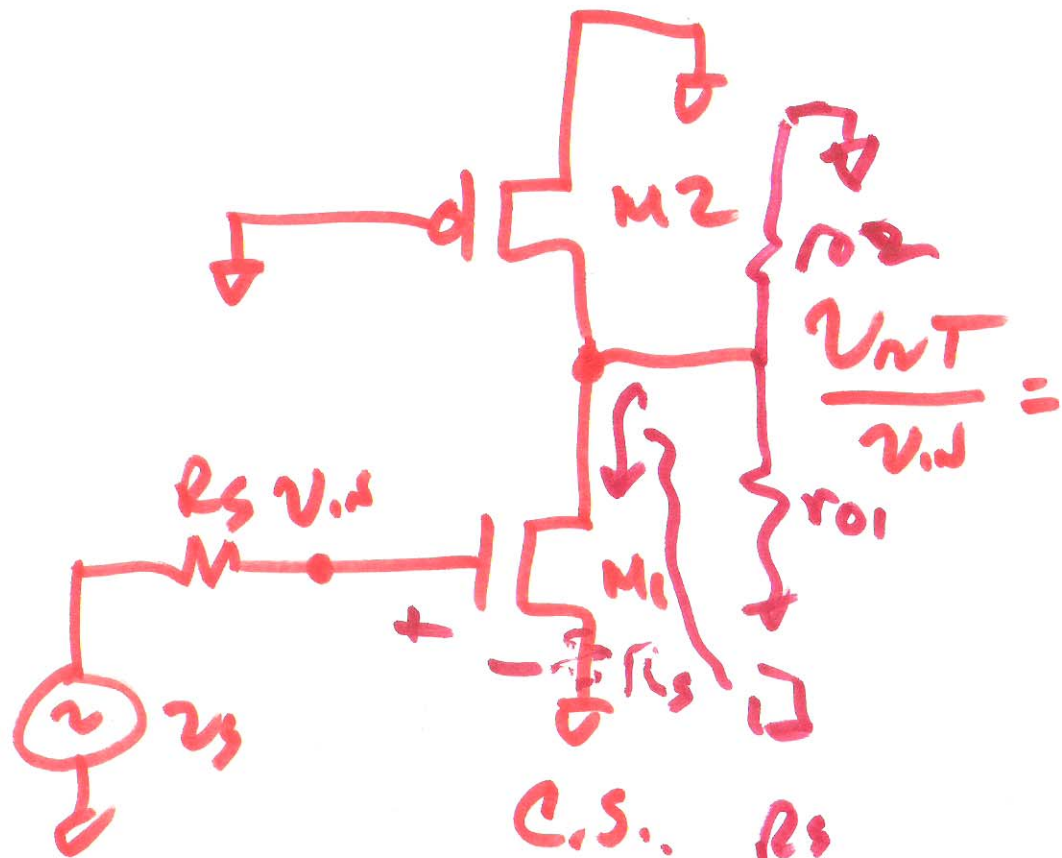
$$V_{DD} - I_{REF} \cdot R - V_{SG4}$$

$$V_{SG3} = V_{SG4} + I_{REF} R$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{2I_{REF}}{\beta_P}} + V_{THP} =$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{2I_{REF}}{K \cdot \beta_P}} + V_{THP} + I_{REF} R$$

$$I_{REF} \cdot R = \sqrt{\frac{2I_{REF}}{\beta_P}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{K}} \right)$$



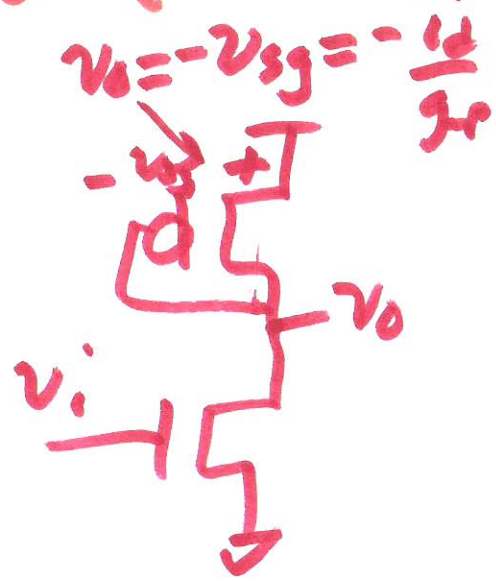
$$\frac{v_{o,d}}{v_{i,d}} = -\frac{r_{o1} || r_{o2}}{\frac{1}{g_{m1}} + R_s}$$

