

Lecture 3

Aug. 30, 2011

Question A31.2

$$A_{CL} = \frac{A_{OL}}{1 + \beta A_{OL}}$$

$$\text{ideal } A_{CL} = 2 = \frac{1}{\beta} \Rightarrow \beta = 0.5$$

$$A_{CL} = 2 \stackrel{\pm \epsilon}{=} \frac{A_{OL}}{1 + 0.5 \cdot A_{OL}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{A_{OL}} + \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$.001 = 0.1\% \text{ Actual}$$

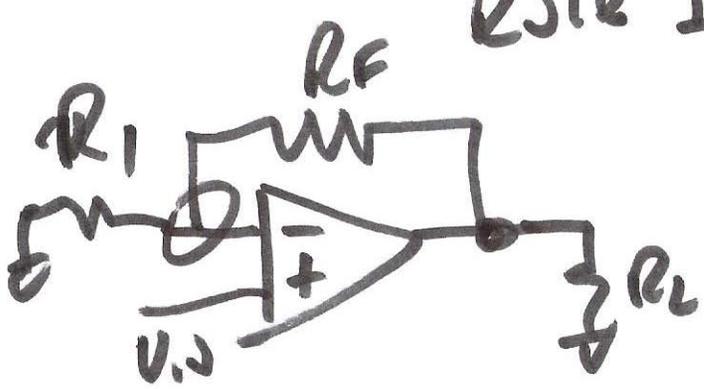
$$2 - 0.002 \xrightarrow{\approx} \frac{1}{\frac{1}{A_{OL}} + \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$1.998$$

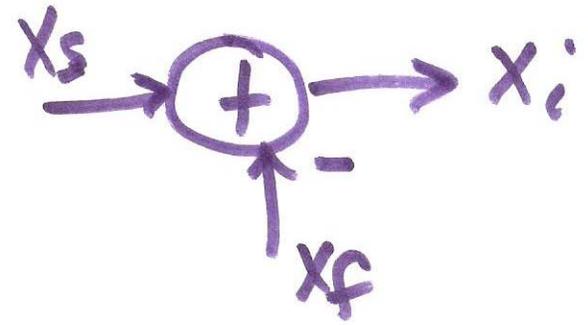
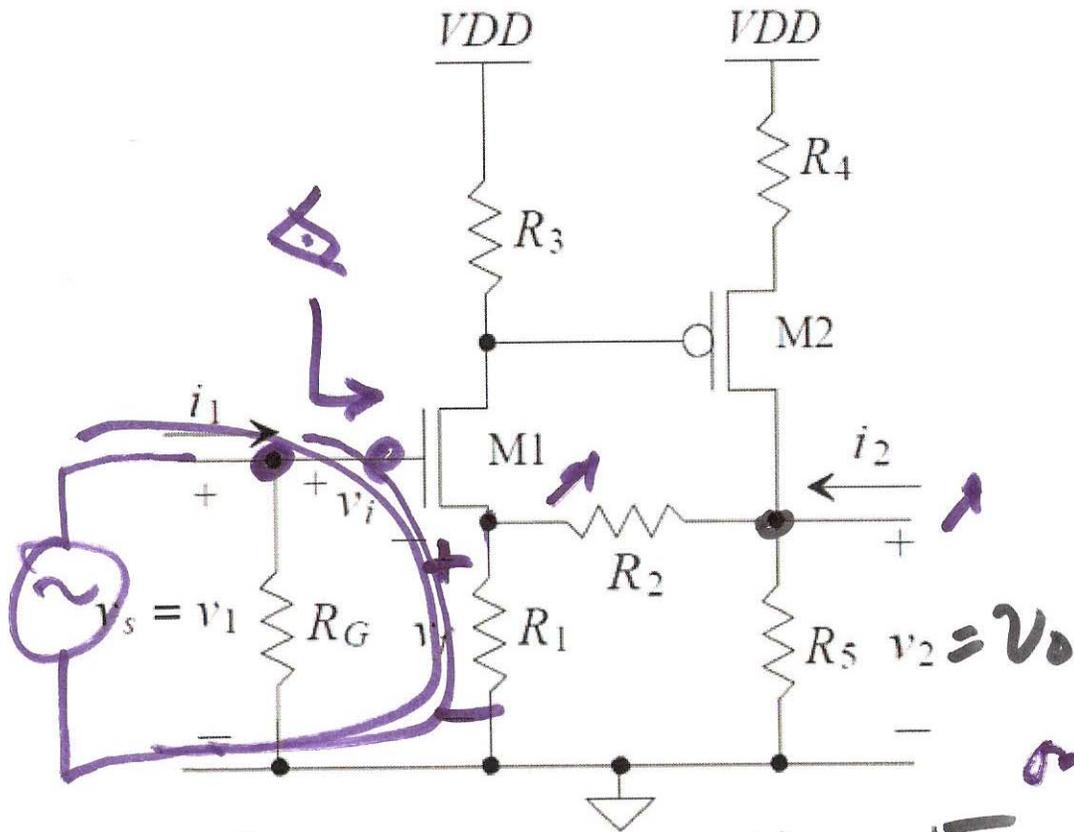
1)

