

EE 320 Engr Electronics I

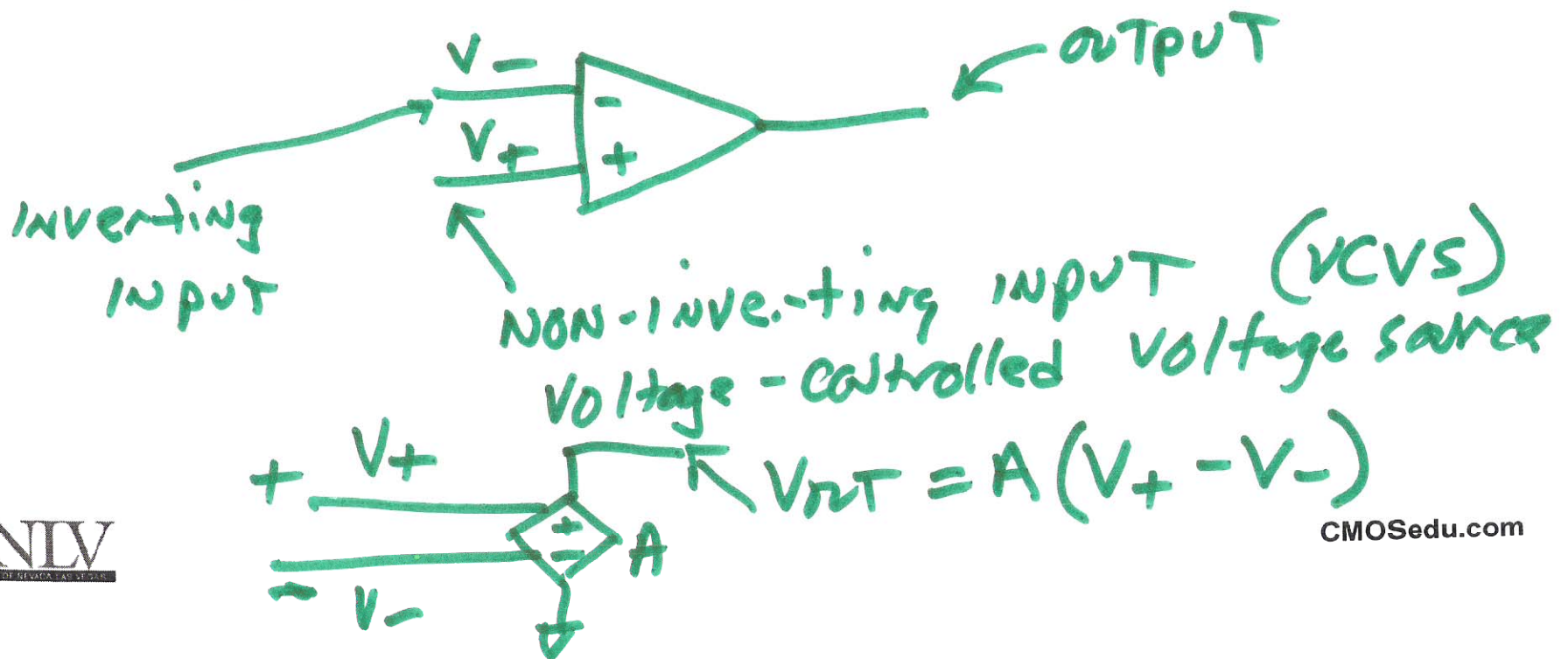
1/23/13 Lecture 1

2:30 - 3:45 PM

M-W

CBC C114

Op-Amp $\rightarrow$ Operational Amplifier



$$V_{out} = A_{OL} \cdot (V_+ - V_-)$$

↑
GAIN

$$A_{OL} \rightarrow \infty$$