$$= -g_{m1} (r_{o1} || r_{o2})$$

C.S. R_s

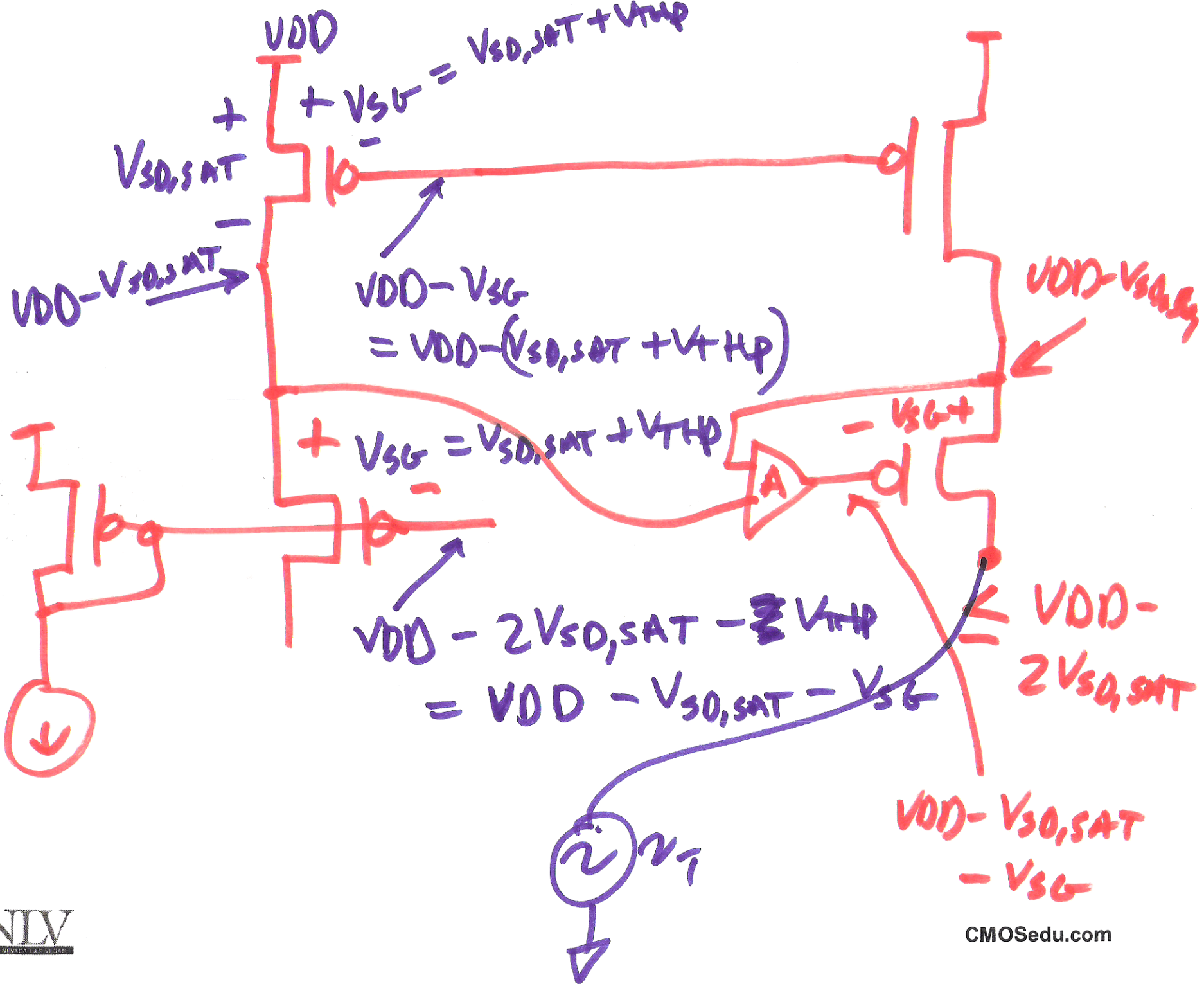
$$v_{i,d} = v_{gs} = \frac{i_d}{g} + i_d \cdot R_s$$