$$\frac{5 \cdot 10^3}{\left(1 + j \frac{f}{100k}\right) \left(1 + j \frac{f}{1MHz}\right)}$$

**PII07**      **OUTPUT**      **SAMPLING**  
**Rule 1:**      one terminal is connected to the load and the other to feedback network → series (current)  
**Rule 2:**      load f.b. network connected to shunt load - shunt (voltage)



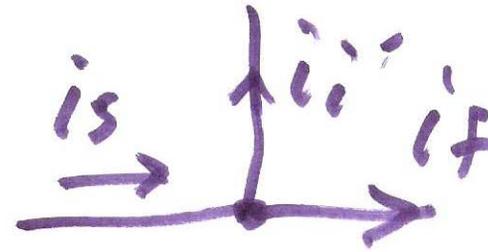
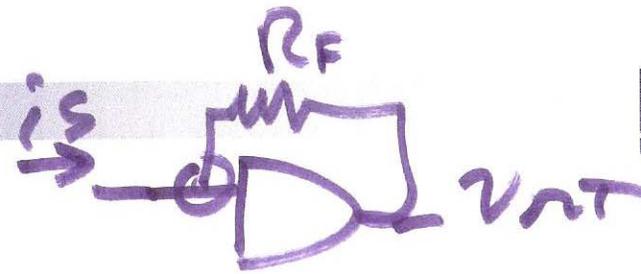
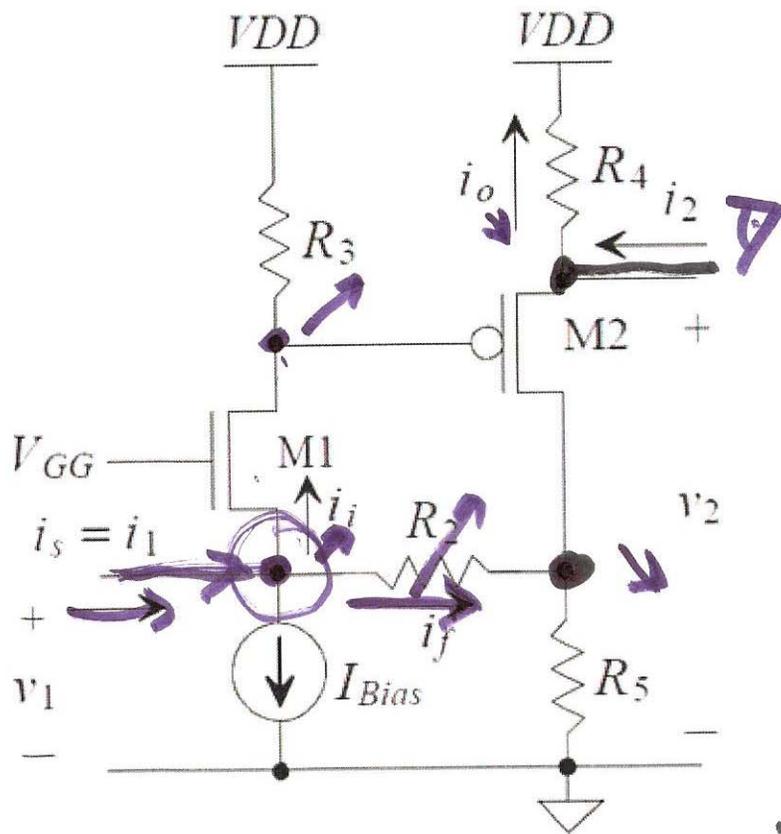
2)