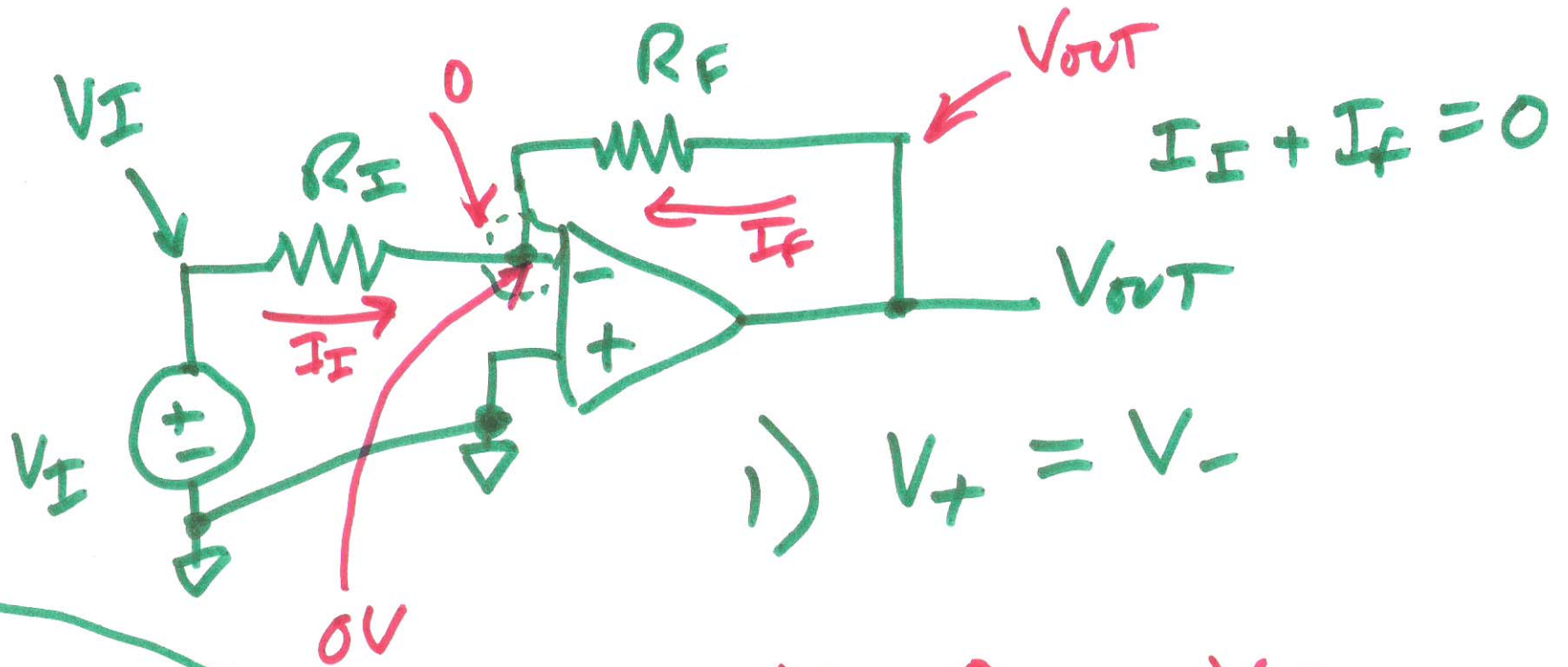
V_{out} finite

$$V_+ \approx V_-$$

$$V_+ - V_- \rightarrow 0$$

2)

Inverting Amplifier



$$1) V_+ = V_-$$

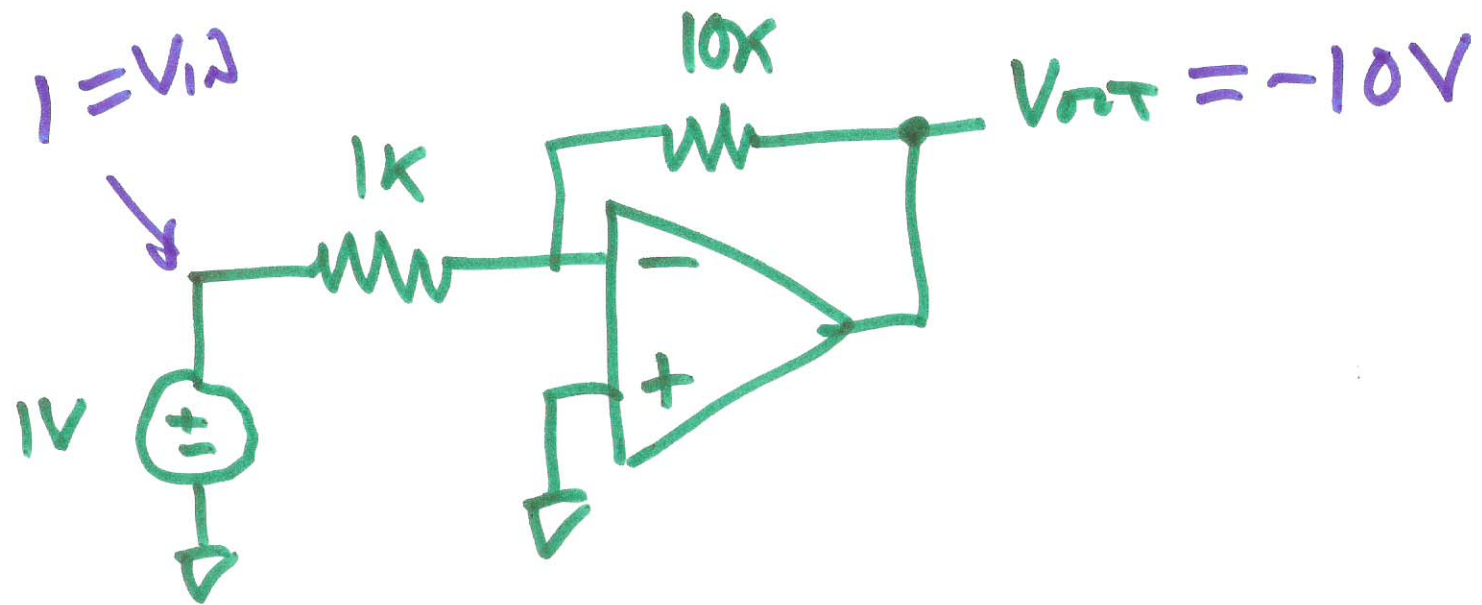
$$\frac{V_I}{R_I} = -\frac{V_{OUT}}{R_F}$$