$$v_{o,d} = -i_d (r_{o1} || r_{o2})$$

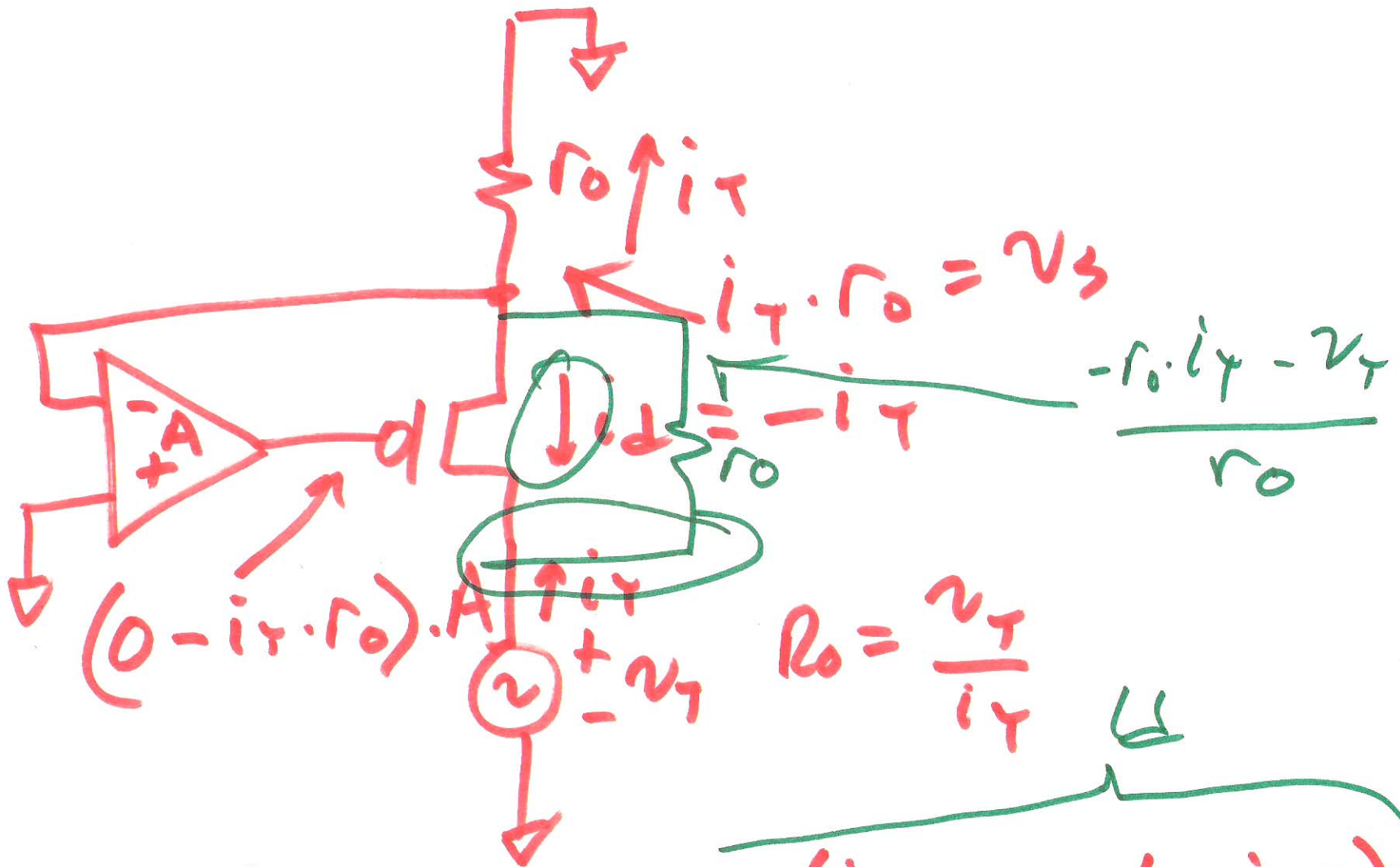


$$v_o = -v_{sg} = -\frac{i_d}{g}$$

2)