$v_i = v_s - v_f$

Series Voltage - Voltage  
 Shunt f. b.  
 Series-Shunt

3)



$$i_s = i_i + i_f$$

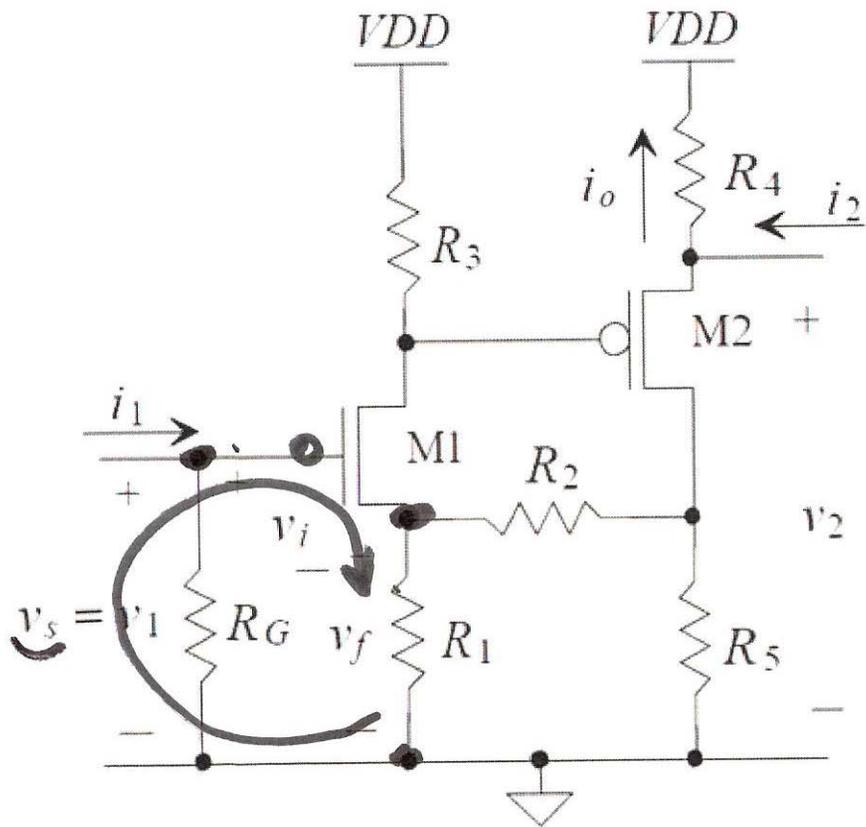
$$i_i = i_s - i_f$$

$$x_i = x_s - x_f$$

Shunt - series f.b.  
 current - current

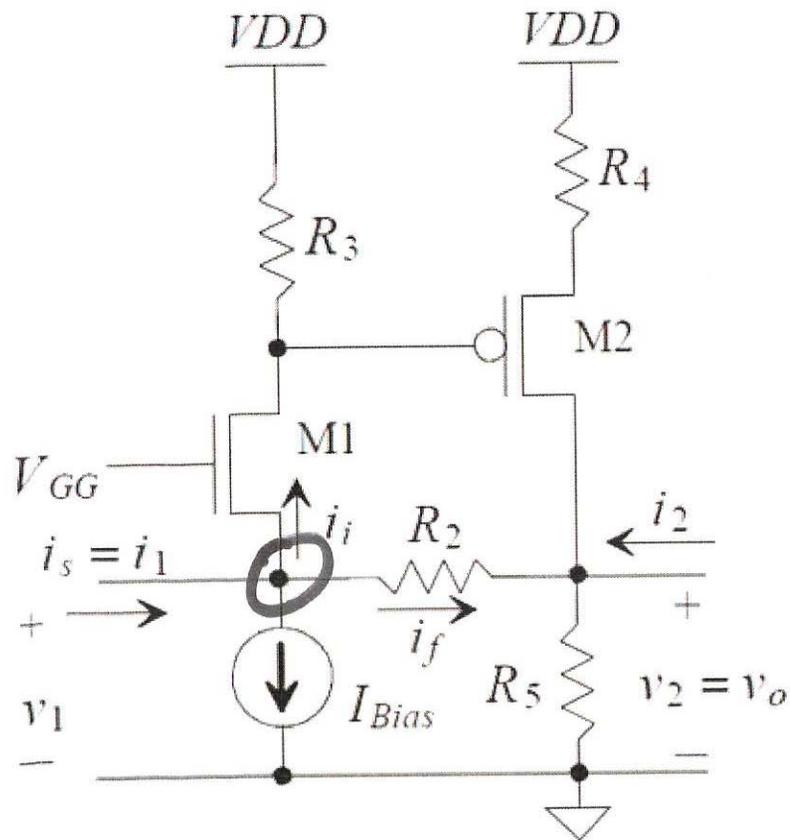
$$R_i = \frac{1}{g_{m1}}$$

4)