$$\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_I} = -\frac{R_F}{R_I}$$

$$I_I = \frac{V_I - 0}{R_I} = \frac{V_I}{R_I}$$

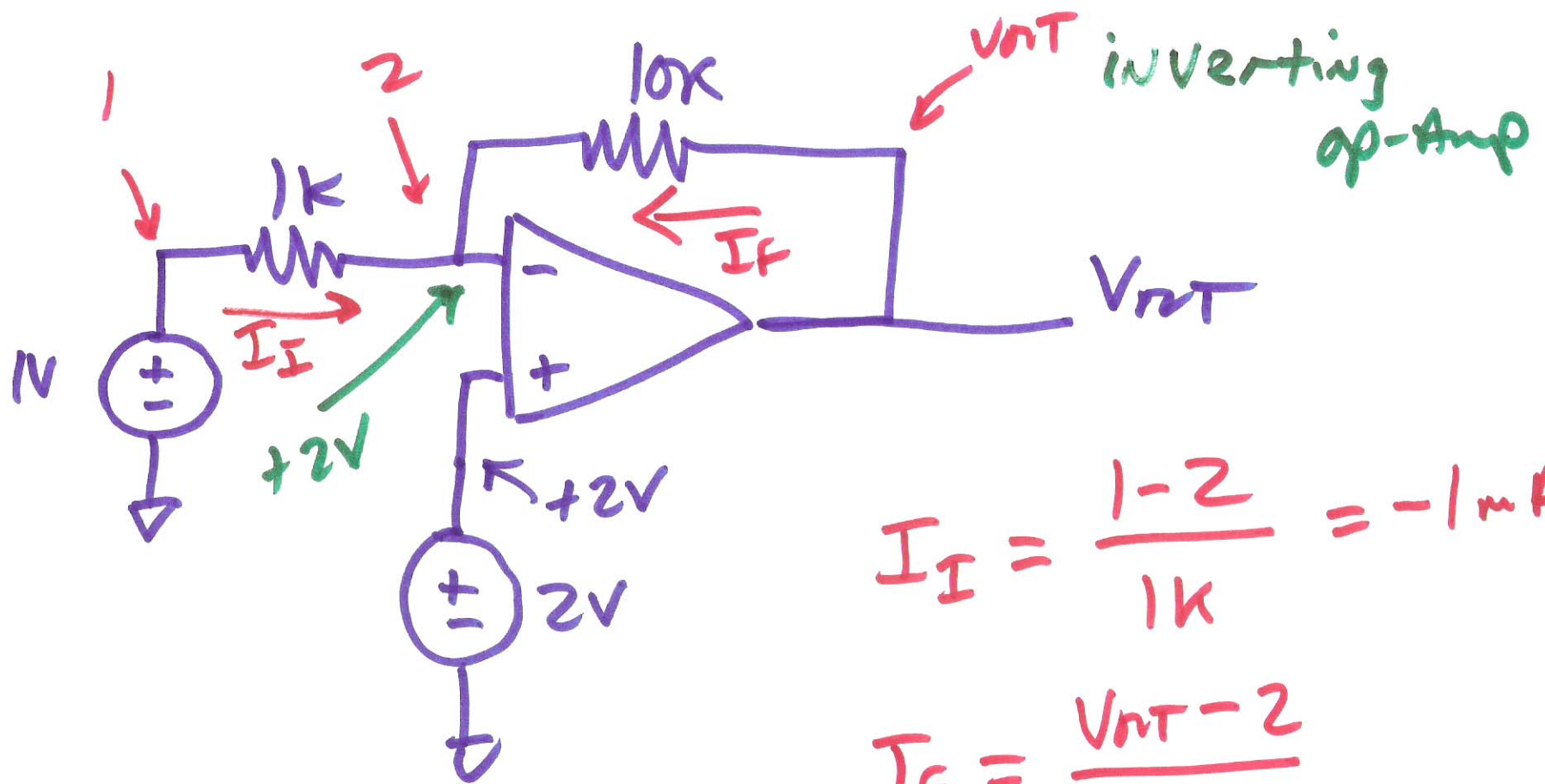
$$I_F = \frac{V_{OUT} - 0}{R_F} = \frac{V_{OUT}}{R_F}$$