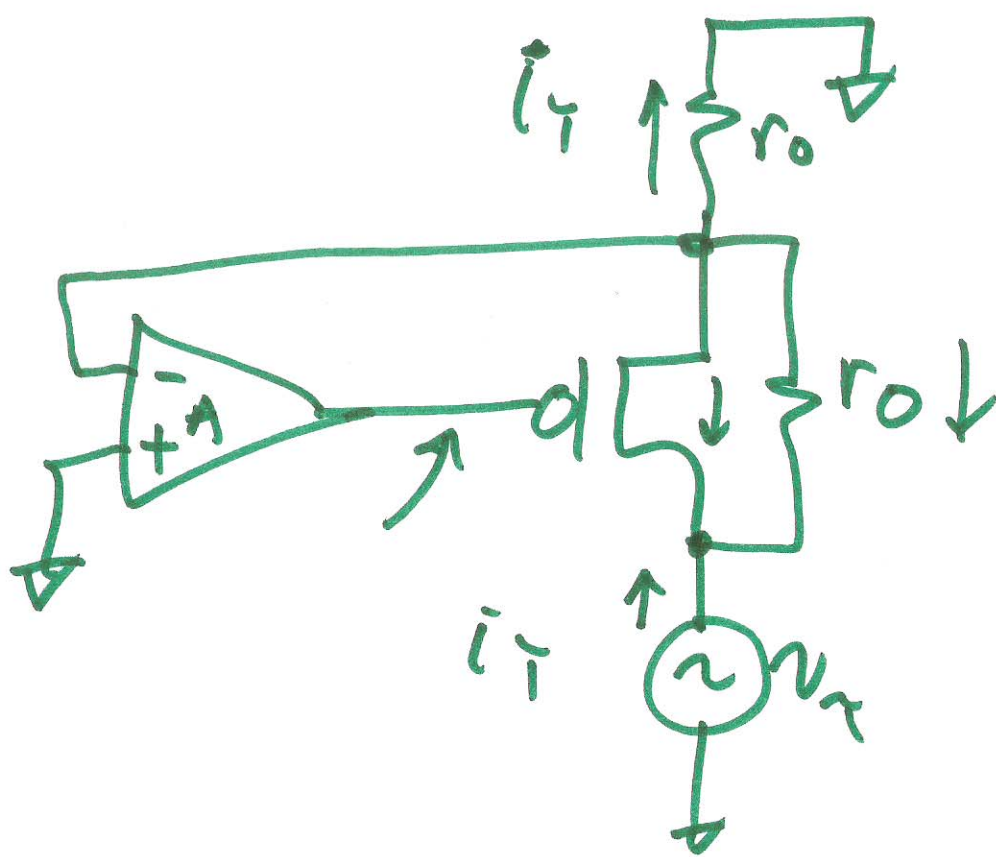
3)



$$i_T = g_m v_s = g_m \left(\underbrace{i_T \cdot r_0}_{v_s} - \underbrace{(0 - i_T \cdot r_0) A}_{v_g} \right)$$