Series - Series  
Voltage - Current  
trans conductance

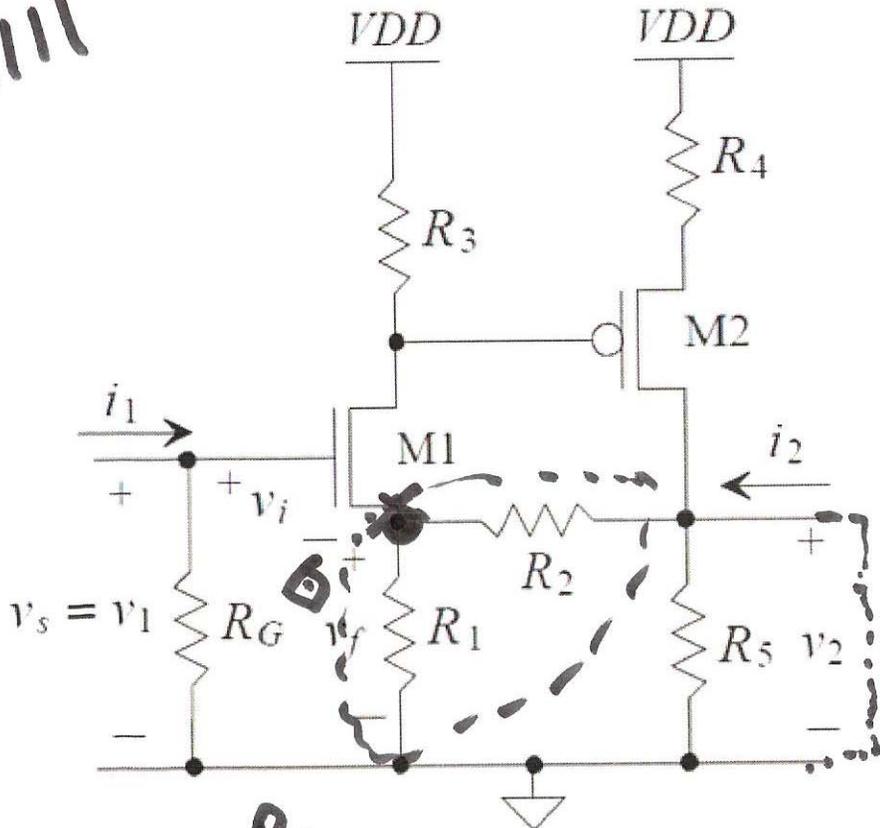
5)



Shunt - shunt  
 current - voltage  
 transimpedance  
 resistance (TIA)

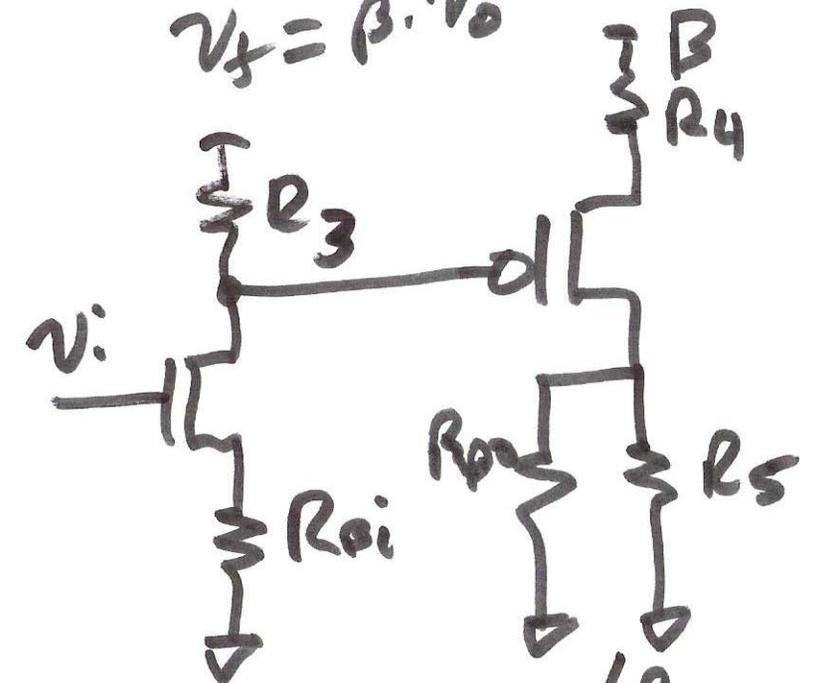
6)