$$I_F = -I_I$$



$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{-10k}{1k} = -10$$

4)



$$I_i = \frac{1-2}{1k} = -1mA$$

$$I_f = \frac{V_{out} - 2}{10k}$$

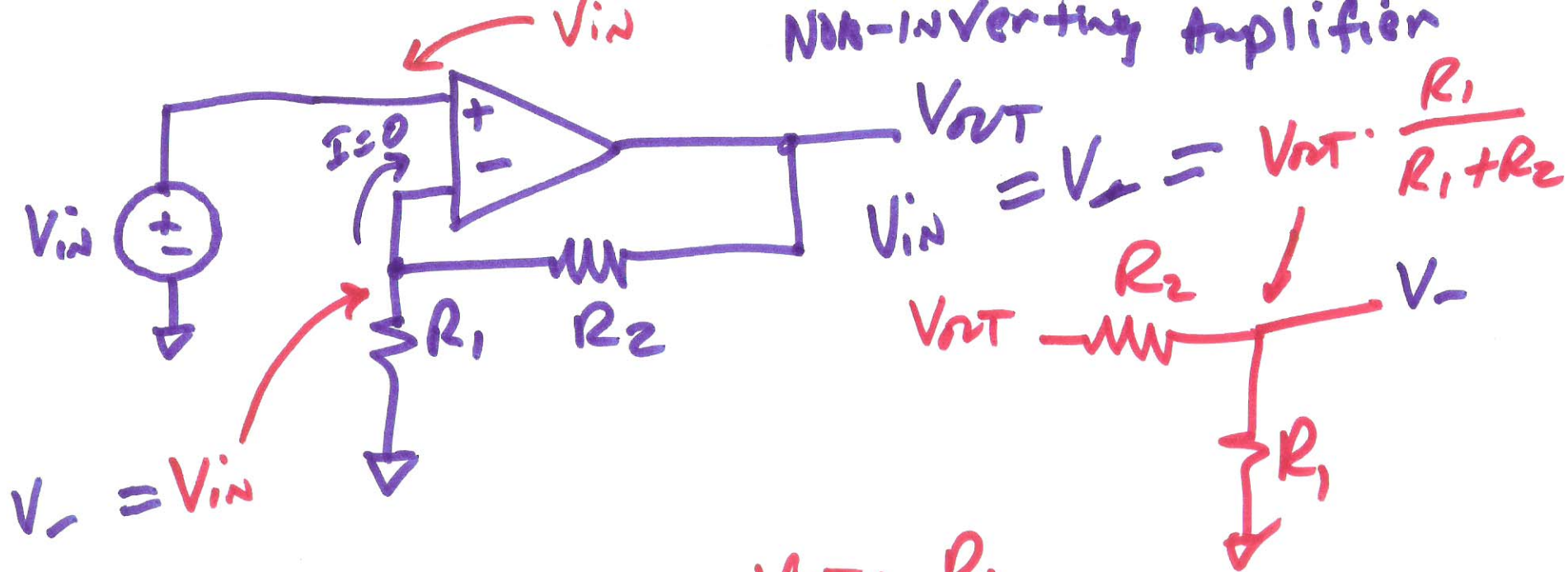
$$I_f = -I_i$$

$$\frac{V_{out} - 2}{10k} = 1mA$$

$$V_{out} - 2 = 10V$$