$$-i_T = g_m (+i_T) (r_0 + A r_0)$$

$$\frac{-i_T \cdot r_o - v_T}{r_o} = -i_T \cdot g_m (r_o + r_o \cdot A) + i_T$$



$$i_T + \frac{i_T \cdot r_o - v_T}{r_o} + g_m (v_{sg}) = 0$$

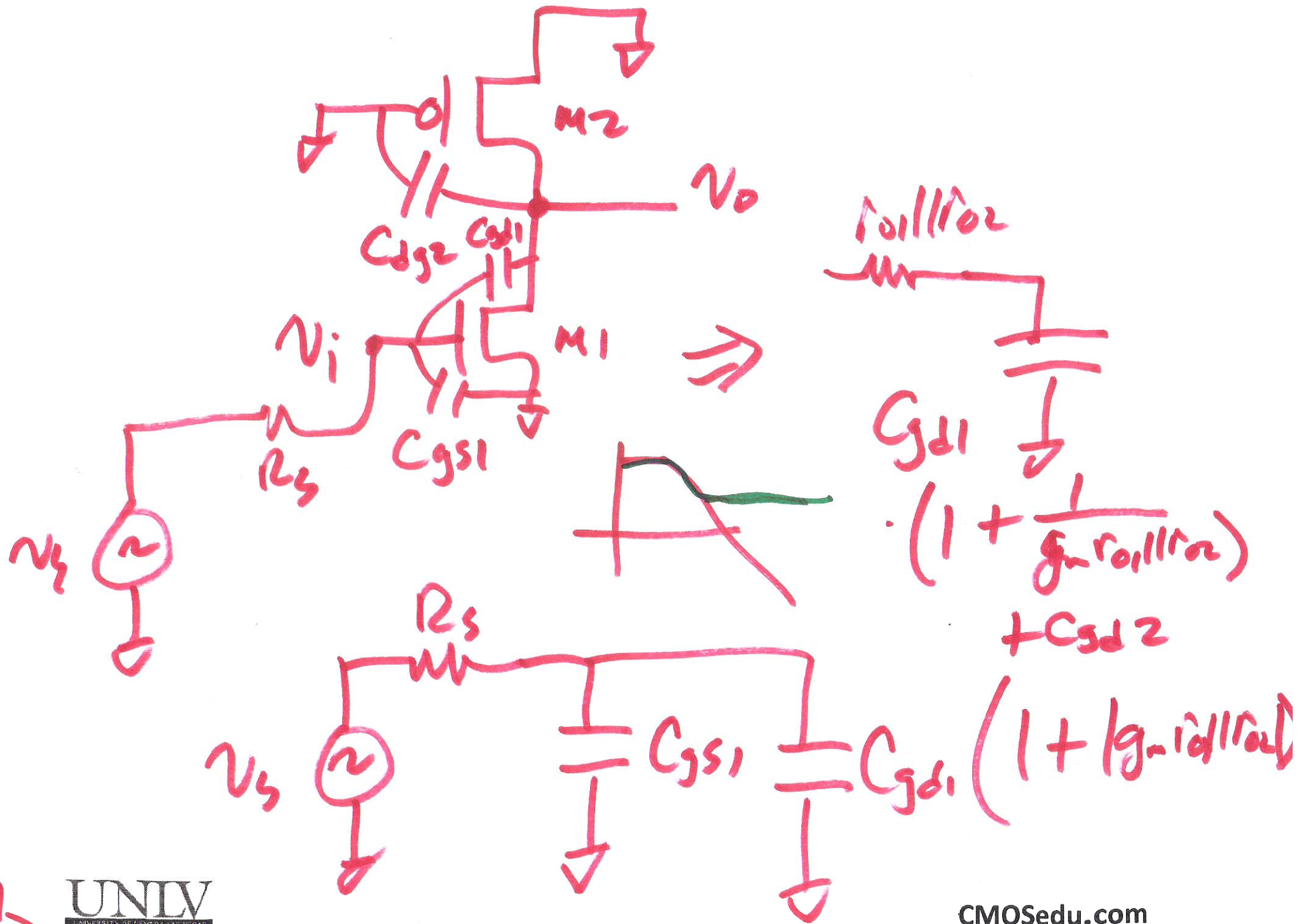
$$r_o \cdot i_T - A(-i_T r_o)$$

$$i_Y + \frac{i_Y r_o - v_T}{r_o} + g_m r_o i_T + g_m A r_o i_T = 0$$

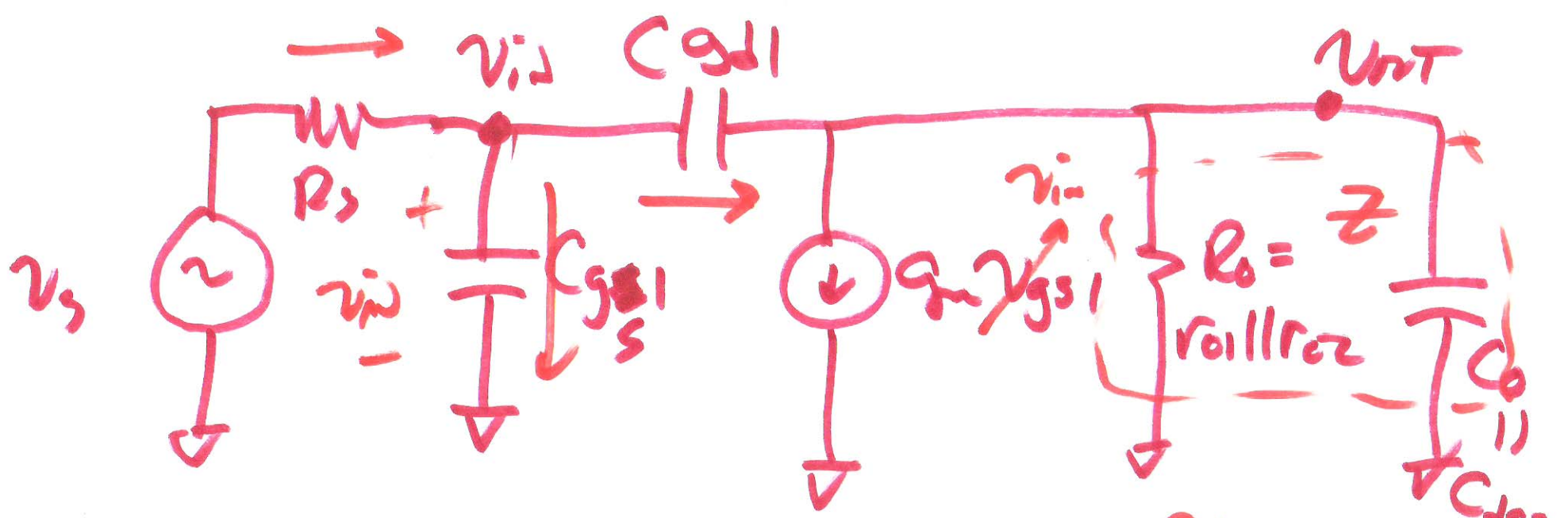
$$\frac{v_Y}{r_o} = i_T (1 + 1 + g_m r_o + g_m r_o \cdot A)$$

$$\frac{v_T}{i_T} = r_o (2 + g_m r_o + g_m r_o \cdot A)$$