P1111



$$v_f = v_o \cdot \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2}$$

$$v_f = \beta \cdot v_o$$



$\beta = \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2}$  Series-shunt

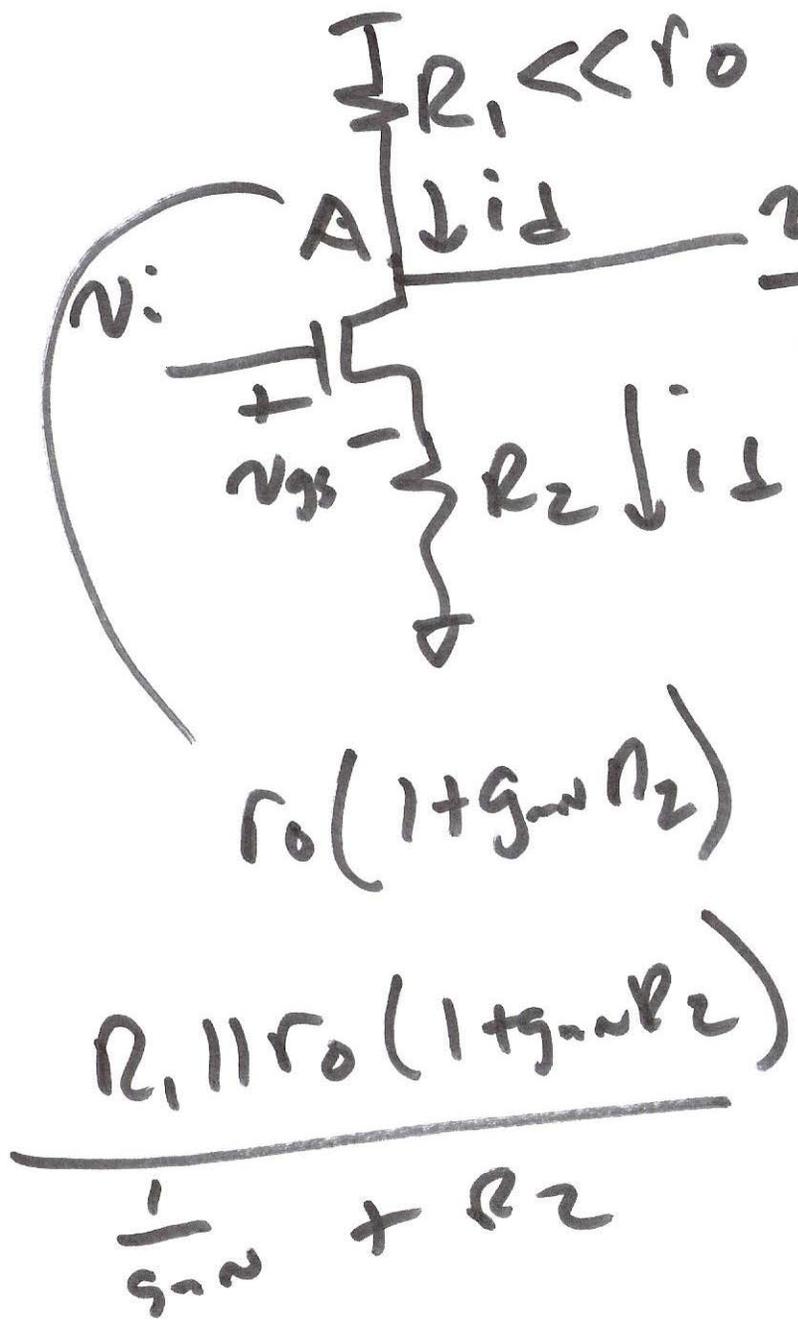
$$v_o = v_2 = v_f \cdot \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1}$$

$$R_{oi} = R_1 \parallel R_2$$

$$R_{oo} = R_1 + R_2$$

$$A_{OL} = \left( \frac{-\beta R_3}{\frac{1}{g_{m1}} + R_{oi}} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{-R_5 \parallel R_{L2}}{R_4 + \frac{1}{g_{m2}}} \right)$$