$$V_{out} = 12$$

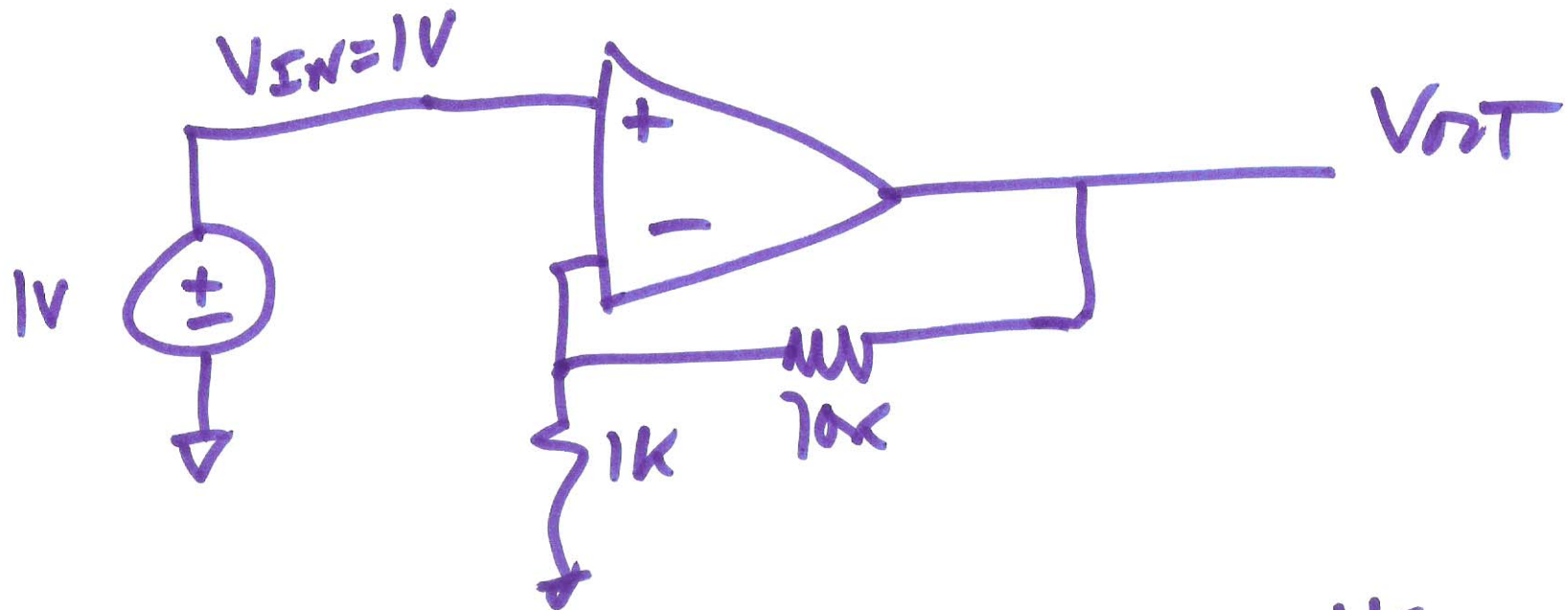
Non-Inverting Amplifier



$$V_{in} = V_{out} \cdot \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2}$$

$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1} = 1 + \frac{R_2}{R_1}$$

6)