$$\approx \underline{\underline{g_m r_o^2 \cdot A}}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & r_{o1} r_{o2} \\
 & C_{gd1} \downarrow \\
 & \cdot \left(1 + \frac{1}{g_m r_{o1} r_{o2}} \right) \\
 & + C_{gd2} \\
 & C_{gd1} \left(1 + |g_m| r_{o1} |r_{o2}| \right)
 \end{aligned}$$



$$-\left(\frac{v_s - v_{in}}{R_s}\right) + \frac{v_{in}}{1/j\omega C_{gs1}} + \frac{v_{in} - v_{out}}{1/j\omega C_{gd1}} = 0$$

$$v_{in} = \frac{v_s/R + v_{out} \cdot j\omega C_{gd1}}{1/R_s + j\omega C_{gs1} + j\omega C_{gd2}}$$

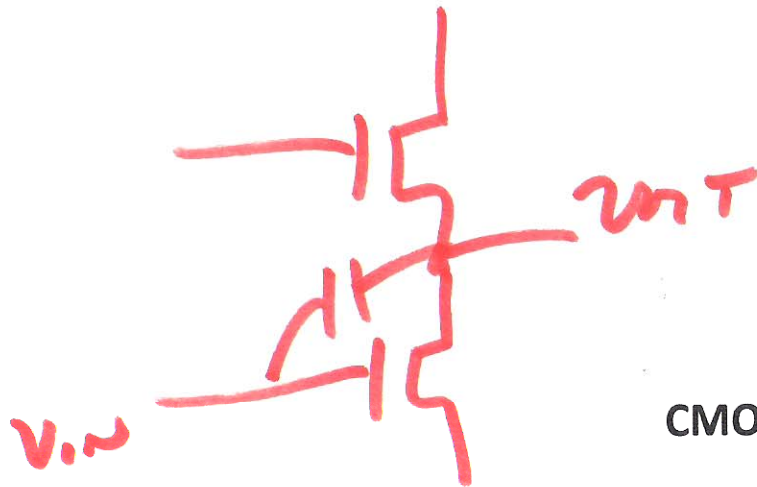
8)