7)

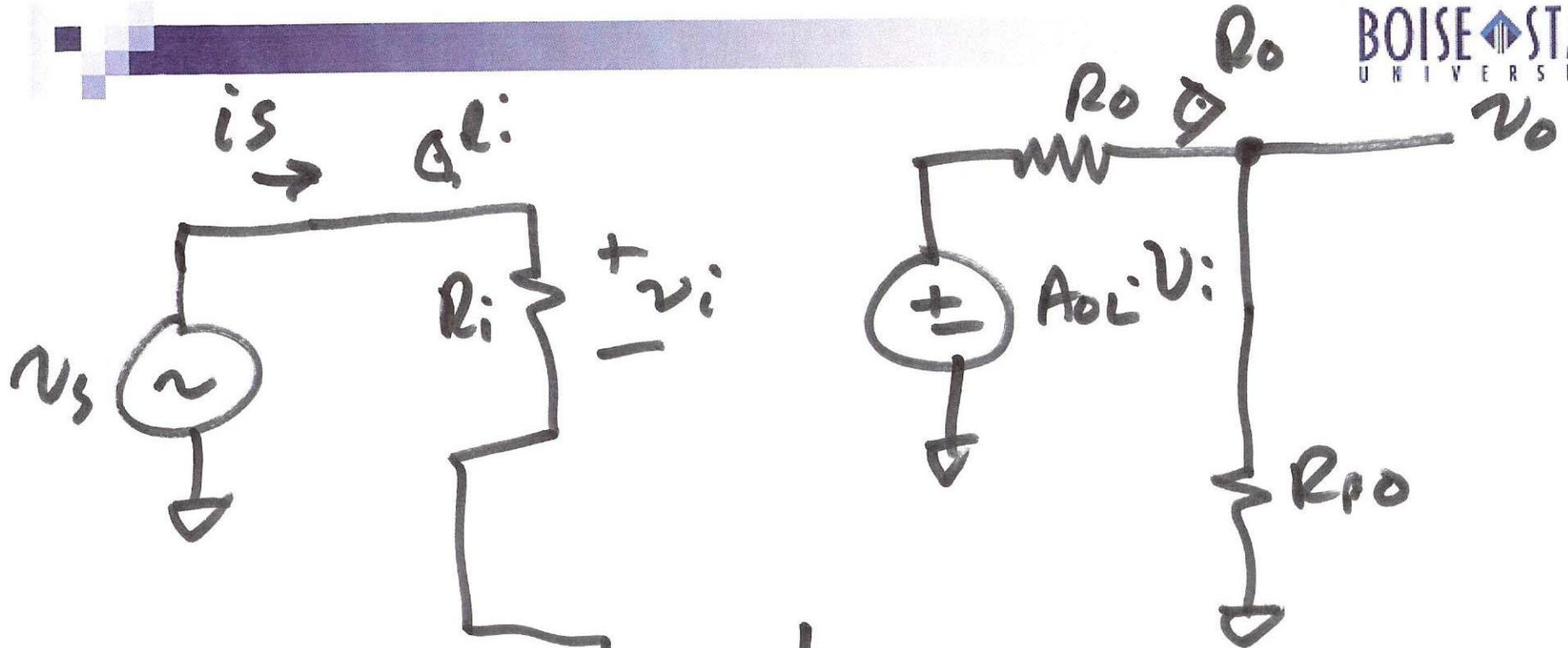


$$\frac{v_o}{v_i} = \frac{-i_d \cdot R_1}{v_{gs} + i_d \cdot R_2}$$

$$v_{gs} = \frac{i_d}{g_m}$$

$$= \frac{-R_1}{\frac{1}{g_m} + R_2}$$

8)



$$R_{in} = \frac{v_s}{i_s}$$

$$i_s \downarrow R_f \quad v_f = \beta \cdot v_o$$

$$\frac{v_o}{v_s} = \frac{A_{OL}}{1 + \beta A_{OL}}$$

$$R_{in} = R_i (1 + \beta A_{OL})$$

$$v_s = i_s \cdot R_i + i_s \cdot R_f \beta$$

$$R_{in} =$$

$$i_s = \frac{v_i}{R_i} + \frac{v_f}{R_f} =$$

a)