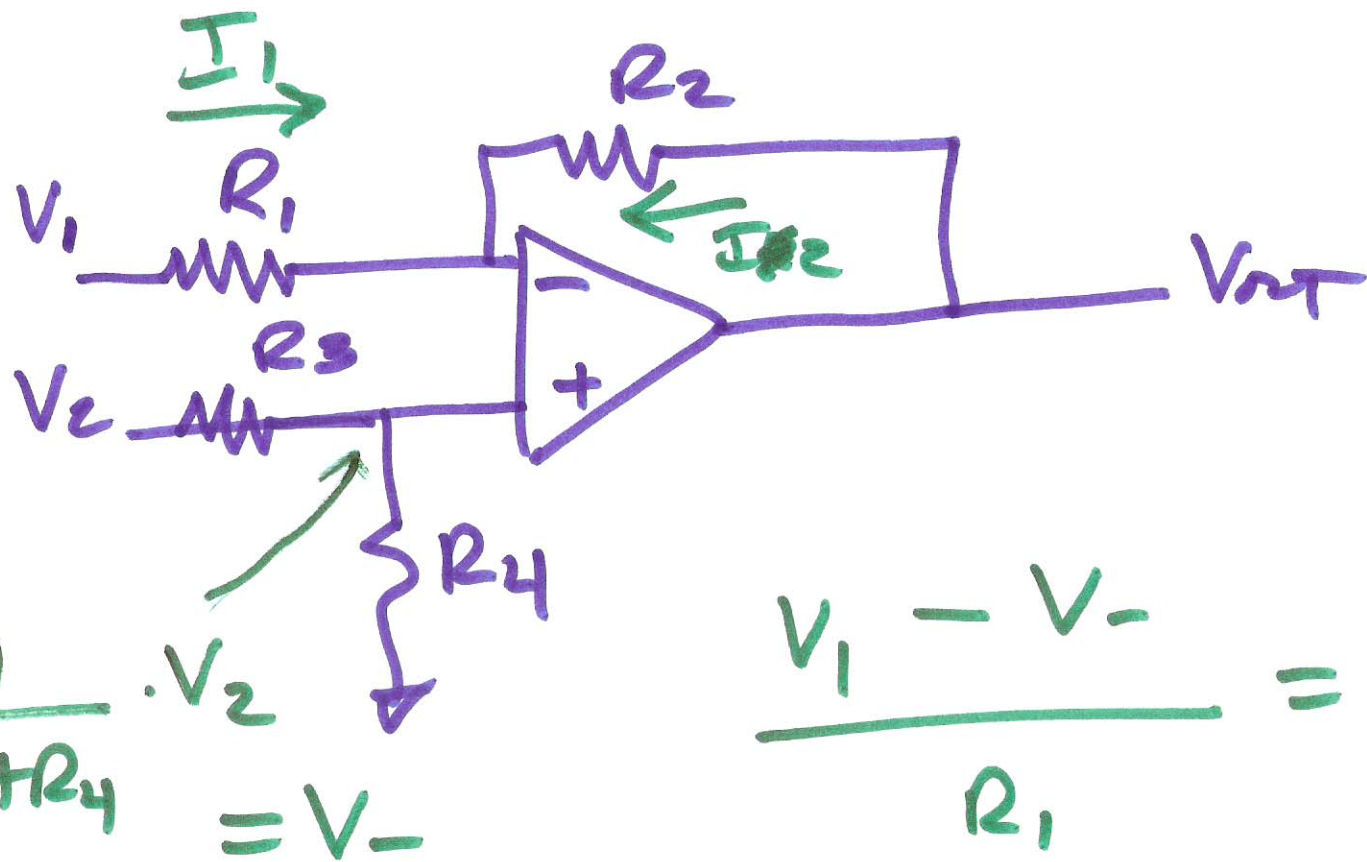
$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{10K + 1K}{1K} = 1 + \frac{10}{1}$$

$$= 11$$

$$V_{in} = 1V$$

$$V_{out} = \underline{\underline{11V}}$$

7)



$$V_+ = \frac{R_4}{R_3 + R_4} \cdot V_2 = V_-$$

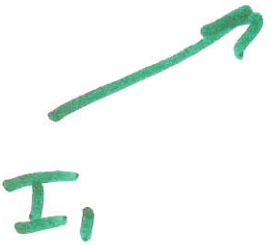
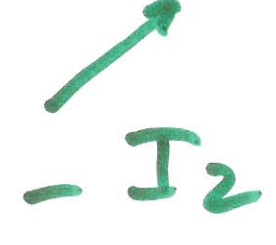
$$\frac{V_1 - V_-}{R_1} = I_1$$

$$I_2 = \frac{V_{out} - V_-}{R_2}$$

$$I_1 = -I_2$$

8)

$$\frac{V_{out} - \frac{R_4}{R_3 + R_4} \cdot V_2}{R_1} = \frac{\frac{R_4}{R_3 + R_4} \cdot V_2 - V_{out}}{R_2}$$

$$R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = R_4 = 1k$$

$$V_1 = 1V$$

$$V_2 = 2V$$

$$V_{out} - \frac{1}{2} V_2 = V_2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} - V_{out}$$

$$0 = 1 - V_{out}$$

$$V_{out} = 1$$

9)