$$\frac{v_{out}}{z} + g_m v_{in} = \frac{v_{in} - v_{out}}{1/j\omega C_{gd1}}$$

$$\frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = -g_{m1} \cdot R_o \cdot \frac{1 - j\omega \frac{C_{gd1}}{g_{m1}}}{1 + j\omega(C_{gd1} + C_o) \cdot R_o}$$

$$f_z = \frac{+g_{m1}}{2\pi C_{gd1}}$$

RHP zero



9)

$$1 + \frac{f}{f_z} j$$

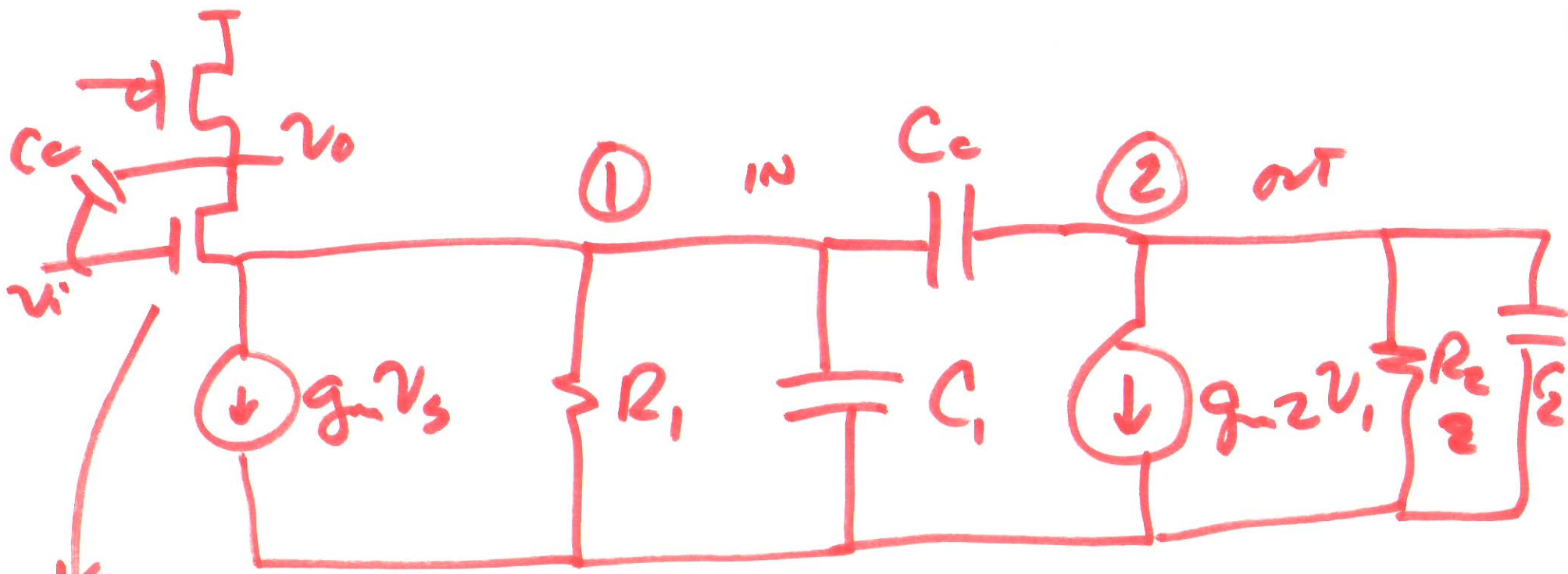
$$= \frac{1 + j \left(-f \cdot \frac{2\pi C_{gd1}}{g_{m1}} \right)}{1 + j f \cdot 2\pi R C}$$

$$1 + j \frac{f}{f_p}$$

$$f_p = \frac{1}{2\pi R C}$$

$$f_z = \frac{-g_{m1}}{2\pi C_{gd1}}$$

10)



$$\frac{1}{2\pi \frac{1}{g_m} \cdot C} \quad f_1 \approx \frac{1}{2\pi R_1 (C_1 + \underbrace{C_c (1 + g_{m2} \cdot R_2)}_{\text{Miller } C})}$$

$$\approx \frac{1}{2\pi R_1 R_2 C_c \cdot g_{m2}}$$

11)

